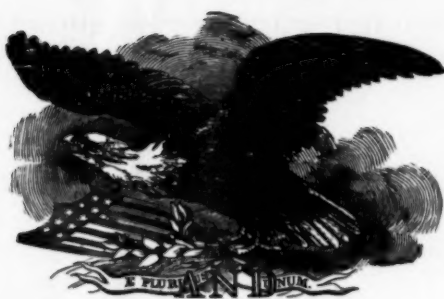


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The Defense Program

SUPPLYING THE ARMY
BY MAJ. GEN. E. B. GREGORY
Quartermaster General, USA

If the 200,000 officers, enlisted men and civilian employees of the Quartermaster Corps could write their recent experiences it might be boiled down somewhat as follows:

Two years ago the U. S. Army had an enlisted strength of 165,000 men. The duties of the Quartermaster Corps in supplying the needs of this small force were comparatively simple. We drew upon World War I stockpiles which were supplemented with modest purchases when necessary. In the last five years before July 1939 the Quartermaster Corps spent less than \$31,000,000 for clothing.

Other supply and expenditures were in the small proportion.

Then war broke out and the United States almost overnight embarked upon the greatest rearmament program in history. General Staff plans called for an Army of 1,418,000 by July 1 of this year. After more than twenty years of peacetime purchases, the entire aspect of Quartermaster procurement underwent sharp accelerations. The urgent need for the immediate training of our new, mushrooming Army posed a tremendous responsibility for Quartermaster procurement, storage and issue of supplies; emergency building of cantonments, many of them during the worst building season of the year, with no time for the normal preliminary investigation of camp sites; the tremendous expansion in the effort to encourage the production and permit the purchase of the enormously increased supplies of food and clothing.

Statistics alone cannot tell the story of the Quartermaster efforts. They can never picture the multitudinous tasks of the individual members of the Corps in procuring the millions of articles necessary for a modern Army. These was no time for lengthy conferences, time alone was irreplaceable and the constant demand was for speed and more speed and accomplishment now. The time factor was paramount. Additional officer and civilian personnel with a professional knowledge of procurement and administration had to be recruited over night. Previous to the emergency there were only 790 regular officers in the Quartermaster Corps. From this number, the Quartermaster Corps pyramided to approximately 6,000.

Right here it is pertinent to point out that the Quartermaster Corps did not receive funds for the purchase of substantial quantities of clothing, motor vehicles, and horses until September and October, 1940. Appropriations for beginning the augmented construction program of camps and storage facilities were received late in September, 1940 and increased materially in September, 1941 and increased materially in September, 1941.

(Please turn to Page 1371)

Army Suspends Annual Physical Examinations

During the present emergency the annual physical examination of officers, warrant officers and nurses of the Regular Army, and the usual physical examination in the event of temporary promotion for all officers in the Army of the United States, except Air Corps officers, have been eliminated, the War Department announced 31 July.

Previously, every officer, warrant officer and nurse of the Regular Army was required to undergo a physical examination each year and upon promotion an officer again received a physical examination. The new policy dispenses with these examinations except in the case of Air Corps officers who will continue to be examined twice each year. Officers of the Regular Army who receive permanent promotion must still receive examinations.

The official War Department announcement stated:

"The physical examinations were eliminated because of the excellent physical condition of all officers at the start of the emergency. Regular Army officers have had their annual physical examination and were found unusually fit. Officers in other components of the Army received rigid physical examinations upon induction into Federal service.

"Under the new plan the Medical Department of the Army will be relieved of a huge administrative burden."

In adopting the new policy the following reason was among those set forth by officers who studied the subject before the changes were made:

"The fitness of a Regular Army officer in this emergency should be determined by his ability to do his work from day to day and he should not be hospitalized or retired except for some physical defect which has rendered his work unsatisfactory. The government has a large investment in each Regular Army officer and should be permitted to capitalize on that investment as long as the emergency exists. The purpose of the annual physical examination is to keep our officers, warrant officers and nurses fit in anticipation of an emergency rather than to determine their fitness during an emergency."

Additional Money Asked

Congress this week was asked by President Roosevelt to appropriate an additional \$90,807,400, to be made available to the Quartermaster Corps this fiscal year "for construction of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances at military posts, to be supplemental to and merged with the appropriation . . . in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified therein, to remain available until expended."

Purpose of the appropriation, coming on the heels of \$81,872,000 asked in the \$8,000,000,000 supplemental estimates just passed by the House, was not stated, but it is believed that it will be for the construction of some of the 14 new Army camps for which sites recently were selected in the event their construction later would become necessary.

New Helmets for Navy

It was learned this week that the Navy Department's Bureau of Ordnance is developing a new type of helmet, said to be a modification of the Army's new field helmet, for use of Navy personnel aboard ship. These new special-type helmets, will include provision for men to wear telephones. The Army helmet does not provide for the use of telephone.

Rear Adm. W. H. P. Blandy, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, in testimony before the House Committee considering the supplemental national defense appropriation for 1942 said that the Navy Department has included in its appropriation estimate \$750,000 for the purchase of 150,000 new helmets.

Navy Fitness Reports

The Navy Department through a circular letter to all ships and stations has advised all senior officers to give careful attention and consideration to the preparation of fitness reports of reserves and retired officers.

The preparation of fitness reports assumes added importance, the Navy Department stresses, due to the passage and probable Presidential approval of H.R. 4473 which authorizes the temporary appointment or advancement of certain personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps.

Careful preparation of such reports will make it much easier for those in authority to determine the qualifications of subject officers for temporary promotion in grade or rank.

Censorship Requested

Coincidental with the Navy Department's request for legislation permitting the inauguration of cable censorship in some naval districts, it has been revealed that an appropriation of \$700,000 for such a purpose has been approved by the House Committee considering the supplemental national defense appropriation bill for 1942. Effective upon the signing of this bill and the passing of the requested legislation, the Navy Department would inaugurate a policy of censoring both incoming and outgoing cables during the unlimited emergency.

Defense of Air Bases

Plans for using aircraft warning systems, parachute alarm devices, and operations in warding off enemy attacks on air fields under U. S. Army control are explained in a new Army Training Circular, the War Department announced this week.

Air base defense, the circular points out, is part of the larger problem of protection for an entire area. Detailed methods for carrying out the policies outlined will be presented later.

Active ground defense against an enemy attacking an air field would bring into action first the ground defense forces, whose sole mission is protection of the air base. Other troops available for coordinated defense in the order of use would be Engineer troops stationed at the air field with the primary mission of maintenance and repair of the base; Chemical Warfare Service decontamination troops; Air Corps troops whose primary mission is operation, maintenance and repair of aircraft, and other reserve troops within supporting distance.

Army Plucking System Ordered Into Operation

Suspension of the class B system and the vesting in the Secretary of War and a board of generals of absolute power to retire or discharge officers of the Regular Army became effective this week when President Roosevelt signed S. J. Res. 88.

Immediately after the measure became law, the War Department initiated action to put it into operation. The Chiefs of Arms and Services were called upon to submit lists of officers whose retention on active duty is not considered helpful to the defense effort.

The board of generals whose action, under the law, is a necessary prelude to their retirement by the Secretary, has not yet been appointed, but it is expected that this step will be taken in a few days. It is planned to make up the board of officers, active and retired, resident in or near Washington so that prompt action may be taken on all cases.

The lists to be made up by the Chiefs of Arms and Services will be placed before the Board of Generals and at the same time the individual officers will be notified that they have been recommended for removal from the active list. Such officers will be given the opportunity to retire voluntarily if they so desire and are eligible. They may apply for retirement either under the 15 to 20 year law, the more than 30-year service law, or physical disability.

If the officers recommend removal desire to protest their right to appear before the board.

The form by which they are notified that they are to be removed from the active list is as follows:

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First Chapels Dedicated

With appropriate ceremonies, participated in by the Chief of Staff and other Army officers, the first of more than 600 chapels being built throughout the country was opened on Sunday, 27 July, at Arlington Cantonment, Va.

The second of these regimental chapels will be opened tomorrow, 3 Aug., at Bolling Field, D. C. Thereafter, each week will see the completion of one or more of the little chapels.

The Arlington Chapel was opened with service by the Army Band, followed by an invocation by Ch. Maurice W. Reynolds, Corps Area Chaplain.

The first speaker was Ch. William R. Arnold, Chief of Chaplains, who, in introducing Maj. Gen. Edmund B. Gregory, Quartermaster General, said: "The opening of this chapel today for divine worship is the first of many similar ceremonies that will take place throughout the Army during the next three months. Eventually there will be over 600 chapels seating about 400 men. Added to the chapels already in use this means that a third of a million of men can congregate every Sunday in comfortable and inspiring surroundings to worship Almighty God. Many thousands will come to these chapels for week-day services and other thousands will come singly and in odd hours for those private devotions which every human heart needs. The opening of these chapels marks the beginning of a complete and effective spiritualization of the spiritual power of our Army."

Later, concluding the ceremony, Chaplain Arnold declared, "It seems significant that we build this house of prayer to the Living God near the monuments of Washington, Jefferson and Lincoln, and nearer still to the monument on yonder hill where lies the entombed body of a nation's but nameless hero."

"It's not names, or bodies, or riches, or talents or honors that make heroes," he continued. "Only God makes them by the immortal soul which he breathes into them."

As the Quartermaster General, said General Gregory, "It is a real pleasure for me to turn over this chapel to the Chief of Staff for the benefit of the Army. The Quartermaster Corps ordinarily devotes itself to caring for the material needs of the soldier. We feed and clothe him, and house and transport him, but no matter how well a man is fed or clothed or housed, he cannot be a soldier unless he has within him a sincere belief in the way of living of the nation which he represents. Nothing will contribute more to that belief than the opportunity for every man to worship as he chooses."

"I do not believe," stated General George C. Marshall, accepting the chapel, "that any army in the history of the world has ever been created with as much care for the moral and spiritual guidance of its soldiers as has this great emergency army of the Western Hemisphere. There is complete religious freedom, along with unusual opportunity for actual participation in religious worship. More than that, the same care has been displayed in the selection of chaplains that we exercise in the selection of troop leaders. ***

"These little chapels, one for each regiment, will make a tremendous return to the good citizenship of this country, a return out of all proportion to their cost in terms of size and number."

"We are determined to have a clean

army, morally and physically, and these chapels are very important contributions to that end."

Following benediction pronounced by Chaplain John B. Duncan, of Arlington Cantonment, General Marshall cut the ribbon before the door of the new chapel and led the way inside to inspect the building.

New Medal Established

An Executive Order recently issued provides that an American Defense Service Medal be established for award to personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard serving during the national emergency.

The text of the order follows:

"By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States, and as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, it is hereby ordered that the American Defense Service Medal, including suitable appurtenances, be established and that the said medal may be awarded, under such regulations as the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, to personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard of the United States serving during the limited emergency proclaimed by me on 8 September 1939 to exist, or during the unlimited emergency proclaimed by me on 27 May 1941.

"Franklin D. Roosevelt."

Discussion on the appropriation for these medals before the House Committee considering the supplemental appropriation bill reveals that 290,000 of these medals have been requested and that they are to cost sixty cents each. The 1943 estimates will call for approximately 242,000 additional National Defense Service Medals, thus making a total well in excess of a half million medals.

Commenting on this appropriation, Representative Taber, New York, said, "It seems ridiculous, handing out a service medal, costing 60 cents for 300,000 quantity." Representative Ditter, Pa., asked Comdr. Charles D. Leffler if the medal he received for service afloat in the World War cost more than sixty cents to which Commander Leffler replied, "I don't know."

The President has also established a Good Conduct Medal to be awarded under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe, to enlisted men of the Army of the United States who hereafter honorably complete three years of active Federal military service, and who are recommended by their commanding officers for exemplary behavior, efficiency and fidelity.

Army Passes Million and a Half

Two milestones have been reached simultaneously by the nation's rapidly expanding Army. Estimates of strength made by the War Department, 31 July, reveal that the total manpower of the armed forces has passed the million and a half mark, while the officer strength reached the 100,000 mark.

The figures also reveal that the entire strength of the Army has more than doubled in the six-month period since 30 January 1941. At that time the strength of all components of the Army was 750,000 officers and enlisted men, while today's figures show that the force has been increased by 756,500 in the half-year period.

The breakdown is as follows:

Officers	
Regular Army	14,900
National Guard	21,900
Reserve Officers	63,200
Total	100,000
Enlisted Men	
Regular Army, 3-year enlistments	479,500
Regular Army, Reserve and 1-year enlistments	17,500
National Guard in Federal Service	261,000
Selective Service Trainees	648,500
Total	1,406,500
Total Combined Strength	
Regular Army	511,900
National Guard	282,900
Reserve Officers	63,200
Selective Service Trainees	648,500
Total	1,506,500

General Hershey Nominated

The President this week nominated, and the Senate confirmed, Brig. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey, Army of the U. S., as

director of the Selective Service System. General Hershey, who has been acting director, will succeed Dr. Clarence Dykstra who has become chairman of the National Mediation Board.

General Hershey, a permanent lieutenant colonel, U. S. Army, has been with the Selective Service System since its organization. He is an acknowledged draft expert and helped to draft plans for selective service which became the basis for the system set up by the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940. At the time of passage of the act, he was considered a likely candidate for the directorship, but it was thought more advisable to name a civilian to the post.

General Hershey will receive \$10,000 per year, in lieu of his Army pay.

Army to Adopt New Carbine

Secretary of War Stimson at his press conference this week announced that the Army is preparing to give exhaustive tests of models of two carbines, one of which will ultimately be adopted to replace virtually all .45 caliber service pistols now in use. Secretary Stimson said that formal adoption of the carbine will be "the most significant step in the change of weapons in the Army that has taken place."

Intended as a weapon for men whose duties make it impracticable to carry the regular and heavier rifle, the carbine will increase the number of rifles in an Infantry regiment by almost 50 percent. All Infantry officers below the rank of major, all non-commissioned officers and a large majority of enlisted men now armed with pistol will be equipped with this newest arm. It will also find an important place in the Cavalry, the Artillery, the Engineers, the Armored Force, the parachute troops and other branches.

Engineering tests of seven models—six of them made by commercial manufacturers and one by the Ordnance Department of the Army—have already been completed. Five models have been eliminated. Two others were deemed to have met specifications. One of them, produced by the Ordnance Department, may be described as "the little brother of the Garand" (M1) rifle, for it is an adaptation of the Army's newest, fast-firing service rifle. The other sample was submitted by a commercial concern. They will receive their service tests in August at the Aberdeen Proving Ground, Aberdeen, Md., under the direction of the Chief of Infantry.

Men from the Infantry School, at Ft. Benning, Ga., will carry out the tests. Veteran infantrymen as well as recruits will handle the sample rifles under all field conditions. The weapons will be subjected to all the abuses of weather and rough handling. Only elementary cleaning equipment will be allowed the men for keeping the carbines in good firing order. Other models may be considered before a standard type is accepted.

The carbine will be eight inches shorter than the Garand or the Springfield and it will be about four pounds lighter. Characteristics, which may be modified by the time a final type is chosen, and comparisons are as follows:

Caliber—.30 caliber, with a 110-grain bullet that is similar to a .38 caliber pistol bullet but has a great deal more striking power. This ammunition is not interchangeable with that of the Garand or the Springfield.

Weight—About 5 pounds, including magazine and sling. The Garand weighs slightly more than 9 pounds, including magazine and sling. The Springfield is slightly under 9 pounds, including sling.

Range—Effective ranges up to 300 yards.

Sights—Aperture type, set for 100 and 300 yards. (No intermediate adjustments necessary.)

Type—Shoulder weapon, semi-automatic. Both types that will be tested are gas-operated on the same principle as the Garand but they differ from the regular service rifle in certain other functional respects.

Feed—Clips of two sizes, one holding ten cartridges and one holding twenty cartridges, may be used.

Length—Over-all length, 36 inches; barrel, 18 inches. The Garand and the Springfield have an over-all length of 43 inches, and their barrels are 23 inches long.

Method of Carrying—The rifle, equipped with a sling like that on the regular service

rifle, will always be carried slung until ready for use.

As now constituted, an infantry regiment has 2,000 men armed with the service rifle and 1,181 with the pistol. In the future such a regiment would rearm 944 additional men with the carbine, making a total of 3,043 rifles, (M1) and light; and reducing the number of pistols to 237.

In the Infantry alone, approximately 175,000 men—ammunition carriers, machine gunners, mortar men, administrative and communications personnel, officers and non-commissioned officers will get the carbine instead of the pistol. Proportionate numbers in the other branches will also be equipped with it.

As one veteran infantry officer commented in discussing the proposed new weapon, "This is a dream come true." For years it had been felt that the crews of supporting infantry weapons and others armed with the pistol should have a more effective weapon for protection. This need was deemed to be so important it outweighed the fact that a new type of ammunition would have to be carried. The pistol has an effective range of only 50 yards. A man armed with it would be at a great disadvantage against an enemy rifleman 100 yards away.

The new weapon is expected to be a high morale factor. Men who carry them will feel a greater sense of security, and leaders can instill more confidence in their men for, in a crisis or when casualties are considerable, they could join in the fire fight. Furthermore, a troop leader carrying a rifle is less conspicuous than one with a pistol and consequently less likely to invite the attention of snipers.

More than 600 of the 944 light rifles that will be added to the infantry regiment will go into the forward area, greatly increasing the fighting potentiality of the units there. In the Heavy Weapons Company, for instance, (the old machine gun company) all the officers and men are equipped with the service pistol for personal defense.

Now it is planned to equip 6 out of the 8 men in each machine gun squad with the carbine. The gunner and the assistant gunner, who must carry the machine gun and its heavy tripod, alone will have pistols. In this way the squad may continue functioning as a fighting unit even if its gun is knocked out.

Another important feature of this plan is that the machine gun could continue firing at its target, preserving the unit's prescribed fire power, while the other members of the crew deal with any incidental attack. Any machine gun taken off its assigned mission merely to defend the gun position and its crew upsets carefully formulated fire plans and serious consequences may result.

The new rifle will change the defense picture in rear areas, where the pistol is more prevalent than the rifle at present. There administrative and supply troops might find themselves suddenly attacked by swiftly penetrating ground forces, air-borne troops and low-flying airplanes. Pistols alone would be of little use except in hand-to-hand combat. By arming approximately 300 of the men in a regimental rear area with the carbine instead of the pistol, a sizable proportion of the security troops may be released for service in the line.

The Journal Salutes

This week the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL salutes:

Col. Maxon S. Lough, USA, on assuming duty as executive officer of the Office of the Chief of Infantry.

Capt. Charles M. Yates, USN, who at the request of the War Department has been assigned to the Army General Headquarters, Army War College.

Col. Charles E. Loucks, USA, on assuming duty as executive officer of Office of the Chief of Chemical Warfare Service.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Parachute troops in Panama?

Retired Navy officers polled?

New planning board set up in Army General Staff?

Six additional Marine defense battalions asked?

Coast Guard omnibus and pension bills signed?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this information from any other source.



THE UNITED STATES ARMY



Combat Intelligence

Discussing combat intelligence training, a War Department circular this week stated:

"1. Communications received in the War Department indicate a lack of appreciation throughout the Army as to the proper extent and scope of training in combat military intelligence matters. In addition, frequent requests have been received for increases in intelligence personnel, particularly from the lower echelons.

"2. Operations abroad have indicated that success in combat intelligence in modern, rapidly moving warfare is not to be accomplished by large, highly specialized intelligence staffs in the lower units. In fact, recent trends have indicated that increased tempo of operations has necessitated smaller but more highly trained staffs. This trend has been recognized in Tables of Organization wherein smaller staffs are the rule. The decrease in intelligence personnel prescribed by recent Tables of Organization must be compensated for by proper intelligence training of all personnel. It is essential that all military personnel be familiar with the necessity of securing military information (military intelligence) and be indoctrinated in the importance of transmitting and disseminating information to higher and lower headquarters and to adjacent units.

"3. No increases in assignment of intelligence personnel, particularly in the lower echelons, are contemplated until the need for such personnel is clearly demonstrated by maneuvers or actual operations. Guided by the foregoing considerations it is desired that all commanders review the state of intelligence training in their commands and insure that a basic knowledge is given to all personnel."

Gen. Fredendall Reviews 4th Div.

Ft. Benning, Ga.—Maj. Gen. Lloyd R. Fredendall, soon to take command of the Second Army Corps, reviewed his maneuver-bound 4th Division troops for the last time here 28 July.

General Fredendall will leave the motorized division 10 Aug. to assume his new command, which has headquarters in Wilmington, Del. The Rolling Fourth will leave Ft. Benning this week for Louisiana for a month of maneuvers with other Third Army units.

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Commissions in Army of U. S.

Legislation recently passed by the House providing for temporary commissions in the Army of the United States during the present emergency was reported this week, without amendment, to the Senate by its Military Affairs Committee.

The resolution, H. J. Res. 199, provides that appointments may be made without appointing the persons concerned in any particular component of the Army of the United States. Officers so appointed would have rights and pay of Reserve officers.

"It appears," Senator Thomas of Utah, said in the report, "that this authority will materially assist the War Department in the matter of carrying out its program regarding commissioning the graduates of the officer candidate schools organized and conducted for the development and benefit of outstanding young men of the Nation who are now or may hereafter be inducted into active federal service under the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940."

Senator Thomas continued:

"It also appears that this authority is necessary to enable the War Department to carry out sound personnel policies which dictate that the officer personnel of the Regular Army, the National Guard, and the Officers' Reserve Corps be considered at all times as separate continuing bodies of officers; that each be maintained at a permanent strength limited to the Army's needs and normal capacity to adequately train during normal times of peace; that during a time of war or national emergency the officers of these separate groups be merged into one group comprising the Officers' Corps of the Army of the United States; that this corps be then reinforced by the temporary appointment of certain specialists whose service, though highly desired in connection with particular projects during a time of war or emergency do not possess the military knowledge and general qualifications which would justify their retention in a component of the Army of the United States after the emergency has terminated, and that this composite group also be expanded by the temporary appointment of officers in the Army of the United States so as to provide the great number of officers necessary for an expanded Army without overextending the normally organized Officer Corps of the Regular Army, the National Guard, or the Officers' Reserve Corps.

"Your committee believe that the situation confronting the Nation today is such as to demand the organization and the expansion of our armed forces to the same extent as would be necessary if the Nation were at war, and that every reasonable aid to assist those responsible for this organization and expansions should be provided by Congress. The committee also believe that, during the present abnormal times, every possible precaution should be taken to avoid overexpansion of the officer personnel in the permanent organization of the Regular Army, the National Guard, and the Officers' Reserve Corps and thus avoid a wholesale elimination of officers from these groups after the emergency is terminated."

New Camp Dedicated

"The greatness of this nation is in its spiritual depth and unity," said Brig. Gen. James A. Ulio, Chief of the Morale Branch, at dedication exercises held on 26 July for the new recreation camp at Arlington, Va.

Sixteen of these camps, designed to give the soldier a chance to get away from his work schedule on occasional week-ends, are now in operation, with an additional sixteen already authorized. Brigadier General Ulio pointed out. At the camps there is no reveille, no duty call, and no formation. The soldier is given complete freedom to enjoy the recreational facilities of the camp and its environs.

Pass Sgt. York Bill

The Senate this week passed a bill, S. 1770, making Alvin C. York, formerly a sergeant in the Army, a colonel on the retired list. The bill was introduced by Senator McKellar, of Tenn., who stated that the legislation was not motivated by the new motion picture, but was twice before passed by the Senate though it failed of enactment.

Rank for Engineer Officer

A Senate amendment to H. R. 4911, authorizing the construction of public works on rivers and harbors for flood control and other purposes, which was passed by that body on 28 July, will give rank of major general on the retired list to the engineer officers who serve as president of the Mississippi River Commission.

The legislation now returns to the House for consideration of this and other Senate amendments.

Supporting the amendment, Senator Overton, of La., told the Senate, "When the president of the Mississippi River Commission is appointed, regardless of his rank, he ipso facto, under an act of Congress, becomes a brigadier general. . . . This suggested amendment provides that any officer of the Corps of Engineers who has served for four years as president of the Mississippi River Commission shall, upon retirement, retire with the same pay and rank and allowances as a major general."

Continuing, he said, "I consider General Harley B. Ferguson to be one of the greatest engineers this country has ever produced. I look upon him as an engineering genius. General Ferguson was president of the Mississippi River Commission for a period of four years, and did some bold pioneering work contrary to the recommendations of other engineers. He did not follow the beaten path. The results were magnificent. General Ferguson has retired with the rank of colonel. In considering this amendment the subcommittee was very much moved to its favorable recommendation by reason of the record made by General Ferguson, now retired.

"In addition, I think that after anyone has occupied for a period of four years as important a post as that of president of the Mississippi River Commission—I do not care whether he is elevated to that rank from a lieutenant—with the rank of brigadier general, when he is retired he should be retired with the rank of major general."

The amendment provides:

"Any officer of the Corps of Engineers who has served or shall serve four years as President of the Mississippi River Commission and who has been or shall subsequently be retired, shall, from the date of such retirement, receive the rank, pay and allowances of a retired major general."

Army Nominations Confirmed

Transfers
To Adjutant General's Department—Lt. Col. George Allan Miller.
To Quartermaster Corps—Maj. Joseph Albert Sullivan, 1st Lt. Victor Edward Maston, 2nd Lt. Robert Harold Rosen.
To Finance Department—Lt. Col. Frank M. Moore.
To Ordnance Department—1st Lt. Jefferson Davis Childs.
To Infantry—2nd Lt. Roy George Hendrickson.

Promotions in the Regular Army
To be lieutenant colonels—Dale Clarence Hall, Ordnance Department; John Martin Clark, Air Corps, subject to the examination required by law; John James Downing, Signal Corps, subject to the examination required by law; Rowland Charles William Blessley, Air Corps; Arthur Thomas, Air Corps; Edward Albert Kimball, Infantry.
To be captains—Doss Owen Lynn, Medical Corps; Hallman Earl Sanders, Medical Corps. Chaplains, to be captains, United States Army—Emil William Geltner, subject to the examination required by law; John Allen DeVeaux.

Army Warrant Officer Bill

The Senate this week refused to accept House amendments to the bill, S. 162, increasing the number of warrant officers in the Regular Army and providing for appointment of chief warrant officers and of temporary warrant officers and chief warrant officers, and demanded a conference on the measure.

Senator Reynolds, of N. C., chairman of the Military Affairs Committee, and Senators Thomas, of Utah, Hill, Bridges, Gurney and Lodge were designated to confer with representatives from the House to iron out differences between the

measure as passed by the House and the Senate.

Principal differences between the two versions, are reported in the 19 July issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, and the House requirement that a man must have a year's service to be eligible for appointment as warrant officer. Slightly different bases for determining the total number of warrant officers have been set up by the two Houses.

National Guard Air Officers

The rapid growth of the Army Air Corps, the War Department announced this week, has made it necessary to assign National Guard Pilots to newly formed Regular Army Units in order to utilize their experience in balancing organizations comprised mostly of young pilots just out of flying schools.

Only Pilots, Engineering Officers, and Supply Officers are being transferred, it was announced, and in order to maintain National Guard Air Corps Units at the prescribed minimum of 15 pilots, officers being reassigned must first be replaced by graduates of Training Center Air Schools. Regulations also call for at least two experienced pilots in each of the Observation Squadrons comprising a National Guard.

The Air Corps of the Regular Army is drawing upon approximately 400 pilots in the National Guard.

Officers transferred under this authority will have a chance for promotion professionally and physically qualified. They may be recommended for temporary promotion to higher grade, based on length of commissioned service and the duty to which assigned. However, no officer will be initially promoted more than one grade except under very exceptional circumstances.

Per Diem Allowances

The following per diem allowances have been authorized for officers of the Regular Army, and Reserve officers ordered to active duty for periods in excess of fifteen days, on duty in connection with encampments of the Organized Reserves are prescribed for the fiscal year 1942:

"While traveling to and from camps, not to exceed \$6.00 per day.
"While on duty at camps, \$2.00 per day."



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Army Maneuvers

As Army units which will participate in the forthcoming August maneuvers—the biggest and most comprehensive maneuvers thus far held—were busily engaged in preparation efforts, Secretary of War Stimson revealed this week that air power will be employed in such strength that all participating troops will have what he termed "real practice" comparable to war as now fought by foreign armies. Secretary Stimson said that 100 planes, including dive-bombing, and other forms of air support, and 10,000 men will participate in providing ground troops with the largest-scale aerial supports ever had in peace-time training operations.

Secretary Stimson said that past maneuvers, particularly the Tennessee maneuvers recently completed, "were not—as far as they went." However, he said that those maneuvers to him were comparable to Hamlet without the chief character. He added that in all past maneuvers there were "not enough planes for practice or any show," and indicated that the forthcoming August maneuvers will provide suitable practice.

Dive bombers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps will swoop down over the maneuvers in simulated warfare that will be realistic to an unprecedented degree. All of the light and medium bombers, fighters and observation planes will carry out combat missions in cooperation with more than 500,000 troops in various maneuver areas.

Participation of the air units is expected to provide valuable experience in ground cooperation, which was the basis for the formation of the five Air Support Commands announced this week. Furthermore, troops will learn not only how their own planes support their operations but they will also get practical training in defending themselves against high-flying enemy airplanes. The extent of defensive training for a majority of the troops has been to fire at simulated, pulley-drawn air targets in training camps.

Units on the East Coast are now moving toward the maneuver area. On 26 July, vehicles began rolling out of Ft. Benning, Ga., for the 565 mile motor march to the Third Army maneuvers in Louisiana.

The Fourth Motorized Division, commanded by Maj. Gen. Lloyd R. Fredendall, will move in six serials, one a day, thus causing a minimum of interference with civilian traffic.

Troops, numbering more than a quarter of a million men, will take part in the maneuvers and are moving to concentration areas by every available land means—motor convoy, rail, plane and foot—the foot troops moving mainly by alternate motor shuttling and marching. In order that the maneuvers would be held in a wide area, the United States Government was faced with the problem of negotiating the largest real estate deal in its modern history. This it has successfully done through a simple appeal to the patriotism of its citizens.

Private landowners have lent the Government 20,000,000 acres—some 30,000 square miles—of land in east Texas and Louisiana for the maneuvers this month and also those to be held in September when the Third Army and the Second Army engage in battle. Half a million men are expected to participate in the fall maneuvers.

The method of acquiring the land was simple and direct. Rental boards were set up by the Army to secure trespass rights, and with minor exceptions a letter to an individual landowner sufficed. In some cases, a personal call was made by rental board officials to the landowner.

No leases were made for the land, and no rentals are to be paid. The boards will remain in existence, however, beyond the maneuver period to investigate and settle claims for property damage that may arise during the extensive maneuvers.

It is pointed out that the area to be used is the size of Denmark, the Netherlands, and Luxembourg combined. The air elements to participate in the maneuvers between the Second and Third Armies, involving about 500,000 men, to

be held in the Beauregard, La., area, from 1 to 30 September; and in the First Army maneuvers to be held in the Carolinas area from 3 to 30 November are:

Four Pursuit Groups; two Medium Bombardment Groups; two Reconnaissance Squadrons (Medium); two Light Bombardment Groups (including probably two squadrons of A24 Army dive bomber squadrons); two Dive Bomber Squadrons of the Navy; to be attached to units of the Air Force Combat Command; Appropriate service units; Necessary Air Base Groups; A Provisional Task Force, composed of elements of the First and Second Air Forces; Elements of the Interceptor Command of the Third Air Force.

More than 550 tactical planes and more than 300 observation planes will be employed. The remainder will consist of miscellaneous craft, such as staff, transport and hospital planes. The Army expects to have about 25 dive bombers in the maneuvers. The strength and designations of Navy units will not be disclosed.

Following is a list of eight air fields at which aircraft will be based for the maneuvers.

Barksdale, La.; Ellington, Tex.; Lake Charles, La.; Beaumont, Tex.; New Orleans, La.; Natchitoches, La.; Jackson, Miss.; Monroe, La.

Because the maneuvers will be of the "free" type—meaning that they will not follow a predetermined plan—the assignment of the tactical air units will not be revealed. A flexible plan of operation will be followed, however, to permit reassignment whenever they are necessary in the interest of training.

The following is a list of the participating combat units of The Army Air Forces:

17th Bombardment Gp. (Med.), McChord Fld., Wash., and associated reconnaissance units; 22d Bombardment Gp. (Med.), Langley Fld., Va., and associated reconnaissance units; 3d Bombardment Gp. (Lt.), Savannah, Ga.; 27th Bombardment Gp. (Lt.), Savannah, Ga.; 89th Reconnaissance Squadron (Med.), Pendleton, Ore.; 18th Reconnaissance Sqdn. (Med.), Langley Fld., Va.; 8th Pursuit Gp., Mitchell Fld., N. Y.; 20th Pursuit Gp., Hamilton Fld., Calif.; 31st Pursuit Gp., Selfridge Fld., Mich.; Task forces, from the First Air Force with Headquarters located at Windsor Lakes, Conn.; and Second Air Force, with Headquarters located at Ft. George Wright, Wash.; Interceptor elements of the Third Air Force, whose headquarters is located at Tampa, Fla.

In the Second Army the attached observation squadrons that will participate are: 12th, 16th, 108th, 102nd, 110th, and 1st Observation Sqdns.

The Third Army Observation Sqdns. are: 111th, 97th, 106th, 118th, 107th, 109th, 153rd, 154th, 113th, 120th, and 22nd.

The First Army Observation Sqdns. are 119th, 12th, 16th, 112th, 105th, 103rd, 104th, 152nd, and 101st.

Navy Enlistments

The Senate bill, S. 353, providing for extension of enlistments in the Navy was reported this week by the House Naval Affairs Committee, with several important amendments, one of which would extend application of the bill to the Marine Corps. The committee has sought authority to bring the bill up on the floor immediately.

A new section 2 has been added to the bill doubling the enlistment allowance payable to men of the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard who reenlist within 24 hours. Since present allowance is \$50 for men of the first three pay grades, and \$25 for men of the other four pay grades, for each year served in the previous enlistment, effect of the amendment will be to increase the reenlistment bounty from a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$200 for four-year men, to a minimum of \$200 and a maximum of \$400. For men completing six-year enlistments, allowances of \$300 to \$600 would be paid for immediate reenlistment.

Another section added suspends during the duration of the emergency the Re-

vised Statute which provides pay and a quarter for men detained outside of the United States at expiration of their term of enlistment until they shall have arrived at a United States port for discharge.

The original bill, as passed by the Senate, provided that all Navy enlistments hereafter entered into may be extended to such time as may be necessary, in time of war or national emergency declared by the President. The House amplified this to include the Marine Corps.

Army Procures 13 Autogiros

In an effort to solve the problem of a "flying observation post" to observe artillery fire, lines and progress of attack, and disposition of troops, the Army is procuring thirteen autogiros of new design to organize a test squadron for further experimentation, the War Department announced 31 July. As soon as the squadron is formed, the Field Artillery, in cooperation with other interested ground forces—Infantry, Cavalry, and the Armored Force—will test the new planes in maneuvers.

The new plane has a pusher propeller and officers who have seen the engineering mock-up of the cockpit find it to be of revolutionary design, from an observer's viewpoint. These autogiros will have the jump take-off feature and practically vertical descent in landing.

Position of the propeller and unusual design afford practically one hundred per cent visibility and great accessibility of equipment.

Maj. Gen. R. M. Danford, Chief of Field Artillery, and Maj. R. E. Chandler, of the materiel section of the Office, Chief of Field Artillery, inspected the new autogiro at the plant at Willow Grove, Pa. Upon request from the Chief of Field Artillery, the Air Corps is ordering the test squadron of autogiros.

An autogiro of this type was demonstrated as a "flying O. P." in test at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, in April, 1941.

Once in the air the ship would be a

highly-elevated observation post. Communication would be handled by two-way radio or by landing for consultation.

The autogiros would be employed in low-flying missions over territory in the hands of friendly troops. Enemy fighting ships cruising at low speed would run head-on into ground fire, or be attacked by our own fighters.

Flights will of short duration, for the most part. The autogiro will take-off, observe an adjustment, and land again. Enemy aircraft will have to be in the immediate vicinity to catch the autogiros.

Colored Troops at Camp Davis

The recreational program for Colored troops at Camp Davis, N. C., will be widened upon the arrival there of a hostess and librarian, the War Department announced this week.

Citizens of Wilmington, N. C., the closest city to the camp, are cooperating with camp authorities to provide adequate recreational facilities for Colored troops.

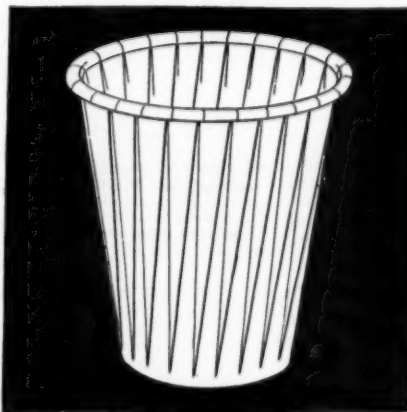
Colored troops at Camp Davis are assigned to the 54th, 99th, and 100th Regiments and to a Station Complement Detachment.

A particular check on the activities of troops was made during the holiday period, 3 July to 7 July. There was not a single case of disorderly conduct upon the part of any soldier, either at the camp, in Wilmington or at Sea Breeze, a Colored resort, according to a report made by Brig. Gen. J. B. Crawford, camp commander.

Ship Rental Allowances

Enactment of legislation providing rental allowances for officers without dependents on sea duty when they are deprived of their quarters aboard ship due to overhaul or other causes was urged this week by the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, which reported S. 1587, with an amendment which would include Coast Guard officers as well as officers of the Navy and Marine Corps.

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Navy Plant Protection Bill

Three recent acts of sabotage were cited by the Navy Department in support of enactment of legislation which would set up a plant-protection force in naval facilities.

The cases of sabotage were cited on the floor of the Senate which after a bitter debate passed the bill, H. R. 4671, on 22 July, as reported in the 26 July issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

Senator Walsh, of Mass., chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, told the Senate that the commandant of the 5th Naval District believes that the fire in March which caused \$150,000 in damage to the communications center "was deliberately set and was an act of sabotage." The Navy also said, according to Senator Walsh, that "in February 1941 deliberate efforts were made to sabotage trains leaving the Naval Powder Factory at Indianhead, Md. By accident, an empty train returning to the establishment was almost derailed, thereby revealing the loosened rails along the trunk line."

The Navy also stated that it believed a \$2,000,000 fire beginning in a lumber yard near the shipyards in Philadelphia in May was an act of sabotage.

Principal opponents of the bill in the Senate were Senators Norris, of Nebr., and Maloney, of Conn., who expressed the fears that the bill would give the Secretary of the Navy a private army. The bill finally passed with several Senate amendments by a 41-14 vote.

The bill provides for a plant protection force to continue until 30 June 1943, unless Congress sooner by concurrent resolution terminates it. "The duty of this force," says the bill, "shall be to investigate any existing or threatened espionage or sabotage or subversive or other activities contrary to the interests of the United States. The force will be under the general supervision of the Director of the Office of Naval Intelligence under rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy."

The bill, as sent to the Senate, merely said, "The duties of this force shall be as prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy."

Another act of the Senate was to cut the authorized appropriation for the force from \$3,000,000 to \$1,000,000.

Knox Asks Production Increase

The Navy Department announced this week that Secretary of the Navy, Knox has issued a letter to commandants of all Naval Districts and commanding officers of all Navy Yards and Naval Stations directing that all possible steps be taken to obtain maximum output in cases where improvement may be possible. The Secretary in his letter pointed out that "in general, the output of yards and stations including shipbuilding, ship repair and conversion, ordnance work, aeronautical work, has been progressing at an increasingly rapid rate; and ship work, particularly, is being completed ahead of authorized completion dates."

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Sec. Knox's Testimony

The Navy to date "has confined itself to what is properly within its functions," Senator Walsh, of Mass., chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, told the Senate on 29 July, submitting a report on the results of a conference between his committee and Secretary of the Navy Knox and Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations.

The conference was held as the result of a resolution by Senator Wheeler, of Mont., quoting press reports that the Navy was conveying or escorting and had engaged in fights with German vessels.

Said Senator Walsh:

"The committee called before it the only naval officers who could give information on the subject matter—Secretary Knox and Admiral Stark, Chief of Naval Operations. After hearing their testimony, the committee decided to report, in the nature of a preliminary report, the questions and answers that related to the subject matter of the resolution. The report set forth the questions asked by the members of the committee and the answers—not all of them, but such as pertain to the resolution and such as do not disclose military secrets. The Navy Department was requested to examine the report before it was finally acted upon by the committee, and was asked to delete—properly—such questions and answers as were of a military-secret nature."

"The conclusion reached by the committee is that no further investigation is necessary, and that recommending a more complete investigation would result in going over the same matter. Because, after all, there is no one who can answer the questions as to the accuracy of the statements and allegations made but the naval officers who were interrogated."

Pertinent parts of the transcripts of the conference follow:

The Chairman. Secretary Knox, the first paragraph of the first "whereas" in Senate Resolution 138, which the committee has under consideration, reads as follows:

"Whereas on 2 June 1941, Joseph W. Alsop was sworn in as a Naval Reserve officer by the Secretary of the Navy, Frank Knox; and

"Whereas the said Alsop, as coauthor of a syndicated newspaper column, on 9 June 1941, 1 week after he had taken the oath as a Naval Reserve officer, stated in that column:

"In one case, rather more than a month ago, an encounter between German and American warcraft at sea very nearly terminated in an attack by the Germans. In another, slightly more recent, an attack on what was believed to be a German submarine was actually made by an American destroyer."

The committee will be pleased to have your comments on this statement.

Secretary Knox. We haven't any knowledge whatever of any such incident. In fact, we are supremely confident it never occurred. I think it is a pure fabrication out of whole cloth. Not any officer of ours—and the Chief of Naval Operations will support me in this—had ever heard of such an incident, and certainly the officer commanding the American ships involved would have been in duty bound to report.

The Chairman. The second paragraph of this first "whereas" reads as follows:

"No details of the first episode are available, but the basic facts of the second are known. The destroyer, the name of which cannot be ascertained, was picking up survivors from a British vessel sunk not far from the coast of Greenland. While the operation was in progress the destroyer's detecting device announced the approach of a submarine. The submarine could only have been German. It was virtually certain to use its torpedoes, as semidarkness concealed the nationality of the American ship. And the commander of the destroyer accordingly dropped three depth charges."

"Thus, although the President is waiting for the Germans to shoot first, the truth is that there has been shooting already."

Secretary Knox. Now, here are the facts: One United States destroyer operating off Greenland heard the SOS of a steamer and proceeded to the location and picked up 60 of the survivors of the steamer. While engaged in this act of mercy, the operator of the listening equipment reported to the captain that he thought he heard a submerged submarine. The captain immediately turned toward the direction indicated and dropped three depth charges. In doing this, he very prudently exercised the right of self-preservation, for had there been a submarine there, his destroyer might have been sunk. There was no other evidence that a submarine was there and it is quite possible no submarine was there. The listening equipment echo might have been received from a whale or a large fish, or a cold current, instead of a

submarine—something which is frequently experienced.

Now, none of them knew whether there was a sub there or not, but the man in command did what any man would do who was on the verge of an attack by a submarine. He would do it in self-defense. . . .

Senator Tydings. Mr. Secretary, if I may ask you 2 or 3 questions. It may be somewhat superfluous, but I would like to put it out in the clear. There was no incident where 1 or more airplane carriers convoyed 80 or a lesser amount of British merchantmen across the ocean?

Secretary Knox. Never.

Senator Tydings. There was no case where a battle took place at sea which we inspired or that we stood by and listened to?

Secretary Knox. Nothing of that kind whatever. We do not know a single thing about it, and we would know about it if it ever happened.

Admiral Stark. We never heard of it. . . .

Admiral Stark. As regards our men-of-war going over with the British convoy and turning them over to the British authorities, there is just nothing in it at all. We have never convoyed a single merchant ship with the exception that early in the war, the American-flag steamship Iroquois was bringing home a large number of Americans. It all came out in the press that somebody warned—as a matter of fact, it came from the Germans, that the British were going to blow her up with a bomb. We put no credence in it, but we immediately sent ships out and escorted her from somewhere off the Grand Banks to New York. That is the only instance where we escorted a merchant ship.

Question. All information in the possession of the Navy relating to attacks made upon United States vessels and planes.

Secretary Knox. None made; none whatever, except as attacked by the Axis vessels on ours. Is that it?

Question. All information in the possession of the Navy relating to attacks upon United States vessels and planes?

Secretary Knox. None made; except the Robin Moor, the Panay, and the Tutulla, all of which are well known. In case the committee is not familiar with the Tutulla incident, she was struck by a bomb fragment during a recent bombing raid of the Japs on Chungking. The Tutulla was anchored in the designated spot, well clear of Chinese ships and installations.

Question. All information in the possession of the Navy relating to attacks by United States Naval or Coast Guard vessels or planes on Axis vessels or planes?

Secretary Knox. None made whatever, except that the Panay fired in self-defense when she was bombed.

Senator Tydings. That was how long ago?

Secretary Knox. Two years ago.

Question. What, in general, are the orders and instructions which have heretofore been issued to commanding officers of vessels and airplanes on neutrality patrol?

Secretary Knox. Of course, that is secret information.

The Chairman. That cannot be disclosed. Question. Are any additional steps or orders contemplated which would cause American ships of war or American personnel to fire upon the ships or personnel of any other nation?

Secretary Knox. As I have already stated, I am not at liberty to discuss operating plans, contemplated or otherwise. I would not be doing my duty if I did not require the Chief of Naval Operations, as directed by law, to (Please turn to Page 1390)

Safeguard Shipping

Legislation providing for action by the Coast Guard or Navy to safeguard naval vessels has been introduced into the Senate by Senator Walsh, of Mass.

The bill, S. 1795, an administration measure, states that "it shall be the duty of the captain of the port, Coast Guard district commander, or other officer of the Coast Guard designated by the commandant thereof, or the Governor of the Panama Canal in the case of the territory and waters of the Canal Zone, to so control the anchorage and movement of any vessel, foreign or domestic, in the territorial waters of the United States as to insure the safety or security of such United States naval vessels as may be present."

In U. S. Waters where the Coast Guard is not present or in insufficient force to control the situation, "the senior naval officer present in command of any naval force" may act.

A similar measure has been sent to the House Naval Affairs Committee.

Marine Corps Notes

The Navy Department has been allotted \$2,063,700 in the supplemental defense appropriation bill, passed by the House for 150 barrage balloons and equipment. Marine Corps barrage balloon battalions to train at Quantico, Va., and Parrisland, S. C., would be provided with the balloons, used to protect advanced bases against aircraft attack. Emphasizing the necessity of these barrage balloons as a necessary part of base-defense equipment, the Navy Department is eager to assemble material and begin training personnel.

New Helmet

It was learned this week that the Marine Corps has officially adopted the Army's new-type field helmet. After several weeks experimentation with these new helmets, it was decided they were far superior to the present helmet and final sanction for adoption of the new helmet was gained this week.

Lay Miami Keel

Navy Yard officials at Philadelphia announced last Saturday that the keel of the cruiser Miami, first of the 10,000-ton cruisers to be built under a \$113,000,000 contract at Cramps Shipyard, Philadelphia, will be laid today, 2 Aug., ahead of schedule.



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Supplying the Army

(Continued from First Page)

terially in March and April, 1941. Funds were also made available in April, 1941 for an expansion of the motor vehicle program.

The necessary authority to go ahead with the tremendous expansion could not have been given to us over night. Here again it took time for higher authority and Congress to work out this part of the tremendous national effort. We were given the authority as soon as it was humanly possible to be done. In turn the officers, enlisted men and civilian personnel of the Quartermaster Corps have developed an expanding organization as rapidly and as efficiently as possible under the emergency conditions. They are doing a magnificent job.

What is often overlooked is that there are other problems to be considered, in addition to the simple mechanics of a purchase. For example, the Quartermaster Corps provides for the personal comforts of the soldiers and over \$600,000,000 have been spent during the past year for food and clothing, to cite just two of the procurement tasks. The impact of all of these purchases on the national trade and production agencies naturally had extensive economic ramifications and added exceedingly important consideration to the planning and execution of the Quartermaster tasks. Great care had to be taken not to disrupt and cause scarcity in normal civilian requirements. The purchase orders were placed geographically whenever possible so as to permit the entire country to share in Army business. There have been no priorities on any food or clothing. Civilians did not suffer from the sudden increase in Quartermaster purchasing. There has been no skyrocketing of prices, no food hoarding. This did not happen by accident. It was the result of policies adopted by the Quartermaster Corps to prevent such conditions.

Last May the Army of the United States switched from the garrison ration to the field ration. This change occurred so simply that it looked easy to the casual observer. Supply was not disrupted. The adoption of field ration involves much less administrative detail. It is efficient and insures certainty of supply. It provides a standard menu of high nutritive value for every mess at every post, camp or station. The Quartermaster Corps is a pioneer in research to determine and adopt the best foods.

As a result the American soldier is better fed than 60% of the civilian population. He is the best fed fighting man in the world.

Thirty strategically located marketing centers have been established to buy perishable foods at the proper season. Food purchases are made in carload or similar large quantity lots so as to secure the important advantage of bulk purchasing and consequently lower prices for the same quality. The Quartermaster Corps spends approximately \$615,000 per day on food for the entire Army, but the purchasing methods are such that the food for one soldier for one day costs only 43 cents.

Again this economy was not an accident. Like all similar developments it was the result of plans made in peacetime and put into effect at the earliest possible time after the emergency was declared.

Clothing and equipage presented an acute problem of supply. Examples are numerous of the difficulties which were surmounted in attaining the goal of a well-equipped fighting force. In all procurement activities red tape has been ruthlessly cut whenever it was possible without breaking the law or involving personnel in monetary or other automatic penalties. We refused to be bound by any hard and fast rule. For example, the normal production of khaki cloth is about 5,000,000 yards per month. Our immediate needs called for 60,000,000 yards. To fill this order twelve suitable khaki substitutes and similar goods were purchased. They did not fit Army specifications exactly, but they did suit the emergency.

The Quartermaster Corps has put into effect its prearranged plan to purchase a

U. S. COAST GUARD

DEDICATION of the new Coast Guard station at Atlantic City, N. J., on Monday, 4 Aug., will highlight the annual celebration of Coast Guard Day. Founded by an Act of Congress in 1790, the Coast Guard, once known as the Revenue Cutter Service, will celebrate its 151st anniversary with the formal dedication of the new station, built at a cost of \$300,000. Rear Adm. Russell R. Waesche, commandant of the U. S. Coast Guard, will deliver the main address. Capt. Ralph C. Dempwolf, commander of the New York District, and Capt. Eugene A. Coffin, commander of the Philadelphia District, will also be present in addition to officers of the Army and Navy and municipal officials of Atlantic City.

The new station, said to be the finest of its kind in the country, has accommodations for 40 men, but in emergency this complement could be conveniently doubled. The first station at Atlantic City was built in 1783 on what was then the beach. Today, however, buildings surround the old station which is 1,000 feet from the waterfront.

Many of the services of the new station have been in operation for several months, with the final construction work rapidly nearing completion. Cutters, patrol boats, and buoy tenders will all be able to dock at the new station located on Clam Creek.

Training Ships

The Maritime Service Training ship, Vema, was commissioned last Saturday at New York. The Vema, a three-master auxiliary schooner, will be stationed at Hoffman Island, N. Y. The ship, which is the fifth training ship, will accommodate 86 trainees.

Another Maritime Training vessel, American Seaman, arrived recently at Hamilton, Bermuda, bringing with it 6,000 tons of fresh water to relieve the acute water shortage there. The American Seaman will use her evaporation plant to change a large quantity of salt water to fresh water.

Secretary of the Navy Knox addressed a letter of appreciation to Coast Guard Headquarters for the services rendered by the commanding officers of the Cutter Harriet Lane, the Cutter C. G. C-155, the Kittery Point station, and the Isle of Shoals station, for the assistance and cooperation afforded the Navy during the salvage operations for the USS Submarine O-9, lost with all hands off Isle of Shoals, N. H.

Rep. Fred Bradley, Michigan, in a recent radio address called upon masters and seamen, yachtsmen and small boat operators, to be extremely careful in their operations. He explained that many of the Coast Guard stations, especially on the Great Lakes, have been reduced in personnel because the Coast Guard is an armed military force of the nation serving in the national emergency. "Let safety be your watchword," concluded Representative Bradley.

backlog of supplies to alleviate the pressure of another expansion. Each camp and depot will maintain sufficient reserve supplies. This stock is being accumulated in addition to materials for immediate use. These large additional purchases entailed a demand for more storage. At the onset of the emergency we had 22 supply depots with a storage space of 7,500,000 square feet. Since then we have added 8 new depots making a present total of about 10,000,000 square feet. This program continues to expand. Each depot has been located so as to insure quick and reliable service to camps in its area.

In conclusion, as we look back over nearly one year's unending individual activity, each Quartermaster may well be proud of his part in the nation's defense effort. Certainly, it has been no bed of roses but the officers, men and civilian employees of the Quartermaster Corps have proven their ability to stand the test. Next year will be even more difficult. Through the pages of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL I wish to extend my sincere appreciation, respect and congratulations to every member of the Quartermaster Corps, and to state my belief in the abil-

New Academy Class

On 21 July, a class of 146 cadets began instruction at the Coast Guard Academy, New London, Conn. Successful candidates were chosen from a list of 1,711 who took the examination for admission to the academy, with a total of 317 passing. A list of the new cadets follows:

James A. Hodgman	Gordon A. Tyne
David A. Webb	George A. Warren
William H. Wallace	James W. Carroll
Donald B. Crews	Kenneth H. Melding
Paul P. Perez	Robert C. Phillips
Gordon F. Hempton	Robert A. Schnebly
James L. Harrison	C. R. Crandall, Jr.
Julian Johansen	Donald H. Rollert
K. H. Langenbeck	Clarence R. Easter
Elmer M. Lipsey	Roger J. Alke
Bill Llewellyn, Jr.	Alfred W. Brass, Jr.
James T. Maher	Jay H. Bramson
Milton L. McGregor	Phillip S. Hofmann
Albert B. Ellerman	Worley B. Lynn
Gustavus S. Miller, Jr.	Howard W. Prier
Earl A. Parker, Jr.	V. N. Woolfork, Jr.
Marion G. Shroder, Jr.	Frederick J. Kroll
Ramond B. Starbuck	Don R. Rodgers
B. N. Ward, Jr.	Robert C. Boardman
George H. Weller	Robert J. Donovan
Mark A. Yornston	Robert D. Johnson
Paul R. Peak, Jr.	Ramond G. Parks
Homer G. Anderson	R. B. Waddington
Parker O. Chapman	Frank Barnett
John N. Dorsey	Joseph S. Berliner
W. R. Goldhammer	Ronald T. Bow
Frederick W. Hermes	Ricardo A. Ratti
Andrew Mazzotta	Peter S. Branson
Albert J. McCullough	Bernard S. Brown
E. D. Middleton, Jr.	John M. Dempsey, Jr.
James E. Murphy	Harley E. Dilcher
William F. Powell, III	Louis R. Ford, Jr.
Revel F. Stratton	Wm. L. Welas, Jr.
Richard L. Bailey, Jr.	Herbert R. Harris
William H. Boswell	Lawrence M. Hecker
H. C. Crawford, Jr.	Archibald B. How
John B. Freeman	John D. McCann
William E. Fuller, Jr.	William E. Murphy
Dimitry G. Leslie	Alfred Owre, Jr.
Richard S. Lodge	Edward R. Ralph
James E. Maher	Paul T. Ryan
Kendall C. McCallum	Robert R. Schaefer
Harold K. Goodbread	Wesley M. Thorsson
William L. Martin	William J. Werther
O. H. Smith, III	George H. Wittler, Jr.
George E. Williams	John A. Ballantine
Harrison B. Smith	M. D. Clements, Jr.
Selwyn L. Willey	James H. Dufree
Robson H. C. Wright	Robert M. Speck
G. F. Thometz, Jr.	Chas. Heppenstall, III
Milan A. Broderick	Paul A. Lutz
John J. Fehrenbacher	Herbert J. Lynch
Curtis W. Spahr	Richard S. Strickler
John B. Wade	James H. Vaules
John N. Austin	H. R. Wharton, III
Bernice C. Lowman	Arthur E. Briggs
Harold L. Davison	Robert F. Bierly
Nellus A. Speare	W. H. Brinkmeyer
Andrew W. Wofford	Vance K. Randle, Jr.
Richard W. Goode	David H. Rasmussen
Gilbert N. Bell	Jeremiah M. Stark
John A. Devlin	Carl Blanchett
Sumner E. Dobler	Clyde C. Coffindaffer
Arthur A. Fontaine	Harry N. Jones, II
Robert J. Healy	George J. Kelley, Jr.
Robert F. Henderson	R. R. McHenry, Jr.
John B. Lape, Jr.	Joseph A. Montagna
William M. Page, Jr.	Richard P. Arlander
Robert D. Parkhurst	Robert O. Bunce
L. A. Pharris, Jr.	Garth D. Clizbe
Theodore C. Rapalus	Curran D. Dempsey
Stanley T. Siegel	Joseph K. Everton
George W. Wagner	

RCA "Alert Receiver"

A device that appears destined to play a vital role in Civilian Defense of the United States was demonstrated this week at LaGuardia Airport, New York. The Radio Corporation of America has developed an instrument that will automatically turn on a radio set, ring an attached bell, and finally turn off the set with an all-clear signal.

At the initial demonstration, attended by National Director of Civilian Defense LaGuardia, word that planes had been sighted over Long Island was relayed from Army officers at Mitchell Field to a Civilian Defense Officer in an NBC studio at Radio City. Immediately, the officer pressed a button sending a robot signal across WJZ's wave. In a few seconds, Mayor LaGuardia's Alert Receiver was turned on by the impulses. Lights glowed, the bell on the receiver rang, signalling the approach of planes after which the Mayor spoke on a coast to coast broadcast explaining the new instrument.

The Alert Receiver may someday be attached to radio sets throughout the country if expectations of engineers are realized. Thus, in a few minutes an important message could be delivered to a city, state, or to the entire nation.

Lower Selective Service Ages

Insistence by the Senate that legislation to lower maximum selective service age from 35 to 28 contain provisions authorizing acquisition by the government of plants failing to deliver defense materials threatened further delay to enactment of the measure this week.

The House on 29 July sent the bill back to conference after conferees had presented a report bearing a modified version of the plant seizure authority.

In addition to reducing the maximum selective service age, the bill also provides for listing by local boards of the classification given every man classified by them, and exempts from the selective service any enlisted man who has been or is discharged from the Regular Army or the Coast Guard for the convenience of the government within six months prior to the completion of his regular three-year period of enlistment.

Pay for Service Beyond U. S.

An addition to base pay of 10 per cent would be paid to officers, warrant officers and enlisted men of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard who are serving in any territory, possession, or zone beyond the continental limits of the United States, if a bill introduced this week by Senator Schwartz, of Wyo., is enacted.

The bill, S. 1783, would apply to personnel "stationed aboard ship or who may pass through any waters over which the United States does not exercise exclusive jurisdiction."

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1941

"The work of upbuilding the Navy must be steadily continued."—THEODORE ROOSEVELT

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Legislative assurance, now, that our land, sea, and air forces will be maintained at such strengths as may be determined by the War Department General Staff and the General Board of the Navy to be necessary to guard the nation and its interests against any enemy or combination of enemies.
2. Upward revision of pay schedules for commissioned, warrant and enlisted personnel, active and retired; all temporarily promoted officers to receive pay of grade in which serving.
3. A long range study by the General Board of the Navy to the end that an equitable and just system of promotion for the line and staff of the Navy and Marine Corps be enacted into law.
4. Revision of pension laws to assure service widows a living income.
5. Compensation for service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.

A MOST IMPORTANT and forward looking step toward the development of the neglected branch of aeronautics—lighter-than-air—was taken this week as Senate and House conferees agreed on the provisions of the bill authorizing the establishment of shore facilities for the operation of Naval patrol blimps. Authority is given in the act for the acquisition and construction of facilities at South Weymouth, Mass., Elizabeth City, N. C., and Sunnyvale, Calif., as well as for certain auxiliary fields. Money for this work already is available. In contemplation is a second year's development program looking toward the establishment of additional lighter-than-air bases. Operating from these stations will be 48 blimps, six of which already are under contract, while the deficiency bill which passed the House last week-end carries funds for 21 more. It is to be hoped that this revival of the lighter-than-air development program will be carried forward with vigor. While the wars abroad have made everyone keenly aware of the vast powers inherent in heavier-than-air craft, nothing has been done in the other field of aeronautics. Yet lighter-than-air holds enormous possibilities for the United States, particularly in view of our monopoly of the helium which is necessary for their safe operation and they should be exploited without further delay.

WITH THE BEST WISHES of the publicity fraternity of Washington, there has gone from the Capital to command the VII Army Corps Maj. Gen. Robert C. Richardson, Jr., who organized the Bureau of Public Relations under the Secretary of War, and caused it to function to the satisfaction of the Authorities and the Press and Radio Chains. General Richardson was picked up by General Marshall for the latter service from the command of the 1st Cavalry Division in Texas, not because he had had experience in public relations work, but because the Chief of Staff sensed his capacity to handle this important branch of military affairs. Events demonstrated the wisdom of the choice. During the relatively short period General Richardson was in Washington, he, with the aid of competent officers, developed the Public Relations Bureau so as to bring it and representatives of the Press and Radio into close and harmonious contact where complete confidence existed, and he also established cordial and understanding relations with Publishers. Frequently, he acted as spokesman for the Secretary of War and Chief of Staff when those officials were unable to conduct Press Conferences because of emergency meetings at the White House or Capitol. It was known he preferred service with troops, and this desire remained in General Marshall's mind. Therefore, when the Public Relations Bureau was operating to his satisfaction, the Chief of Staff designated General Richardson to command the VII Corps. By this medium, the Correspondents and Radio Commentators are sending to him their respect and regard, confident that his new Command will feel the effect of his stimulating personality, and cooperate with him so as to give a good account of itself in battle, should war come.

WE HAVE BEEN ASSURED that the greatest care is being exercised in the drafting of the regulations which will govern the execution of the "plucking law." General Marshall is determined that when they shall be finally approved, safeguards, which we urged, will be provided to prevent injustice to any officer. His view of the Officer Corps was expressed to the Committees of Congress when he said that it is conspicuously efficient, and in this Emergency has rendered magnificent service. It was obvious, however, that a relatively few officers had found the strain of the Emergency too great for their capacity, and were willing to retire; and then there was a small percentage obviously unfit to discharge the responsibility of leadership. As to the latter, politics, as we intended to say editorially, last week, largely prevented approval of B Board classifications, with the result that the personnel contained deadwood, the elimination of which is necessitated by the need of efficiency. Doubtless, the B Board plan will some time be definitely discarded as it should be for a superior method. Meanwhile, if the regulations being drafted shall meet the design of the Chief of Staff, we may expect no unfairness will be done in the administration of the Plucking Law and a disposition will exist to continue it on the statute books after peace shall come.

Service Humor

Mistaken Identity

Voice from the rear seat of taxi: "I say, driver, what's the idea of stopping?"
Driver: "I thought that I heard somebody tell me to."
Rear Seat: "Drive on; she wasn't talking to you."

—Barracks Bag.

For Services Rendered

Patient: "The size of your bill makes my blood boil."
Doctor: "That will be fifty dollars extra for sterilizing your system."

—Exchange.

Sure Signs

Weather Man: "Put down rain for a certainty this afternoon."
Assistant: "Are you positive, Sir?"
Weather Man: "Yes, indeed. I've lost my umbrella. I'm planning to play golf, and my wife's giving a lawn party."

—Bamboo Breezes.

What Now, Parson?

There is a story of a backwoods revivalist who, after preaching one of his most lurid hell-fire sermons, was approached by an old countryman with the question: "Does yer mean ter say, parson, that folks is goin' ter burn forever and ever?" "Yes," said the preacher, "forever and ever." "Parson, no let up a-fall?" "No, no let up at all." "Well now, see here parson," responded the shocked, skeptical rustic, "I just tells yer the American people ain't a goin' ter stand fer it!"

—Hawk Talk.

Truthful

She: "Isn't this moonlight wonderful?"
He: "Yes, but it's like the third degree."
She: "What do you mean by that?"
He: "It makes me want to say something I know I'm going to regret."

—Pointer.

Matter of Luck

Rookie (sidestepping Alaska detail): "If the days are six months long up there, we'll get awful tired doing a day's K.P."

Sgt.—(in sales talk)—"But think of what a night out would mean . . . and if you got a weekend pass, you'd be out of the army by the time you got back."

—Overs and Unders.

"REW" has submitted the best closing line to the 19 July limerick contributed by Cpl. "CHW" thus:
There once was a corporal named Hess,
Who was always in some awful mess,
And try as he would,
He could never be good,
So the guardhouse is now his address.

For completion on 16 Aug., we offer this doggerel about the Marines who are now occupying Iceland:

The Marines in Iceland, so news reports say,
Have gone in for gardening in a very big way,
And are giving up leaves,
To raise carrots and peas,

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

J.H.B.—The warrant officers' bill is not retroactive and does not affect your retired pay in any way. The present base pay of a warrant officer is \$148 per month.

J.A.M.—You must register under the Selective Service Act after your discharge from the Army, but you will not be liable for service under that act.

L.G.A.—Second lieutenants of the officers' Reserve Corps on duty prior to 9 Sept. 1940 are being promoted temporarily to first lieutenant after one year's active duty; first lieutenants on duty prior to 9 Sept. 1940 are being promoted temporarily after three years' active duty. A change in promotion procedure is expected to be announced shortly.

J.N.M.—There is no present way for a married Reserve officer to be appointed in the Regular Army.

A.E.K.—H. R. 2270, an Act to amend the Joint Service Pay Act, was signed 25 June, and is now Public Law No. 132.

In the Journal

10 Years Ago

Maj. William N. Porter, CWS, and Capt. Geoffrey Marshall, CWS, were members of the class graduated from the Field Officers' Course, on 31 July, at Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

20 Years Ago

Secretary of War Weeks has announced that seven army camps will be vacated in order, as far as possible, to quarter the Regular Army in permanent military posts where suitable shelter for officers and men is now provided. The camps to be vacated include: Camp Devens, Mass.; Sherman, Ohio; Pike, Ark.; Grant, Ill.; Jackson, S. C.; Bragg, N. C.; and Camp Meade, Md.

30 Years Ago

The revolution in Haiti triumphed on 2 Aug., when the aged President, Antoine Simon, fled from the capital, Port au Prince, and took refuge on board the Haitian cruiser, 17 December, formerly the yacht American. The capital was invested on all sides by the troops under General Firmin, one of the revolutionary leaders.

50 Years Ago

A successful test was made at the Sandy Hook proving ground last week of the new explosive, emmensite, as an exploding charge for shells fired from powder guns, and there is every prospect that in a short time emmensite will obtain an official recognition as a leading explosive for military purposes.

75 Years Ago

An announcement over the Atlantic Telegraph that peace had been concluded between Austria and Prussia, proves premature. Negotiations for a peace treaty, however, have been opened by the Emperor of France, and the belligerent powers have agreed to five days' suspension of hostilities.

War Department
Organized Reserves

OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Department
Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War
Henry L. Stimson
Undersecretary of War
Robert F. Patterson
Assistant Secretary of War
John J. McCloy
Assistant Secretary of War (Air)
Robert A. Lovett
Chief of Staff
General George C. Marshall

GENERAL OFFICERS

Maj. Gen. Fulton Q. C. Gardner, prior orders amended, to command Camp Haan, Calif., and AA Art. Train. Cen. thereat.
Maj. Gen. Sanderford Jarman, prior orders amended, to command Camp Stewart, Ga., and AA Art. Train. Cen. thereat.
Brig. Gen. Ralph Royce, London, England, to military attache for Air to Great Britain.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

GEN. GEO. C. MARSHALL, C. of S.
Col. Charles H. Mason, Inf., from Wash., D. C., 1 Aug., to 9th CASC, Ft. Ord, Calif.
Following off from GSC and GS with troops: Lt. Col. Norris C. Handwerk, (CAC), Lt. Col. Bryan L. Milburn (CAC), Lt. Col. Richard B. Moran, (SC); Lt. Col. Charles B. Spruit, (MC); Maj. James G. Christiansen, (CK); Maj. William D. Old, (AC).
1st Lt. Manning Jacob, (Specialist), from Wash., D. C., to ass't military attache, London, England.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. VIRGIL L. PETERSON, IG
Lt. Col. Joseph S. Dougherty, from Birmingham, Ala., 4 Aug., to off. of IG, Wash., D. C.
Lt. Col. Willford R. Higgins, from Ft. Benning, Ga., 4 Aug., to hq., VIII Army Corps, Brownwood, Tex.
Lt. Col. Charles F. F. Cooper, from Ft. Bragg, N. C., 4 Aug., to hq., VII Army Corps, Birmingham, Ala.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. ALLEN W. GULLION, JAG
Lt. Col. Joel F. Watson, from Wash., D. C., 20 Aug., to hq., Fourth Army, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.
Maj. Wharton T. Funk, from Wash., D. C., 21 July, to inactive status.
Capt. Edward F. Smith, from Wash., D. C., 15 Aug., to hq., 1st Corps Area, Boston, Mass.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. EDMUND B. GREGORY, QMG
Lt. Col. Joseph P. Glandon, to ass't supt., Army Trans. Ser., Astoria, Ore., in add. to other duties.
Lt. Col. Gordon H. Butler, from Omaha, Neb., to const. QM, Ord. Works, Louisiana, La.
Lt. Col. Harold De L. Stetson, from Ft. Ord, Calif., to const. QM, Santa-Maria Lompoc, Calif.
Lt. Col. Robert P. Harbold, to const. QM, Ft. Snelling, Minn., in add. to other duties.
Lt. Col. William L. Mays, prior orders amended, to Utah General Depot, Ogden, Utah.
Lt. Col. Elmer G. Thomas, prior orders amended, from add. duty at Utah Gen. Depot, Ogden, Utah.
Maj. Harry A. McColly, to ass't commanding off., Gen. Depot, Atlanta, Ga., in add. to other duties.
Maj. Paul M. Brewer, from Jeffersonville, Ind., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 6 Sept., New York.
Maj. Calvin L. Whittle, from Brooklyn, N. Y., to ass't post QM, Port of Embarkation, New Orleans, La.
Maj. Lester M. Rouch, from add. duty, as const. QM, Ft. Snelling, Minn.
Following off, from Omaha, Neb., to ass't const. QM, Mo. Ord. Works, Louisiana, Mo.: Maj. Jack P. Campbell; 1st Lt. Hjalmer J. Johnson; 1st Lt. Carl J. Lowry.
Following majors, from Omaha, Neb., to ass't const. QM, Twin City Ord. Plant, St. Paul, Minn.: John C. Pritchard; Norman W. Remley.
Maj. L. George Horowitz, from Wash., D. C., to ass't const. QM, 4th Zone, Atlanta, Ga.
Maj. Joseph A. Francis, from Chicago, Ill., to station complement, Army Air Base, New Orleans, La.
Maj. John T. Morgan, from Camp Berkeley, Tex., to ass't const. QM, Ord. Works, Baytown, Tex.
Maj. Elvin R. Gates, Joliet, Ill., to const. QM, Shell Loading Plant, Flora, Miss.
Capt. Charles W. Secord, Santa-Maria Lompoc, Santa Maria, Calif., to ass't const. QM, that station.
Capt. Richard W. Cooper, Atlanta, Ga., to ass't zone const. QM, 4th Zone, Atlanta, Ga.
Capt. Charles Meyers, New Cumberland, Pa., to const. QM, that station.
Capt. Carl H. Trik, from San Francisco, Calif., to ass't const. QM, Santa-Maria, Lompoc, Calif.

poc, Calif.

Capt. Angus H. Griffin, Ft. Ord, Calif., to const. QM, that station.
Following off, from Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 4 Sept., New York: Capt. Paul R. Heaney; 1st Lt. Alcorn H. Johnson.

Capt. George D. Crawford, from Wash., D. C., to Hawaiian Dept., sail 19 Aug., San Francisco.

Capt. Albert Fregosi, from Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo., to ass't const. QM, Mo. Ord. Works, Louisiana, Mo.

Capt. Kenneth W. Wysong, from Columbus, O., to ass't QM, Kingsbury Ord. Plant, La Porte, Ind.

Capt. Frank S. O'Connor, from New Cumberland, Pa., to post utility off., Holabird QM Depot, Baltimore, Md.

Capt. Eugene O. Marquette, from Wash., D. C., to QM Depot, Jeffersonville, Ind.

Capt. Curtis A. Nelson, Joliet, Ill., to Const. QM, Elwood Ord. Plant, that station.

Capt. Orville W. Rice, to const. QM, Vancouver Bks., Wash., in add. to other duties.

Capt. Albert H. Well, from Wash., D. C., to const. QM, Paris, Tenn.

Following Capt's from Joliet, Ill., to const. QM, Shell Loading Plant, Flora, Miss.: Francis E. Doane; Arthur M. Niemi.

Capt. Edward B. Watson, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to ass't const. QM, Red River Ord. Depot, New Boston, Tex.

1st Lt. William J. Pieper, from Midland, Mich., to ass't const. QM, Tank Arsenal, Detroit, Mich.

1st Lt. Arthur H. Barber, Jr., from Atlanta, Ga., to ass't const. QM, Charleston, S. C.

1st Lt. Reginald J. Horseman, from Boston, Mass., to ass't const. QM, Harbor Defenses of L. I., Ft. H. G. Wright, New York.

1st Lt. Philip S. Davy, from Wash., D. C., to ass't const. QM, 7th Zone, Omaha, Neb.

1st Lt. Theodore H. Ebbert, from San Francisco, Calif., to ass't const. QM, Medford, Oregon.

1st Lt. Mattison A. Darragh, from Baltimore, Md., to off. QMG, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Erick W. Kearney, from Atlanta, Ga., to ass't const. QM, Camp Davis, N. C.

1st Lt. Hugh H. Saum, Jr., from Wash., D. C., to 4th CASC, Camp Croft, S. C.

1st Lt. William J. Green, from St. Louis, Mo., to ass't const. QM, Twin City Ord. Plant, St. Paul, Minn.

1st Lt. William A. Kuns, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 31 July, to inactive status.

1st Lt. Maurice D. Plank, from Camp Roberts, Calif., to ass't const. QM, Hawaiian Dept. and sail 19 Aug., San Francisco, Calif.

1st Lt. John P. Wilson, from Atlanta, Ga., to ass't const. QM, Port of Embarkation, Charleston, S. C.

1st Lt. Jack K. Tchernowitz, prior orders amended, to ass't const. QM, Coosa River Ord. Plant, Talladega, Ala.

1st Lt. Edward L. Parsons, from Santa Barbara, Calif., to ass't const. QM, Ft. Mason, Calif.

1st Lt. Calvin E. Favinger, from Wash., D. C., to QM, Depot, Chicago, Ill.

1st Lt. Edwin M. Turner, from Wash., D. C., to ass't const. QM, 5th Zone, Columbus, O.

2nd Lt. James J. Hawkins, Jr., from Baltimore, Md., to ass't const. QM, Ft. Eustis, Va.

2nd Lt. George W. Remsen, from Columbus, O., to ass't const. QM, General Hospital, Danville, Ky.

2nd Lt. Millard J. Fetter, Chicago, Ill., 22 Aug., to AC, Wright Field, O.

2nd Lt. John D. Woodman, from Baltimore, Md., to War Dept. Motor Trans. Pool Det., Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Patrick W. Summerour, Jr., from Camp Shelby, Miss., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 15 Sept., Charleston, S. C.

2nd Lt. Harold N. Walsdorf, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Joshua W. Weatherley, from Baltimore, Md., to QM Depot, Wash., D. C.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. JAMES C. MAGEE, SG

Lt. Col. Harold D. Rogers, retired, 31 July, disability incident to service.

Lt. Col. Thomas R. McCauley, to CO, N. Y. Med. Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Lt. Col. William F. Sappington, from Philippine Dept., to Letterman Gen. Hosp., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

Lt. Col. Anthony J. Vadala, prior orders amended, from Panama Canal, C. Z., to Ft. Totten, N. Y.

Maj. Clifford A. Best, from Brooklyn, N. Y., to 4th CASC, Camp Livingston, La.

Following off, from station indicated, 5 Aug., to Med. Fld. Ser. Sch., Carlisle Bks., Pa.: Maj. Eugene W. Billick, Ft. Ord, Calif.; Maj. Richard D. Mudd, Scott Fld., Ill.; 1st Lt. Henry A. Kimmel, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Maj. Walter J. Angesen, from Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., 1 Aug., to Lovell Gen. Hosp., Ft. Devens, Mass.

Maj. Henry J. John, from Camp Wheeler, Ga., 15 Aug., to Lawson General Hosp., Atlanta, Ga.

NO NAVY, MARINE CORPS, OR COAST GUARD ORDERS

Publication of orders issued to Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard personnel has been ordered suspended to avoid possible revelation of information against the public interest.

Maj. Horace P. Marvin, from Camp Livingston, La., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 26 Aug., New Orleans, La.

Maj. Ernest David Liston, name changed to "David Ernest Liston."

Capt. Frank A. Minas, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., 1 Aug., to Billings Gen. Hosp., that station.

Capt. Daniel J. Sheehan, from El Paso, Tex., 1 Aug., to off. of SG, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Harold Lipton, from Camp Lee, Va., 7 Dec., to station complement, Langley Fld., Va.

Following off, from station indicated, to Philippine Dept., sail 7 Aug., San Francisco:

Capt.—Nathan Barshop, Ft. Rosecrans, Calif.; Samuel M. Bloom, Camp Lee, Va.; James G. Bruce, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.; 1st Lt.—William S. Allee, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.; Maxwell M. Andler, Jr., Ft. Ord, Calif.; Walter F. Bartz, Camp Blanding, Fla.; Samuel H. Belgorod, Camp Livingston, La.; Nathan D. Bellink, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Arthur L. Benson, Camp Wheeler, Ga.; Ralph C. Berkelhamer, Camp Davis, N. C.; Isidor Bernstein, Camp Livingston, La.; Robert H. Bosert, Camp Roberts, Calif.; John J. Brennan, Camp Roberts, Calif.; Philip Bress, Ft. McClellan, Ala.; Theodore T. Bronk, Camp Lee, Va.; David Brown, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.; Harry M. Brown, Ft. Knox, Ky.; Joseph C. Buifamonte, Ft. George G. Meade, Md.; Michael A. Cambest, Jr., Ft. Belvoir, Va.; George E. Chamberlain, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Sigmund J. Clayman, Camp Blanding, Fla.; Patrick M. Croyla, Ft. Ord, Calif.

1st Lt. Lucio E. Gatto, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Albert J. Kaplan, from Randolph Fld., Tex., 25 Aug., to Sch. of Aviation, Pine Bluff, Ark.

1st Lt. Rankin C. Blount, from Ft. Knox, Ky., 25 Aug., to Bowman Fld., Ky.

1st Lt. James J. Ducas, from Ft. Monroe, Va., 25 Aug., to Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. James D. Sheeran, from Camp Lee, Va., to Newfoundland Base Com., sail 10 Sept., New York.

1st Lt. William H. Fleming, from Camp Lee, Va., to Newfoundland Base Com., sail 5 Aug., New York.

1st Lt. William T. Howard, from Wash., D. C., 10 Aug., to Lawson Gen. Hosp., Atlanta, Ga.

1st Lt. Marvin G. Sadugor, from Ft. McClellan, Ala., 1 Aug., to Billings General Hosp., Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.

1st Lt. Alfred S. Donnell, from Camp Davis, N. C., to Philippine Dept., sail 7 Aug., San Francisco.

1st Lt. Joseph D. Vande Velde, from Ft. Knox, Ky., to Philippine Dept., sail 7 Aug., San Francisco.

Following 1st Lts. from New York, N. Y., to transport surgeon, U. S. A. Transports, specified, Brooklyn, N. Y.: Francis L. Denzer, "Siboney"; Edward G. Healey, "Panama"; Norton F. Trippe, "Oriente."

1st Lt. Ervin T. Rechitz, named changed to "Ervin T. Rechitz."

Dental Corps

Following 1st Lts. from station indicated, 31 July, to Med. Field Ser. Sch., Carlisle Bks., Pa.: Albert R. Bucklew, Wash., D. C.; Richard J. Farrell, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; Joseph R. Gibson, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; Norbert C. Kephart, Hot Springs, Ark.; Frank A. Mitchell, Denver, Col.; Julius C. Sexson, Denver, Col.; Edwin H. Smith, Jr., Wash., D. C.; Victor C. Tixdal, Jr., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

1st Lt. Richard R. Owens, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Lester W. Freeman, from Selma, Ala., 20 Aug., to AC Tech. Sch., Biloxi, Miss.

1st Lt. William V. MacDermott, from Brooklyn, N. Y., 1 Aug., to station complement, Army Air Base, Bangor, Me.

Veterinary Corps

Lt. Col. Kenneth E. Buffin, prior orders amended, to Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Following Lt. Cols. from station indicated, 1 Sept., to station specified: Burlin C. Bridges, from Front Royal, Va., to East. Cen. Remount Area, Lexington, Ky.; William

R. Wolfe, from Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., to QM Depot, Front Royal, Va.; Frank H. Woodruff, Ft. Sill, Okla., to 4th CASC, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

1st Lt. Jacob H. Ricker, from Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y., 20 Aug., to QM Depot, Jersey City, N. J.

Sanitary Corps

Maj. August Sauer, from Camp Bowie, Tex., 26 July, to ass't const. QM, San Antonio, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

1st Lt. Thomas H. Altken, from Wash., D. C., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 6 Sept., New York.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. HOWARD K. LOUGHRY, C. of E.
Maj. Harold F. Mericle, from Philadelphia, Pa., to ass't military attache, Cairo, Egypt.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. JULIAN L. SCHLEY, C. of E.
Lt. Col. Royal B. Lord, to Act. Dir., War Dept. Bureau of Public Relations.

Lt. Col. Lewis C. Gordon, retired, 30 Nov., upon own application.

Lt. Col. Patrick H. Tansey, from Ft. Jackson, S. C., to GHQ, Army War College, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Harold T. Miller, Camp Shelby, Miss., 10 Sept., to 4th CASC, that station.

Maj. Samuel L. Smith, Detroit, Mich., to Mesic Mapping Unit, that station.

Maj. Paul D. Berrigan, from Portland, Ore., 1 Sept., to ass't Div. Engr., Southwestern Div., Dallas, Tex.

Following off, from Ft. Belvoir, Va., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 11 Aug., New York:

1st Lt. Lawrence V. Curran; 1st Lt. Richard P. Murphy; 1st Lt. Frederick L. Rastade; 1st Lt. Barnett J. Sledge; 2nd Lt. Cletus R. Brackbill; 2nd Lt. Robert Greenwald; 2nd Lt. Irvin I. Klein.

Following 1st Lts. from Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 14 Aug., New Orleans: Joseph J. Backlope; Jack A. Reynolds.

Following off, from Ft. Belvoir, Va., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 23 Aug., New York:

1st Lt. Aladino A. Autillo, Jr.; 1st Lt. Guy L. Leonard; 2nd Lt. Thomas A. Barry; 2nd Lt. Cornelius K. Coombs; 2nd Lt. James C.

(Continued on Next Page)

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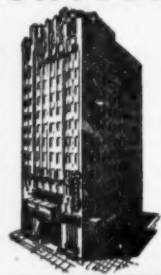
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Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Moore.

1st Lt. Dinton B. Lally, from Camp Joseph
T. Robinson, Ark., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail
20 Sept., New York.

1st Lt. John C. Potter, jr., from Puerto
Rican Dept., to 20th Engr. Reg., Ft. Ben-
ning, Ga.

Following 1st Lts. from Panama Canal
Dept., to station indicated: Mahlon W. Caf-
fee, 97th Engr. Bn., Camp Blanding, Fla.;
Edmund Kirby-Smith, 91st Engr. Bn., Camp
Shelby, Miss.

2nd Lt. Francis P. Clarke, from Baltimore,
Md., to Ord. Dist., Pittsburgh, Pa.

2nd Lt. Ernest A. Manack, from Ft. Hayes,
O., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 20 Sept., New
York.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES M. WESSON, C. of O.
Col. Hermann H. Zornig, from Aberdeen
Prov. Ground, Md., 4 Aug., to off. of C. of
O., Wash., D. C.

Col. Francis H. Miles, jr., from Wash., D.
C., to hq., 5th Corps Area, Ft. Hayes, O.

Col. John G. Boaton, from add. duty, Ord.
Works, Baytown, Tex.

Lt. Col. William H. Joiner, from Minne-
apolis, Minn., 1 Aug., to commanding off.,
Ark. Ord. Plant, Jacksonville, Ark.

Maj. John J. Breen, from Detroit, Mich.,
1 Aug., to La. Ord. Plant, Minden, La., and
add. duty at Lone Star Ord. Plant, Texas-
kanna, Tex.

Maj. Howard G. Wade, from Springfield,
Ill., 1 Aug., to liaison off., Selective Ser.
System, New York.

Capt. Justin D. Hillyer, from Ravenna, O.,
1 Aug., to Ark. Ord. Plant, Jacksonville, Ark.

Capt. Richard P. Stauffer, from Ravenna,
O., 1 Aug., to Ark. Ord. Plant, Jacksonville,
Ark.

1st Lt. Francis E. Doyle, prior orders
amended, from Aberdeen Prov. Gr., Md., to
off. of C. of O., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Francis F. Shipton, from Ft. Riley,
Kan., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 20 Sept.,
New York.

1st Lt. Lyman W. Tondro, from Aberdeen
Prov. Ground, Md., to hq., 9th Corps Area,
Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

1st Lt. William F. Kaiser, from Flint,
Mich., to La. Ord. Plant, Minden, La.

1st Lt. William G. Palm, jr., from Pine
Camp, N. Y., to Ord. Plant, St. Louis, Mo.

2nd Lt. Gerald M. Minne, from Aberdeen
Proving Gr., Md., to off. of C. of O., Wash.,
D. C.

2nd Lt. George F. Coope, jr., from Aber-
deen Prov. Gr., Md., to off. of C. of O., Wash.,
D. C.

2nd Lt. Robert D. Byrne, from Benicia,
Calif., to off. of C. of O., Wash., D. C.

Following 2nd Lts. from Aberdeen Prov.
Ground, Md., to 1st Armd. Div., Ft. Knox,
Ky.: Ewald H. Gustafson; Earl W. Hill.

2nd Lt. Robert J. Grindatti, from Aber-
deen Prov. Ground, Md., to 3rd Armd. Div.,
Camp Polk, La.

2nd Lt. George F. Messinger, from Aberdeen
Prov. Ground, Md., to 3rd Armd. Div., Camp
Polk, La.

2nd Lt. Alva E. Kelley, jr., from Aberdeen
Prov. Ground, Md., to Arsenal, Watervliet,
N. Y.

2nd Lt. Warren G. Leonard, from Camp
Edwards, Mass., to Ord. Rep. Train. Cen.,
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

Following 2nd Lts. from Ft. Dix, N. J., to
50th Ord. Co., Ft. Jackson, S. C.: Edward H.
Ham; Elmer F. Spicer.

SIGNAL CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH O. MAUBORGNE, CSO

Lt. Col. George I. Back, from Ft. Mon-
mouth, N. J., to GHQ, Army War College,
Wash., D. C.

Capt. Elmer L. Orstad, to port signal off.,
QM Depot, Seattle, Wash., in add. to other
duties and to further add. duty post signal
officer, Ft. Lawton, Wash.

1st Lt. Thomas W. Abbott, prior orders re-
voked.

1st Lt. Robert W. Stebbings, from Camp
Forest, Tenn., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 20
Sept., New York.

Following off., from Camp Forrest, Tenn.,
to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 20 Sept., New
York: 1st Lt. Jack S. Murray; 2nd Lt. Wil-
fred S. Brown.

Following 1st Lts. from Camp Forrest,
Tenn., to Hawaiian Dept., sail 19 Aug., San
Francisco: Leroy D. Cohen; Charles W.
Woodruff.

1st Lt. Reardon S. Cotton, jr., from Ar-
lington Cantonment, Va., to SC Sch., Ft.
Monmouth, N. J.

1st Lt. Rolf O. Wulfsberg, from Camp
Bowie, Tex., 29 July, to Aberdeen Prov.
Ground, Md.

1st Lt. Jesse F. Thomas, prior orders

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amended, from Puerto Rican Dept. to Ft.
Knox, Ky.

1st Lt. Sylvester Daniel Cotter, name
changed to "Daniel Sylvester Cotter."

1st Lt. Charles W. Davis, prior orders re-
voked.

2nd Lt. Willard E. Weden, from Ft. Leon-
ard Wood, Mo., to Philippine Dept., sail 7
Aug., San Francisco.

2nd Lt. Charles E. Seely, from Ft. Lewis,
Wash., to Elmendorf Fld., Alaska.

2nd Lt. Herman J. Chyba, from Ft. Ben-
ning, Ga., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 23 Aug.,
New York.

2nd Lt. John T. LaPointe, from Ft. Bragg,
N. C., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 23 Aug.,
New York.

2nd Lt. Nye M. Scofield, prior orders
amended, to Puerto Rican Depot, sail 23
Aug., New York.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM N. PORTER, C. of CWS

Col. Edward C. Wallington, from Wash.,
D. C., 31 Aug., to Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

Col. Alexander Wilson, from Edgewood Ar-
senal, Md., 15 Sept., to AF Combat Command,
Bolling Fld., D. C.

Lt. Col. Walter J. Ungethuen, from Edge-
wood Arsenal, Md., 4 Aug., to Huntsville Ar-
senal, Ala.

Maj. Otto E. Huntley, from Memphis, Tenn.,
25 Aug., to N. Y. Port of Embarkation, Brook-
lyn, N. Y.

Following Capt. from Edgewood Arsenal,
Md., 4 Aug., to off. of C. of CWS, Wash.,
D. C.: Robert W. Breaks, Harrison S. Mark-
ham.

2nd Lt. John A. Martin, from Bolling Fld.,
D. C., to CW Sch., Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

2nd Lt. Tom Williamson, from Edgewood
Arsenal, Md., to Huntsville Arsenal, Ala.

CHAPLAIN CORPS

Ch. WILLIAM R. ARNOLD, C. of Ch.

Ch. (Capt.) John E. Kinney, from N. Y.
Port of Embarkation, to transport chaplain,
USA Transport "Siboney", Brooklyn, N. Y.

Ch. (1st Lt.) John B. Day, Ft. Riley, Kan.,
to 7th CASG, that station.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Albert A. Behnke, Tallahassee,
Fla., to 53d Pursuit Group, that station.

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. JOHN K. HERR, C. of Cav.

Col. Joseph A. Baer, Governors Is., N. Y.,
21 Aug., to GSC with troops, C. of S., hq.,
2nd Corps Area, that station.

Lt. Col. Mack Garr, from Camp Forrest,
Tenn., to GSC with troops, hq., Central De-
fense Command, Memphis, Tenn.

Lt. Col. Wayland B. Augar, from Ft. Riley,
Kan., to GS with Troops, GHQ, Army War
College, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Charles W. Burkett, from Male High
School, Louisville, Ky., to High School,
Owensboro, Ky.

1st Lt. John J. Marron, prior orders
amended; 10 Oct.

1st Lt. Edward C. Heuss, Ft. Riley, Kan.,
to 7th CASG, that station.

2nd Lt. Elwin O. Brown, from Camp Cla-
borne, La., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 20
Aug., New Orleans.

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. ROBERT M. DANFORD, C. of FA

Col. William K. Moore, retired, 31 Oct., 6
yrs.

Col. Phillip W. Booker, from Ft. Sill, Okla.,
25 Aug., to San Francisco Port of Embarka-
tion, Ft. Mason, Cal.

Lt. Col. William P. Biedsoe, from Ft.
Leavenworth, Kan., to Hawaiian Dept., sail
6 Sept., San Francisco.

Lt. Col. Francis H. Boucher, from Ft.
Wayne, Ind., to Hawaiian Dept., sail 19 Aug.,
San Francisco, Calif.

Lt. Col. Richard J. Sothorn, from Camp
Blanding, Fla., to Hawaiian Dept., sail 25
Sept., San Francisco.

Lt. Col. Stephen E. Bullock, from Camp
Roberts, Calif., to hq., III Army Corps,
Presidio of Monterey, Calif.

Lt. Col. Ben M. Sawbridge, from Ft. Jack-
son, S. C., to hq., First Army, Governors Is.,
N. Y.

Maj. Rex H. Donaldson, from Gainesville,
Fla., to Hawaiian Dept., sail 6 Sept., San
Francisco.

Maj. Clifford Templeton, from Camp For-
rest, Tenn., 1 Aug., to off. of C. of Moral
Branch, Wash., D. C.

Maj. John B. Murphy, from Ft. Bragg, N.
C., to GS with troops, to HQ, Armored Force,
Ft. Knox, Ky.

Capt. Roy E. Hattan, from Ft. Bragg, N. C.,
to U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y.

Capt. James D. Ellis, from Ft. Riley, Kan.,
to Philippine Dept., sail 7 Aug., San Francisco.

Following off. from Ft. Bragg, N. C., to
Puerto Rican Dept., sail 23 Aug., New York:

Capt. Jack O. Baldwin, 1st Lt. Francis D.
Jones, jr., 1st Lt. Sidney J. Wellman, jr.,
2nd Lt. David S. Bitterman, 2nd Lt. Mahlon
B. Huffman, 2nd Lt. William C. Knight, 2nd
Lt. John F. Lamb, jr., 2nd Lt. Willis S. Bid-
dick, jr., 2nd Lt. Joseph C. Thompson.

1st Lt. Robert B. Hamilton, from Ft. Ben-
ning, Ga., 25 July, to QM Depot, Jersey City,
N. J.

1st Lt. Garnet H. Downing, from Ft. Sill
(Continued on Next Page)

Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Okl., 20 Aug., to 3rd Div., Ft. Lewis, Wash.
1st Lt. Frank Mercer, Ft. Knox, Ky., to Air Base Detachment, Godman Fld., that station.
1st Lt. Clayton H. Dow, jr., from Ft. Jackson, S. C., 2 Aug., to faculty, FA Sch., Ft. Sill, Okla.
1st Lt. William E. Moore, jr., prior orders amended, to Hawaiian Dept., sail 19 Aug., San Francisco.
2nd Lt. Lewis C. Smith, jr., from Camp Livingston, La., to Wright Fld., O.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH A. GREEN, C. of CAC
Col. John L. Holcombe, from Philippine Dept., to hq., 9th Corps Area, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., sail 4 Aug., Manila, P. I.
Col. Charles Thomas-Stable, from Wash., D. C., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 9 Aug., New York.

Col. Martin J. O'Brien, from Ft. Bliss, Tex., to Harbor Defenses of Narragansett Bay, Ft. Adams, R. I.

Col. Gerald B. Bobison, from Birmingham, Ala., 25 Aug., to hq., Second Army, Memphis, Tenn.

1st Lt. Leslie S. Morrill, Memphis, Tenn., to GS with troops, Central Defense Command, that station.

Maj. John S. Henn, from Ft. Rosecrans, Calif., 29 Aug., to Harbor Defenses of Los Angeles, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.

Maj. Sidney H. Guthrie, from High School, Owensboro, Ky., to U. of Cincinnati, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Maj. Vincent A. Lane, from New York, N. Y., 5 Aug., to off. of C. of S. Wash., D. C.

Maj. Noble T. Haakensen, from Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif., 30 Aug., to Hd., VII Army Corps, Birmingham, Ala.

Capt. Koley B. Lemmon, jr., (Inf.), from Ft. Bliss, Tex., 30 Aug., to 5th Inf. Div., Ft. Custer, Mich.

Capt. Myron B. Tauer, from Brooklyn, N. Y., to GS with troops, hq., Central Defense Command, Memphis, Tenn.

Following off., from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to Philippine Dept., sail 7 Aug., San Francisco: Capt. Leland K. Dewey, Capt. W. Hamilton, Capt. Alonzo E. Langworthy, Capt. Eugene H. Nirdlinger, 1st Lt. Edward P. Freiman, 1st Lt. Irwin A. Vetesnik, 2nd Lt. George E. Levagood, 2nd Lt. Thomas F. Porter, 2nd Lt. Raymond D. Minogue.

Capt. Vernon R. Stolle, from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., 15 Oct., to off. of C. of Morale Branch, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. George A. Levi, from Camp Davis, N. C., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., New York.

1st Lt. Carl W. Fuller, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Sydney R. Greer, from Camp Hulen, Tex., to Philippine Dept., sail 7 Aug., San Francisco, Calif.

1st Lt. Carl B. Lindstrand, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Henry P. Pryor, from Puerto Rican Dept., 4 Sept. to hq., 1st Corps Area, Boston, Mass.

2nd Lt. Robert D. Totenberry, from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 6 Sept., New York.

2nd Lt. Martin J. Schwager, prior orders amended, from Camp Haan, Calif.

2nd Lt. Frank J. Petelik, jr., from Ft. Bliss, Tex., 28 Aug., to Wash. U., St. Louis, Mo.

Following 2nd Lts. from Camp Wallace, Tex., to Hawaiian Dept., sail 19 Aug., San Francisco, Calif.: Melvin S. Herban, Alvin S. Isaacs.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. COURTNEY H. HODGES, C. of Inf.

Col. Thomas H. Monroe, from Camp San Luis Obispo, Calif., to hq., Fourth Army, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

Col. Charles H. Lantz, from Philippine Dept., to hq., 9th Corps Area, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., sail 4 Aug., Manila, P. I.

Col. Gilbert M. Allen, Ft. George G. Meade, Md., retired, 31 Aug., 64 yrs.

Col. Charles K. Nulsen, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to 8th CASC and CO of that station.

Col. Fay W. Brabson, from Camp Wolters, Tex., to 8th CASC, and CO of Camp Berkeley, Tex.

Col. Delphin E. Thebaud, from Ft. Jackson, S. C., 15 Aug., to hq., 2nd Corps Area, Governors Is., N. Y.

Col. Minucan D. Cannon, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 10 Aug., to 4th CASC, Camp Shelby, Miss.

Lt. Col. Arthur Floyd, retired, 30 Nov., at own application, 33 years' service.

Lt. Col. Kearle L. Berry, Camp Bowie, Tex., to command that station.

Lt. Col. Loyd Van H. Durfee, from Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y.

Lt. Col. Thomas A. Austin, jr., from San Antonio, Tex., 10 Sept., to military attache, Tegucigalpa, Honduras.

Lt. Col. Albert Tucker, to high schools, San Antonio, Tex., in add. to other duties.

Lt. Col. Henry E. Cox, from Ft. Benning, Ga., 29 July, to asst. const. QM, 4th Zone, Atlanta, Ga.

Lt. Col. Alfred V. Ednie, prior orders amended, from Ft. Missoula, Mont., 10 Aug., to 4th CASC, Camp Claiborne, La.

Lt. Col. Lloyd N. Winters, from Camp Roberts, Calif., 15 Aug., to IGD, hq., 9th Corps Area, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

Maj. Garland H. Williams, from Wash., D. C., 5th Aug., to Inf. Sch. Ser. Com., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Maj. Seymour W. Wurfel, from San Diego, Calif., to hq., 7th Inf. Div., Ft. Ord, Calif.

Maj. George Selman, prior orders revoked.

Maj. William J. Phelan, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to 758th Tank Bn., Camp Claiborne, La.

Maj. William E. Donegan, Hawaiian Dept., to GS with troops, Hawaiian Dept.

Capt. Robert G. Chambers, Ft. Knox, Ky., to Air Base Det., Godman Fld., that station.

Capt. William S. McCrea, from Arlington Cantonment, Va., to Ft. Dix, N. J.

Following off., from station indicated, to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Charleston, S. C.: Capt. Roy T. Norman, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; 1st Lt. Joseph B. Brooks, Ft. Jackson, S. C.; 1st Lt. Charles M. Gettys, Camp Croft, S. C.; 1st Lt. Robert W. Gose, jr., Ft. Jackson, S. C.; Capt. John C. Wilson, Phoenix, Ariz., to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., that station.

Capt. Stanley N. Boykin, jr., prior orders revoked.

Following off., from station indicated, to Panama Canal Dept., sail 26 Aug., New Orleans: Capt. Weley W. Bowman, Camp Shelby, Miss.; 1st Lt. Ralph R. Ravenburg, Camp Wheeler, Ga.; 1st Lt. John G. Reiber, Camp Livingstone, La.; 1st Lt. Lewis J. Walker, jr., Camp Wheeler, Ga.; 2nd Lt. Hugh E. Howard, Camp Wheeler, Ga.; 2nd Lt. Lindsay B. Millikin, Camp Wheeler, Ga.; 2nd Lt. John L. Rawls, Camp Wheeler, Ga.

Following off., from station indicated, to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Charleston, S. C.: Capt. Edward A. Yeater, Camp Croft, S. C.; 1st Lt. James D. Riel, Camp Croft, S. C.; 1st Lt. John W. Starnes, jr., Ft. Jackson, S. C.; 2nd Lt. John F. Brun, Camp Croft, S. C.; 2nd Lt. John S. Caldwell, jr., Camp Croft, S. C.; 2nd Lt. Charles A. Holland, jr., Ft. Jackson, S. C.; 2nd Lt. Elmer M. Holland, Ft. Jackson, S. C.; 2nd Lt. John J. Irby, Ft. Jackson, S. C.; 2nd Lt. James C. Lemmon, Camp Croft, S. C.; 2nd Lt. Carl W. McCully, jr., Camp Croft, S. C.; 2nd Lt. Kenneth N. Shade, Camp Croft, S. C.

Following off., from station indicated, to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 23 Aug., New York: Capt. Louis A. Britten, Camp Shelby, Miss.; Capt. John P. Warren, Ft. Benning, Ga.; 1st Lt. Harold B. Dotson, Camp Wheeler, Ga.; 1st Lt. Conrad O. Frazier, Camp Croft, S. C.; 1st Lt. Eddie L. Gordon, Ft. Benning, Ga.; 1st Lt. Arthur W. Lagrone, Camp Croft, S. C.; 1st Lt. William L. Mullen, Camp Croft, S. C.; 1st Lt. James W. Twitty, Camp Shelby, Miss.; 1st Lt. Brenden E. Toolin, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

Following off., from station indicated, to Philippine Dept., sail 7 Aug., San Francisco: Capt. Leo F. Glitter, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.; Capt. Walter Morris, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.; Capt. Ray B. Stroud, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.; 1st Lt. Paul L. Bach, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.; 1st Lt. Arthur C. Biedenstein, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.; 1st Lt. Glenn W. Wohler, Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Ark.

Following off., Ft. Benning, Ga., to Inf. Sch. Ser. Com., that station: Capt. William T. Ryder; 1st Lt. James A. Bassett; 1st Lt. Jack Blades; 1st Lt. James L. LaPrade; 1st Lt. Alton R. Taylor; 2nd Lt. Morris S. Anderson; 2nd Lt. John B. O'Connell; 2nd Lt. Benjamin B. Walters; 2nd Lt. Mason L. Wood.

1st Lt. John A. Connolly, from St. Augustine, Fla., 31 July, to inactive status.

1st Lt. Lionel Mann, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., New Orleans.

Following off., from Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., New York: 1st Lt. Stanley H. Gabler; 2nd Lt. William R. C. Beatty.

1st Lt. Archibald B. Thomson, from Ft. Jackson, S. C., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 23 Aug., New York.

1st Lt. William E. Ekman, Ft. Benning, Ga.,

to Provisional Parachute Group, that station.

1st Lt. Harvey R. Wilke, prior orders amended, from Ft. Belvoir, Va.

1st Lt. Elmo H. Alvis, prior orders amended, to Panama Canal Dept., sail 11 Aug., New York.

1st Lt. Phillip R. North, from Camp Bowie, Tex., 4 Aug., to hq., 8th Corps Area, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

2nd Lt. Bernard P. Haley, prior orders amended, to 3rd Div., Ft. Lewis, Wash.

2nd Lt. Robert B. Deahl, from Camp Claiborne, La., to Puerto Rican Dept., sail 23 Aug., New York.

2nd Lt. James W. Sutherland, jr., prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Robert B. Johnstone, from Camp Forrest, Tenn., 31 July, to inactive status.

2nd Lt. Jesse D. Thompson, prior order revoked, from home, 20 Aug., to Spartan Sch. of Aeronautics, Tulsa, Okla.

2nd Lt. Joseph E. Farmer, jr., from Presidio of San Francisco, to 6th Inf. Div., Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.

Following 2nd Lts. from station indicated, to Provisional Parachute Group, Ft. Benning, Ga.: Herman C. Hupperich, Camp Wheeler, Ga.; Lucius O. Rucker, Camp Wolters, Tex.

2nd Lt. Harry Paller, from Camp Polk, La., 28 July, to OD, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

Following 2nd Lts. from Camp Polk, La., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Charleston, S. C.: Walter C. Hess; Leslie R. Hooper.

Following 2nd Lts. prior orders revoked: Elmer M. Holland; John J. Irby.

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. GEORGE H. BRETT, C. of AC

Col. Harvey S. Burwell, from Hawaiian Dept., to AC Prov. Ground, Eglin Fld., Fla.

Col. Robert C. Candee, from Wash., D. C., to command, 4th Air Support Command, Hamilton Fld., Calif.

Col. Asa N. Duncan, from Wash., D. C., to command, 3rd Air Support Command, Savannah, Ga.

Lt. Col. Russell L. Maughan, prior order amended, to Westover Fld., Mass.

Lt. Col. Leonard H. Drennan, from Puerto Rican Dept., to AC Maint. Com., Wright Fld., O.

Lt. Col. Christopher W. Ford, to Instr., AC Georgia NG, in add. to other duties, in Atlanta, Ga.

Following off., from office Chief of AC, to Hqs. Army Air Forces, Wash., D. C.: Lt. Col. Orin J. Bushey, Maj. Richard E. Nugent.

Lt. Col. Arthur W. Vanaman, from off. C. of AC, to Hqs. Army Air Forces, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Ralph E. Holmes, from Brooks Fld., Tex., 1 Aug., to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Lake Charles, La.

Maj. Warren H. Higgins, from Hawaiian Dept., to Westover Fld., Mass.

Maj. William S. Johnston, from New York, 30 July, to Curtiss Propeller Div. of Wright Aero. Cor., Caldwell, N. J.

Maj. Joel E. Mallory, from Maxwell Fld., Ala., 1 Aug., to AC Bas. Fly. Sch., Greenville, Miss.

Maj. Elmer J. Rogers, jr., from Atlanta, Ga., to hq., Air Force Combat Com., Bolling Fld., D. C.

Following off., from Pasadena Calif., 15 Aug., to Bolling Fld., D. C.: Maj. Harold L. Smith; Maj. Don Z. Zimmerman; Capt. John B. Ackerman; Capt. Milton W. Arnold.

Maj. John F. Guillet, from Barksdale Fld., La., 1 Aug., to AC Bas. Fly. Sch., Greenville, Miss.

Following Majors from station indicated, 1 Aug., to station shown: From Randolph Fld., Tex.: Oscar L. Beal, to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Mission, Tex.; Henry W. Dorr, to AC Bas. Fly. Sch., Enid, Okla.; Herbert M. Newstrom, to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Lubbock, Tex.; John T. Sprague, to AC Bas. Fly. Sch., Waco, Tex.; Robert W. Warren, AC Bas. Fly. Sch., Sherman-Denison, Tex.; Henry R. Baker, from San Angelo, Tex., to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Midland, Tex.

Capt. Wilson V. Newhall, from Chicago, Ill., to Patterson Fld., O.

Capt. Matt G. Carpenter, from Key Fld., Miss., to AC Maintenance Com., McClellan Fld., Calif.

Capt. Clyde H. Mitchell, from Camp Beauregard, La., to asst. dist. Super., Central AC Procurement Dist., Detroit, Mich.

Capt. Orvil W. Haynes, from Tulsa, Okla., 2 Aug., to AC Train. Detach., Dallas Aviation Sch., Love Fld., Tex.

Capt. Charles R. Westover, from Bolling Fld., D. C., to MacDill Fld., Fla.

Capt. Clayton A. Scott, from Oklahoma City, Okla., 10 Aug., to Gulf Coast AC Train. Ctr., Randolph Fld., Tex.

Capt. John L. Chesebrough, from Wright Fld., O., to AC Maintenance Command Sub-

depot, Gunter Fld., Ala.

Capt. Lawrence S. Fulwider, from Patterson Fld., Ohio, to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Ellington Fld., Texas.

1st Lt. Clarence A. Shoop, from Paso Robles, Calif., to asst. dist. Super., Western AC Pro. Dist., Santa Monica, Calif.

1st Lt. John P. Griffice, Wash., D. C., to off. of C. of S., that station.

1st Lt. George R. Stanley, from Jacksonville, Fla., to Materiel Div., Wright Fld., O.

1st Lt. James H. Bearly, from MacDill Fld., Fla., to Will Rogers Fld., Okla.

1st Lt. Robert A. Gardner, from Ft. Lewis, Wash., 28 Aug., to AC Bas. Fly. Sch., Moffett Fld., Calif.

2nd Lt. William R. Usery, jr., prior orders amended, to Panama Canal Dept., sail 12 Sept., New Orleans.

2nd Lt. James P. Breen, prior orders amended, to Hawaiian Dept., sail 19 Aug., San Francisco.

2nd Lt. Herbert J. Tillapaugh, jr., from Love Fld., Tex., 2 Aug., to AC Train. Det., Spartan Sch. of Aero., Municipal Airport, Tulsa, Okla.

Following 2nd Lts. from Selfridge Fld., Mich., to station indicated: Harold S. Anthon, AC Bas. Fly. Sch., Bakersfield, Calif.; James M. Banghart, Army Air Base, Bowman Fld., Ky.

2nd Lt. John M. Miller, prior orders amended, to Puerto Rican Dept., sail New York, 9 Aug.

Orders to following 2nd Lts. amended: to Third Weather Sqdn., permanent station ind.: Everett J. Cartwright, Municipal Airport, Fargo, N. D.; Leonard P. Cohen, Sloan Fld., Midland, Tex.

ORDERS TO RETIRED OFFICERS

Col. Joseph H. Earle, to active duty, 1 Aug., rank of Maj., to U. of Tenn., Knoxville, Tenn.

PROMOTIONS

Following off. to rank indicated, 23 July: John G. Aldrich, jr., Inf., Capt.; Herbert W. Andrews, Ord., Capt.; Barnett E. Bey, QM, Capt.; Samuel E. Bignell, Fla., Capt.; Arnold D. Blair, Inf., Capt.; Fred A. Borak, Inf., 1st Lt.; Charles M. Boucek, Med., Maj.; Cleo A. Brall, Med., Capt.; James F. Callahan, FA, Capt.; Paul E. Carney, Inf., 1st Lt.; John Dart, JAG, Lt. Col.; William H. Derr, Cav., 1st Lt.; Leonard L. Dunwoody, QM, 1st Lt.; Richard B. Eigelbach, Inf., 1st Lt.; Herbert H. Ferguson, Ord., Capt.; Robert R. Gridley, Air, 1st Lt.; Edwin M. Howison, FA, 1st Lt.; Louis D. James, Med., Capt.; Joseph A. Johnson, jr., 1st Lt.; David Kirk, QM, Maj.; Ben E. Knolle, Med., Capt.; Carl R. Langer, Inf., 1st Lt.; Martin Leichter, Med., Capt.; William A. Letson, Inf., Capt.; James W. McCurdy, Med., Capt.; Thomas J. Milburn,

(Continued on Next Page)

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Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Inf., 1st Lt.; William H. Morgan, FA, 1st Lt.; Otto A. Nelson, Inf., 1st Lt.; John M. Neuffer, Inf., 1st Lt.; Albert P. Nicol, Engr., 1st Lt.; William D. Nielsen, CA, 1st Lt.; Norval L. Offenbauer, CA, Maj.; Simon T. Osgood, Ord., 1st Lt.; Richard G. Otto, Cav., 1st Lt.; Alvin Z. Owen, Cav., 1st Lt.; Martin M. Phillipsborn, Jr., Cav., 1st Lt.; Monroe Phillips, Ord., 1st Lt.; Jeff S. Rhine, Ord., 1st Lt.; Martin H. Rittenhouse, Jr., FA, 1st Lt.; Arthur B. Rolph, Inf., 1st Lt.; Charles E. Roper, CA, 1st Lt.; Mitchell F. Salkley, Sig., Capt.; William N. Schindel, CA, Capt.; Roger L. Shearer, Inf., Maj.; Charles L. Siegel, Ord., Capt.; Philip M. Sleet, Inf., 1st Lt.; Benjamin M. E. Smith, Jr., Cav., 1st Lt.; Hjalmer B. Strom, QM, Capt.; William E. Stubbs, Inf., Maj.; Edward W. Thomson, Air, Maj.; Charles E. Trapp, Inf., 1st Lt.; Luther M. Vaughan, Med., Capt.; Harry B. Weinberg, Med., Capt.; Paul R. Wilner, Med., Capt.; Henry C. Woodward, Cav., 1st Lt.; Maj. Gordon H. Butler, CE, to Lt. Col., 25 June.

2nd Lt. Robert E. Cullis, Inf., to 1st Lt., 24 July.

2nd Lt. George J. Kelly, Inf., to 1st Lt., 24 July.

2nd Lt. John G. Wheale, OD, to 1st Lt., 28 July.

2nd Lt. Arthur McC. Frey, Inf., to 1st Lt., 28 July.

Following off, to rank indicated, 24 July: Marshall B. Allen, Cav., 1st Lt.; John M. Barnes, Cav., 1st Lt.; Dan O.C. Bayless, Cav., 1st Lt.; Milledge M. Beckwith, Inf., Capt.; Paul G. Bohike, Sig., 1st Lt.; Chester G. Bouwkamp, CA, Capt.; Walter J. Broehm, QM, Maj.; Wilfred S. Brown, Inf., 1st Lt.; Frederick W. DeMeritt, CA, 1st Lt.; James H. Dunbar, Jr., Ord., 1st Lt.; Armand C. Felchtmelr, Ord., 1st Lt.; Omer S. Freeman, Jr., FA, 1st Lt.; Herman C. Holman, Ord., 1st Lt.; Eugene S. Hopp, Med., Capt.; Leon R. Hyman, QM, Maj.; Paul E. Jacobs, Inf., Maj.; John P. Johnson, FA, 1st Lt.; Boscoe E. Klinger, Inf., 1st Lt.; Edward P. Krish, MA, 1st Lt.; Robert G. Lavell, CA, 1st Lt.; Leslie H. Layman, Med., Capt.; Victor Lee, FA, Lt. Col.; Ralph H. Leer, Inf., Capt.; Edward H. Long, Ord., 1st Lt.; Albert D. Loring, Ord., Capt.; James N. Luton, Inf., Maj.; Joseph D. McWherter, Jr., FA, 1st Lt.; Brice J. Martin, Inf., 1st Lt.; Wheeler G. Merriam, Inf., Capt.; Hugh S. Miles, Jr., CA, 1st Lt.; Jean F. Mitchell, Ord., 1st Lt.; Austin G. Mueller, FA, 1st Lt.; John S. Myers, FA, 1st Lt.; Charles B. Nines, Engr., 1st Lt.; Richard H. Norwood, Inf., 1st Lt.; Robert E. Nutt, Ord., 1st Lt.; Harold E. O'Neal, Med., Maj.; Frederick K. Pearman, QM, 1st Lt.; Clifton R. Pond, Ch., Capt.; Jerome S. Prince, Ord., Capt.; Robert E. Ragan, Inf., 1st Lt.; Frank C. Seltz, Inf., Capt.; Charles W. Shoely, Sig., Maj.; Maurice E. Suhre, Engr., Capt.; Frank J. Tarallo, Inf., 1st Lt.; Andrew E. Thuesen, Med., Capt.; Herbert J. Tillapaugh, Jr., Air, 1st Lt.; Richard L. Tracy, Engr., 1st Lt.; Alexander L. Ungar, Dent., Maj.; Fred W. Urick, FA, Capt.; Fred A. Zweifel, Ord., 1st Lt.

1st Lt. Charles L. Hamilton, AC, to Capt., 29 July.

2nd Lt. Donald J. Richardson, Inf., to 1st Lt., 29 July.

2nd Lt. Frank F. Carr, Cav., to 1st Lt., 29 July.

2nd Lt. Roy T. Dodge, CE, to 1st Lt., 30 July.

2nd Lt. Donald H. Kauffman, AC, to 1st Lt., 30 July.

Following off, to rank indicated, 25 July: Clinton L. Adams, FA, Capt.; Moses J. Barber, Inf., 1st Lt.; James F. Barnard, Med., Capt.; Edward J. Barta, CW, Maj.; Clifford B. Browning, Inf., 1st Lt.; Morris J. Brummer, Inf., Maj.; Cecil E. Bryan, Jr., Ord., 1st Lt.; Howard H. Burd, FA, Capt.; Orville R. Callahan, FA, 1st Lt.; Joseph Copeland, Med., Capt.; Clayton L. Coulter, Ord., 1st Lt.; Joe H. Crakes, Inf., Capt.; Joseph W. Crim, MA, 1st Lt.; William M. Daniel, Cav., 1st Lt.; Thomas J. Dickey, Jr., Cav., 1st Lt.; William G. Duke, Jr., Ord., 1st Lt.; James H. DuPre, CA, 1st Lt.; Felix E. Fisher, Engr., 1st Lt.; Joshua H. Foster, Jr., Air, Capt.; Jose Garcia, Inf., 1st Lt.; Ralph J. Griffin, Sn., Capt.; Edward Grubin, Inf., 1st Lt.; Lewis H. Hamilton, Inf., Maj.; Earl L. Jackson, QM, 1st Lt.; James F. Kahlenberg, FA, Capt.; Wickliffe B. Kirby, FA, 1st Lt.; Ernest A. Lack, Ch., Maj.; Theodore Leba, Jr., Engr., 1st Lt.; Jack F. LeMire, MA, Capt.; Walter A. Luski, Cav., 1st Lt.; George R. McClary, Med., Capt.; Ralph D. McConigley, Ord., Capt.; Charles D. McCracken, Jr., FA, 1st Lt.; Harold G. MacAdams, Inf., Maj.; Arthur S. Macke, Engr., Capt.; Serge T. Migdal, Inf., 1st Lt.; John W. Miles, CA, 1st Lt.; Carl T. Nordstrom, Engr., Lt. Col.; Herbert C. Person, QM, 1st Lt.; Herbert A. Petach, MA, Capt.; Daniel J. Pfau, CW, Capt.; Philip B. Pitts, Cav., 1st Lt.; Frederick H. Posey, Inf., Capt.; John H. Ratliff, QM, Maj.; George T. Robertson, FA, Capt.; James A. Saffeld, FA, 1st Lt.; James H. Sams, FA, Maj.; Robert E. Sessler, Ord., 1st Lt.; Russell L. Sigler, Ord., 1st Lt.; Norton A. Smith, Engr., 1st Lt.; William H. Strang, Ord., 1st Lt.; James T. Swann, Jr., FA, 1st Lt.; Glenn

E. Swartz, QM, Maj.; Willard P. Swearingen, CW, Capt.; Solomon S. Temkin, Inf., 1st Lt.; George C. Tompkins, FA, 1st Lt.; Lawrence A. Trautman, Ord., 1st Lt.; Wales W. Wallace, Engr., 1st Lt.; Frederick P. Wenger, FA, 1st Lt.; George C. West, Jr., FA, 1st Lt.; James F. White, Engr., 1st Lt.

Following off, to rank indicated, 26 July: Leroy C. Askwig, Med., Capt.; Eugene F. Baird, FA, Capt.; Albert D. Barry, Inf., 1st Lt.; James H. Bash, FA, Capt.; Dominic Bergelis, Sig., Capt.; Edward H. Bowman, Air, Maj.; Carlton P. Chandler, Inf., 1st Lt.; Gilbert E. Chase, CA, Capt.; John J. Christy, Inf., 1st Lt.; Willard D. Clark, FA, Capt.; Morris Cohen, Med., Capt.; Guy L. Colson, Jr., CA, Capt.; Aristotle A. Copetas, CA, 1st Lt.; Andrew P. DaPuzzo, Inf., 1st Lt.; Sol C. Davidson, CA, 1st Lt.; Arnold N. Davis, JAG, Maj.; Robert B. Deahl, Inf., 1st Lt.; Roy Edson, Jr., Cav., 1st Lt.; James L. Evans, Jr., Med., Capt.; Meyer Fischer, Dent., Capt.; Kermit W. Fox, Med., Capt.; Henry LeR. Gollong, Inf., 1st Lt.; Winfred S. Hayman, Cav., Capt.; Harold Hoenig, AG, 1st Lt.; Floyd D. Howton, Dent., Capt.; William Jaffa, Med., Capt.; Arthur W. Johnson, Cav., Capt.; Oliver H. Johnson, CW, Capt.; Wilhelm Jorgensen, CA, Capt.; James C. Lewis, QM, Maj.; George A. Lucey, Cav., 1st Lt.; George H. McCullagh, Sig., 1st Lt.; Richard T. Maddox, CA, Capt.; Harold I. Markowitz, Med., Capt.; Henry L. Miller, QM, Capt.; Solomon B. Mizroch, Med., Capt.; Robert A. Mumme, FA, 1st Lt.; Thomas A. Murphy, Inf., Capt.; Thomas F. O'Brien, FA, 1st Lt.; Henry G. Pedri, Inf., Capt.; Philip H. Porter, Jr., QM, Maj.; William O. Rank, MA, Capt.; George A. Reed, FA, 1st Lt.; Emmanuel E. Ricciardelli, Med., Capt.; William McA. Sawers, QM, 1st Lt.; Philip B. Scott, Sig., 1st Lt.; Bernard Segal, Ch., Capt.; Matthew J. Slovic, Engr., 1st Lt.; Max Tauber, Med., Capt.; Benjamin T. Taylor, Engr., 1st Lt.; Russell C. Thomas, Engr., 1st Lt.; Franklin W. Wilson, Inf., 1st Lt.; Jewell R. Wilson, Med., Capt.; Melvin J. Zweifel, Ord., 1st Lt.

Following off, to rank indicated, 28 July: Norman R. Archer, FA, 1st Lt.; Cecil L. Birdwell, Dent., Maj.; Harold Blackstone, CA, Capt.; Michael C. Brunner, Engr., Maj.; Patrick J. Byrne, Inf., Capt.; Daniel K. Chinlund, Sig., 1st Lt.; Howard E. Cox, Cav., 1st Lt.; Frank M. Crittenden, Engr., Capt.; Henry B. Earthman, Jr., Air, 1st Lt.; Albert V. Finn, Ord., 1st Lt.; Grady C. Fuller, Engr., Maj.; Peter J. Glimmer, Inf., Capt.; William O. Hogarth, CA, 1st Lt.; Carl J. Isley, Engr., 1st Lt.; Gerald H. Kadel, CA, Capt.; Herbert S. Kamsler, AG, Maj.; George E. Kendall, Inf., Capt.; Raymond C. Lewis, Air, Maj.; Thomas D. Lewis, Jr., FA, 1st Lt.; Mischa J. Lustok, Med., Capt.; Frederick P. Magers, Cav., Capt.; Bernard L. Mathews, Jr., Sig., 1st Lt.; Walter B. Packard, Air, 1st Lt.; Raymond S. Page, Jr., Ord., 1st Lt.; Francis J. Palme, Engr., Capt.; Jack Rogers, Cav., 1st Lt.; Thomas J. Rogers, Med., Capt.; Chaytor H. Ryan, QM, Maj.; George Sanders, Cav., 1st Lt.; William I. Silvernail, CA, Capt.; Allen C. Spencer, CW, Maj.

Following off, to rank indicated, 29 July: Charles M. Olson, AG, 1st Lt.; Harold Boehmer, Ord., 1st Lt.; Donald P. Boyer, Jr., Inf., 1st Lt.; Aloysius M. Brumbaugh, QM, Maj.; Roland P. Campbell, Inf., 1st Lt.; Thomas R. Carnahan, Jr., Cav., Capt.; Walter K. Cathey, CW, Capt.; Tolbert A. Cooke, Sig., 1st Lt.; Frank L. Culley, Engr., Capt.; Wendell E. Cunningham, QM, 1st Lt.; Edward K. Duncan, Cav., 1st Lt.; Richard G. Elliott, Med., Capt.; John A. Fine, Jr., Cav., 1st Lt.; Homer T. Ford, Engr., Capt.; Henry A. Hendry, Jr., JAG, Maj.; William H. Hudelson, Engr., 1st Lt.; Manuel C. Kastner, Vet., Capt.; Francis H. LaMarre, Inf., 1st Lt.; George G. Litman, CA, 1st Lt.; Llewellyn Lloyd, Inf., Maj.; Charles W. Lovin, Ch., Maj.; Claude M. Lyke, Jr., Inf., 1st Lt.; Joseph F. Maguire, Med., Capt.; Regis M. Maher, Med., Capt.; Chester C. Martin, MA, 1st Lt.; Paul D. Marx, Med., Capt.; Walter H. Matuska, Med., Maj.; Maurice D. Meyers, Engr., Capt.; Matt A. Nieminen, Air, Maj.; Harlee R. O'Neal, QM, 1st Lt.; Fleming DuB. Pierce, Jr., Inf., 1st Lt.; Joseph M. Plant, Jr., Engr., Capt.; Ira W. Porter, Inf., 1st Lt.; James R. Register, Jr., Inf., 1st Lt.; Loyola G. Roeling, Dent., Maj.; Francis J. Rosinski, Inf., 1st Lt.; Willey F. Shaver, Jr., CA, 1st Lt.; David B. Snelling, Med., Capt.; Johnathan E. Sonnefeld, Engr., 1st Lt.; Wilburn L. Strickland, Cav., Capt.; William P. Strider, QM, 1st Lt.; Robert M. Thurston, CA, 1st Lt.; Philip C. Turner, Inf., 1st Lt.; Hugh E. Watts, Jr., Ord., 1st Lt.; William H. Weddle, Engr., 1st Lt.; Edward L. Whelan, CA, 1st Lt.; Robert Woodruff, Med., Capt.

TEMPORARY PROMOTIONS

Following off, to rank indicated, 23 July: Charles W. Angar, Inf., Capt.; Robert H. Archer, Jr., AGD, Capt.; John Bisbing, Inf., 1st Lt.; Bernard U. Bolton, Inf., Capt.; Hugh L. Cardoza, Inf., 1st Lt.; John L. Cooper, Cav., 1st Lt.; James R. Duren, Jr., Inf., 1st Lt.; Everett W. Faulk, OD, Maj.; Alexander H. Gillilan, Inf., Capt.; William L. Pentress, SC, 1st Lt.; William C. Gedecke, AC, 1st Lt.; William D. Gnuv, FA, Capt.; Urban B. Goesser, Inf., 1st Lt.; Glenn F. Hake, Inf., 1st Lt.; Edwin S. Harris, AC, 1st Lt.; Robert C. Harris, Inf., 1st Lt.; Norman E. Hendrickson, FA, Col.; Henry D. Johnson, FA, Maj.; Joel

M. Lewison, Inf., 1st Lt.; George S. Luketz, AC, 1st Lt.; James J. McCleery, Inf., Capt.; Henry C. McCormick, Inf., 1st Lt.; George P. Martin, Inf., 1st Lt.; Henry M. Moser, Inf., 1st Lt.; Richard C. O'Connell, AGD, Maj.; Ernest G. Petersen, Inf., 1st Lt.; Jeremiah P. Pirone, Inf., 1st Lt.; Edward M. Reilly, OD, Capt.; George F. Rhoads, Inf., 1st Lt.; Harry E. Rice, Inf., 1st Lt.; Erwin E. Schmidt, Inf., 1st Lt.; Ray S. Silbert, Inf., 1st Lt.; Henry A. Smith, Jr., Inf., 1st Lt.; Lewis E. Stafford, SC, 1st Lt.; Robert L. Strickland, DC, Lt. Col.; Paul Thompson, Inf., 1st Lt.; Tom C. Turley, Jr., Inf., 1st Lt.; Philip R. Van Duyn, Jr., CAC, 1st Lt.

Following off, to rank indicated, 24 July: Thomas B. Birdson, Inf., Col.; Frederick W. Bradshaw, JAGD, Lt. Col.; Ambrose J. Briscoe, Inf., 1st Lt.; Alfred M. Camp, FA, 1st Lt.; James F. Cantwell, FA, Capt.; DeLair A. Clark, Inf., 1st Lt.; George E. Deyarmond, FA, Capt.; James P. Engel, FA, 1st Lt.; Lynwood W. Fisher, FA, Capt.; James F. Garfield, Inf., 1st Lt.; Coy M. Green, Inf., 1st Lt.; Frank W. Harkin, FA, Capt.; Roland V. Harvey, FA, 1st Lt.; Charles W. Henry, FA, Capt.; James R. Hillard, Inf., 1st Lt.; Philip S. Huston, SC, 1st Lt.; Claire W. Jennings, sr., Inf., 1st Lt.; Frederick B. Kay, Inf., 1st Lt.; James B. Kemp, Inf., 1st Lt.; Charles F. LaBelle, MC, Maj.; Elmer M. Lund, Inf., 1st Lt.; Norval Harrison McDonald, DC, Lt. Col.; Howard A. Manske, Inf., 1st Lt.; Murrell F. Markus, FA, Maj.; Fred G. Mitchell, Inf., 1st Lt.; Howard E. Morgan, Inf., 1st Lt.; Matthew H. Morris, Inf., 1st Lt.; Glenn E. Muggelberg, Inf., 1st Lt.; Maurice C. Murphy, Inf., 1st Lt.; George E. Murray, Inf., 1st Lt.; Alfred H. Nelson, Inf., 1st Lt.; Stafford N. Ordahl, Inf., Capt.; Henry F. Peterson, FA, Capt.; Cloyd W. Pickett, Inf., 1st Lt.; Jesse D. Preston, Inf., 1st Lt.; William W. Prout, Cav., 1st Lt.; Harold A. Pruyn, Ch., Capt.; Theodore V. Ramsey, Inf., 1st Lt.; Donald E. Revier, Inf., 1st Lt.; Edward H. Sandell, Inf., 1st Lt.; Henry F. Selcer, Ch., Maj.; Robert C. Slyter, Inf., 1st Lt.; Lee F. Starbuck, Inf., 1st Lt.; Russell C. Stenson, Inf., 1st Lt.; Peter L. Topic, FA, Capt.; Frank S. Townsend, FA, Maj.; Stanley W. White, Inf., 1st Lt.; Thomas M. Williams, FA, Maj.

Following off, to rank indicated, 25 July: Samuel Baglien, Inf., Lt. Col.; Howard W. Baker, Inf., 1st Lt.; Dewey H. Bear, Inf., Maj.; Donald W. Behnke, Inf., 1st Lt.; Ernest L. Bell, Jr., Inf., Maj.; Dwight W. Bingham, FA, Capt.; Charlemagne Bonquet, Inf., 1st Lt.; Solomon A. Busch, Inf., 1st Lt.; Paul LeM. Davis, Inf., 1st Lt.; Joseph F. Decker, Inf., 1st Lt.; Lynn C. Dirksen, DC, Maj.; Marvin A. Good, Inf., 1st Lt.; Goodman G. Grelier, Inf., 1st Lt.; Irving W. Helm, Inf., 1st Lt.; Pelham H. Henry, Inf., 1st Lt.; Louis D. Hoffstein, MC, Capt.; Frank V. Holden, Inf., 1st Lt.; Sammie N. Homan, Inf., 1st Lt.; Harley E. Horken, Inf., 1st Lt.; Hans A. Kessler, FA, 1st Lt.; Ralph J. King, FA, Maj.; Edwin R. Lewis, Inf., 1st Lt.; Matthew V. McCormick, SC, 1st Lt.; Stephen J. Mallinka, CE, Capt.; Christopher W. Martin, Inf., 1st Lt.; Albert H. Mead, Inf., Capt.; Wayne Miller, Inf., Capt.; Joseph A. Myers, Inf., Maj.; Donald E. Newberry, Inf., 1st Lt.; Robert B. Norris, Inf., 1st Lt.; Leonard D. Petersen, Inf., Capt.; George D. Rieland, Inf., 1st Lt.; George A. Roberts, FA, Capt.; Thomas A. Rockett, Ch., Lt. Col.; Maurice W. Stacy, Inf., 1st Lt.; Alf K. Stratte, MC, Maj.; John A. Thibodeaux, Inf., 1st Lt.; Charles E. Tompkins, FA, Maj.; Walter E. Tubbs, Inf., 1st Lt.; Frank C. Tuma, Inf., 1st Lt.; Raymond C. Turk, DC, Maj.; Peter Urban, Inf., 1st Lt.; Ivan G. Walz, FA, Maj.; Robert O. Ward, Inf., 1st Lt.; William W. Ward, Inf., Maj.; Harry M. Wilmer, Inf., 1st Lt.; Thomas L. Wolfe, Ch., Lt. Col.; Homer E. Wright, Inf., 1st Lt.; Alphe B. Young, Inf., Maj.; Raymond Zlevor, Inf., Maj.

Following off, to rank indicated, 26 July: Robert B. Baird, Inf., 1st Lt.; Thomas T. Barstow, FA, Maj.; Robert T. Bard, CE, 1st Lt.; Harry W. Berry, Inf., 1st Lt.; Edward W. Bird, Inf., 1st Lt.; King S. Butler, Inf., 1st Lt.; John W. Dirks, CAC, Capt.; Raymond R. Frick, CAC, Capt.; Robert E. Garfield, Cav., 1st Lt.; Mathew G. Geston, Inf., 1st Lt.; Gilberto Gonzalez, Inf., 1st Lt.; Melvin A. Halvorson, Inf., 1st Lt.; Wilbur G. Hamlin, CE, 1st Lt.; Lawrence B. Higgins, Inf., 1st Lt.; Clifford E. Hixon, CE, Capt.; Joseph K. Hoffman, AGD, Capt.; Maurice T. Horton, QMC, Capt.; Melvin W. Klopp, CAC, 1st Lt.; Robert P. Milligan, Inf., 1st Lt.; Robert J. Murphy, FA, Capt.; John D. Nottingham, AC, 1st Lt.; Mac A. Palmer, Inf., 1st Lt.; John D. Pusey, Inf., 1st Lt.; Emanuel M. Robertson, Inf., 1st Lt.; Robert V. Rushton, Inf., 1st Lt.; Gaviard S. Schultz, Inf., 1st Lt.; Joseph A. Stackley, CAC, 1st Lt.; William R. Tronson, Inf., 1st Lt.; Charles E. Walker, FA, 1st Lt.; Robert M. Wilbur, FA, Capt.; George G. Woehle, FD, Capt.; Earl W. Wolter, CAC, 1st Lt.

Capt. Reginald E. Looker, Spec., to Maj., 25 July.

Following off, to rank indicated, 28 July: George E. Rauch, CAC, 1st Lt.; Edwin R. Bodey, FA, Maj.; William A. Briscoe, QMC, Maj.; Clyde C. Colwell, FA, Maj.; Edwin T. Cooke, Ch., Lt. Col.; Lewis H. Ellis, Inf., 1st Lt.; Donald C. Greig, Inf., 1st Lt.; Reuben N. Hanson, FA, Maj.; Edward C. Hicks, Jr., Inf., 1st Lt.; Merle H. Howe, Inf., Maj.;

Kevin J. Knapp, CAC, 1st Lt.; John P. McGuire, Ch., Lt. Col.; Thomas F. McKenna, FA, Capt.; Robert R. Millan, Inf., 1st Lt.; Magnus J. Myres, MC, Lt. Col.; Fraser Neil, Inf., 1st Lt.; Joe P. Parish, Inf., 1st Lt.; Edward J. Planting, Inf., Capt.; Boleslaw H. Pokigo, FA, 1st Lt.; Donald F. Reightley, Inf., Capt.; Charles P. Roberts, AC, Capt.; Elton H. Rule, Inf., 1st Lt.; Harold R. Sandell, FA, Capt.; Glen A. Slaughter, Inf., 1st Lt.; Samuel N. Smith, Inf., 1st Lt.; John J. Sullivan, CAC, 1st Lt.; Sofus E. Urberg, MC, Maj.

Following off, to rank indicated, 29 July: Eugene R. Anderson, FA, Capt.; Lee J. Best, FA, Maj.; Marion P. Bowden, Inf., 1st Lt.; William L. Brame, Inf., 1st Lt.; Dwight E. Crabtree, Inf., Capt.; Raymond L. Cordes, CAC, 1st Lt.; Peter D. Duff, QMC, Capt.; Robert E. Eckman, Inf., 1st Lt.; Harold F. Fry, Inf., 1st Lt.; Milo B. Gacesa, Inf., 1st Lt.; William W. Griffin, FA, Maj.; Paul E. Hagmeyer, CAC, 1st Lt.; John R. Hann, FA, Lt. Col.; Philip C. Hawkes, FA, 1st Lt.; David R. Heftli, CAC, 1st Lt.; Lester J. Helquist, FA, 1st Lt.; Robert W. Hildebrand, FA, Capt.; Edward A. Hughes, FA, Capt.; Lester Ichter, FA, Capt.; Gustav E. Johnson, FA, Capt.; Harold R. Kusch, OD, 1st Lt.; Clifford O. Leak, CAC, 1st Lt.; Harry L. McMillen, CAC, Capt.; John S. Mark, Inf., 1st Lt.; Andrew Marshall, Jr., FA, 1st Lt.; Grant W. Mason, FA, 1st Lt.; Aaron J. Michalski, Inf., Capt.; Benjamin F. Modisett, Inf., Lt. Col.; Don J. Silsby, MC, Maj.; Leslie A. Skattum, CAC, 1st Lt.; Samuel A. Spalding, FA, Capt.; Bernard A. Teske, CAC, Capt.; Paul H. Thaler, Inf., 1st Lt.; Benjamin J. Trapani, Inf., 1st Lt.; William T. Wallace, Inf., 1st Lt.; Edmund H. Weber, Inf., Capt.

APPOINTMENTS
Capt. Cilo E. Straight, JAGD, Reg. Army, 24 July.

TEMPORARY APPOINTMENTS
Following appt'd 2nd Lts., 24 July: John S. Bind, Inf.; Julius G. Campbell, FA; Robert J. Hummel, CE; Patrick P. Kmat, CE; John D. Locke, FA; Frederic H. Palmblad, FA; James D. Richards, CE; Hubert J. St. Onge, FA; Frank A. Sandholm, FA; Lawrence S. Schoeneck, Inf.; John A. Skelton, Inf., Clifton V. Stell, Inf.; Antonin M. Sterba, CE; Lester J. Witt, Inf.

Following appt'd Lt. Cols., 24 July: Maj. Robert W. C. Wimsatt, AC; Maj. Donald F. Fritch, AC; Maj. John S. Griffith, AC.

Following appt'd Majors, 24 July: 1st Lt. Albert T. Wilson, Jr., AC (Capt., Army of U. S.); 1st Lt. John W. White, AG (Capt., Army of U. S.); 1st Lt. Stanley J. Donovan, AC (Capt., Army of U. S.).

Col. (Lt. Col.) Albert M. Guidera, AC, 31 July, temporary appointment as Col. terminated.

Following appt'd 2nd Lts., 25 July: Roy C. Baker, Inf.; Frank R. Burget, Inf.; Gordon A. Douglas, Inf.; Kenneth E. Godfrey, Inf.; Earl J. Hunter, CAC; Tommy L. Long, Inf.; George N. Myers, MAC; Herbert B. Neal, Inf.; Gilbert C. Ostrander, Inf.; Anthony M. Walker, FA; Jared B. White, FA.

Lt. Col. Charles C. Cresson, USA-Ret., to Col. Army of U. S., 26 July.

Following appt'd 2nd Lts., 26 July: Cahmp L. Baker, Inf.; Wilson G. Bell, Inf.; Robert C. Dalrymple, Cav.; Phillip H. Edwards, FA.

Following majors, USA-Ret., appt'd Lt. Cols., 28 July: Maj. Laurence H. Hanley, Maj. Eugene H. Sleeper.

Maj. Gen. Douglas MacArthur, USA-Ret., to Lt. Gen., Army of U. S., 27 July.

Following appt'd 2nd Lts., 29 July: Allan D. Beckstrom, FA; James D. Bell, FA; Raymond L. Bielak, Inf.; Frank Y. Bowland, Jr., Inf.; William F. Daugherty, Inf.; Julius R. Eadon, Jr., FA; Frank R. Edelbrock, Inf.; Eugene M. Eggle, OD; Bertram D. Haden, Inf.; George N. Hartwell, Inf.; Eugene E. Hirsch, Inf.; Andrew Homanich, Inf.; William K. Kerfoot, Inf.; Kenneth J. LePorte, Inf.; Harry L. Logan, Inf.; Sam J. LoPorte, Inf.; Wayne F. Martin, FA; Victor G. Raymond, Inf.; Willard P. Selke, Inf.; Arthur R. Smith, Jr., Inf.; Thomas O. Spiva, Inf.; Lory J. Sullivan, FA; Jesse W. Taylor, CAC; Glen A. Timmerman, CAC; Robert B. Westbrook, Inf.; Charles D. Williams, FA.

Capt. John R. Clark, USA-Ret., to Maj., 28 July.

Following appt'd 2nd Lts., 30 July: William T. Barnes, Inf.; John A. Bartley, Jr., Inf.; Marion A. Collins, CAC; George A. Fisher, Inf.; Devo J. Hudson, CE.

TRANSFERS

Following off, to serv. or Arm indicated, 24 July: Maj. Bernhard A. Johnson, from Inf. to QM; Capt. Clarence E. Higbee, from MA to Sn.; Capt. James R. McKinley, from Inf. to Sig.; 1st Lt. H. M. Biggs, from Inf. to QM; 1st Lt. James A. Canter, from FA to QM; 1st Lt. Jack R. Hare, from Inf. to QM; 1st Lt. Robert L. Jarrell, from Inf. to Sig.; 1st Lt. Joseph H. Walker, from Engr. to Ord.; 2nd Lt. Charles A. Jones, Jr., from Inf. to Engr.; 2nd Lt. Frank Kabase, from Engr. to Air; 2nd Lt. Frank J. Quayle, 3d, from Inf. to QM; 2nd Lt. William A. Walker, from Engr. to Air.

Capt. Aloysius M. Brumbaugh, Inf., 10 QMC, 25 July.

(Continued on Next Page)

Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

2nd Lt. Charles W. Florance, Jr., Inf., to QMC (now 1st Lt., Army of U. S.), 22 July.
 Capt. Clarence J. Hauck, Jr., CAC, to JADG, 25 July.
 Maj. Herman W. Fairbrother, Inf., to QMC, 25 July.
 Following off, to serv. or Arm indicated, 25 July: Maj. Robert J. Icks, from Inf. to QMC; Capt. Carl Godwin, from Inf. to QMC; Capt. Eric H. Landers, from Inf. to QMC; 1st Lt. Kenlon H. Brockwell, from Inf. to QMC; 2nd Lt. Rafael Marchan, from Inf. to QMC; 2nd Lt. George J. Matesich, from Inf. to QMC; 2nd Lt. Minton D. Parrish, from Inf. to QMC; 2nd Lt. Maurice D. Stack, from Inf. to QMC.
 Following off, to serv. or Arm indicated, 25 July: Capt. John M. Lockman, from Inf. to QMC; Capt. Joseph E. Sterner, from Inf. to QMC; 1st Lt. John L. Slick, from Inf. to QMC; 1st Lt. Harold W. Lieske, from CA to Engr.; 2nd Lt. Frank X. Murphy, from Inf. to Engr.; 2nd Lt. Jack W. Clark, from Engr. to Air.
 2nd Lt. James A. Harkins, QMC, to AC, 28 July.
 Following off, to Arm or serv. indicated, 25 July: Maj. Alvin B. Welsh, from QMC to FA; Maj. Paul A. Wilks, from Inf. to QMC; Capt. Walter E. Landgraf, from Sig. to QMC; Capt. George G. Mooney, from CA to Engr.; 1st Lt. Robert A. Brayton, from CA to QMC; 1st Lt. Donald R. Burnett, from CA to QMC; 1st Lt. Thomas W. Frutiger, from Inf. to QMC; 1st Lt. Lloyd A. Keisler, from Inf. to QMC; 1st Lt. David D. Rabb, from Cav. to QMC; 1st Lt. Leonard H. Smith, Jr., from Inf. to QMC; 1st Lt. Harold A. Williams, from Inf. to QMC; 2nd Lt. Robert E. Findlay, from Engr. to Sig.

Following off, to Arm or serv. indicated, 25 July: Capt. James H. Clippard, from Inf. to QMC; Capt. Durant F. Ladd, from Inf. to QMC; Capt. Harry A. Lyons, from Inf. to QMC; Capt. Harry C. Parker, from Inf. to QMC; 1st Lt. Samuel E. Carpenter, from Inf. to QMC; 1st Lt. Joseph S. Hunter, from FA to QMC; 2nd Lt. James C. Deal, Jr., from Inf. to Engr.; 2nd Lt. Stuart N. Lewis, from Inf. to QMC; 2nd Lt. Earl D. Pelzer, from Cav. to QMC; 2nd Lt. Charles E. Whitmore, from CA to QMC; 2nd Lt. Theodore Wysocki, from Cav. to Air.

1st Lt. Orville W. Mullikin, Inf., to CAC, 22 July.
 1st Lt. Durward E. Breakfield, FA, to 01, 22 July.

Following off, to Arm or serv. shown: Capt. Willis R. Glivens, from Inf. to QMC; Capt. Dave H. McAuley, from Inf. to QMC; Capt. Herman Orr, from FA to Engr.; 1st Lt. Henry C. McNally, from Inf. to QMC; 2nd Lt. Robert C. Danner, from Inf. to QMC; 2nd Lt. Cecil G. Getchell, from CW to Inf.; 2nd Lt. Cullie R. Harris, from QMC to Air; 2nd Lt. Joseph E. Machell, Jr., from FA to Engr.; 2nd Lt. Gordon C. Stubbs, from FA to QMC; 2nd Lt. Henry A. Houser, from FA to Air.

WARRANT OFFICERS

W. O. Nicholas Frank, band leader, from Philippine Dept., to 18th Engr. Reg. Band, Vancouver Barracks, Wash.
 W. O. Anthony L. Kulper, band leader, from Ft. Ord, Cal., to Philippine Dept., sail 18 Sept., San Francisco.

M. Sgt. William O'Brien, DEML, appt'd W. O. 25 July, from West Point, N. Y., to hq., 4th Corps Area, Governors Is., N. Y.
 W. O. Reinhold C. Krasowski, retired, 30 Nov., rank of Capt.

M. Sgt. Charles S. Segelbaum, Long Is., N. Y., appt'd W. O. 25 July, to 1st AF, Mitchell Field, L. I., N. Y.

W. O. (Master) James E. Murray, Army Mine Planter Ser., USA, from Philippine Dept., to Harbor Defenses of Chesapeake Bay, Ft. Monroe, Va.

W. O. (Asst Engr.) John B. May, Army Mine Planter Ser., USA, from Panama Canal Dept., to Harbor Defenses of Sandy Hook, Ft. Hancock, N. J.

Charles W. Woodman, temp. appt'd W. O., band leader, 25 July, Camp Claiborne, La.
 W. O. John A. Grable, band leader retired 31 Oct., at own application, 34 yrs. ser.

M. Sgt. Leslie K. Kingsley, 4th Repair Sq., 4th Repair Group, AC, to W. O. Reg. Army, 29 July, from Patterson Field, O., to Gunter Field, Ala.

W. O. Arlet C. Christensen, from Ft. Richardson, Anchorage, Alaska, to hq., 3rd Inf. Div., Ft. Lewis, Wash.

W. O. Lewis W. Sloan, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to hq., 3rd Corps Area, Baltimore, Md.

ORDERS TO RETIRED ENLISTED MEN

8. Sgt. Whitfield Wood, USA-Ret., Camp Hulen, Tex., 31 July, from further active duty.
 M. Sgt. Charles R. Hooper, USA-Ret., Severna Park, Md., placed on act. duty, grade of M. Sgt., 29 July, subject to physical exam., to Hq. Co., Wash., D. C.

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN

1st Sgt. Giulio Ferri, Battery D, 13th CA, retired, Ft. Montrie, S. C., 31 July.
 M. Sgt. Frank P. O'Brien, DEML, retired, Army Base, Boston, Mass., 31 July.
 M. Sgt. Robert L. McKinstry, retirement or-

der revoked.

1st Sgt. Louis Kirchner, DEML, retired, P. O. Building, Springfield, Mo., 31 July.
 Sgt. Ira A. Kilbury, Battery C, 63d CA (Ft. Bliss, Tex.), retired, Ft. MacArthur, Cal., 31 July, rank of Maj.

Corp. Nicolas Cadollos, Service Co., 12th QM Reg., (PS), retired, Ft. Wm. McKinley, P. I., 31 July.

Corp. Arcadio Delcarmen, Battery B., 88th FA (PS), Ret., Ft. Stotsen, P. I., 31 July.
 M. Sgt. Claud Emerson, 41st Rec. Sq., Gen. Hq. Air Force, retired, Langley Fld., Va., 31 July.

M. Sgt. Lewis H. Randall, 1226th CAS Unit, retired, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., 31 July.

M. Sgt. Hugh Inman, 64th Bombardment Sq., AF Combat Com., retired, Langley Fld., Va., 31 July.

Sgt. Benito Reyes, Co. K, 65th Inf., retired, Ft. Buchanan, P. R., 31 July, active duty, 1 Aug., to fill own vacancy.

Tech. Sgt. Ricardo Aponte, Ser. Co., 65th Inf., retired, Ft. Buchanan, P. R., 31 July, active duty, 1 Aug., to fill own vacancy.

Pfc. Spec. 3d Cl., Andrew W. Lucot, Service Btry., 90th FA, retired, Edgewood Arsenal, Md., 31 July, rank of Sgt.

M. Sgt. Walter E. Jordan, DEML, retired, Ft. Douglas, Utah, 31 July, rank of 2nd Lt.

M. Sgt. Reida F. Teague, MD, retired, Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C., 31 July.

M. Sgt. Jozef Smolinski, DEML, retired, U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., 31 July.

1st Sgt. Carlos Vaz, Co. F, 65 Inf., retired, Ft. Buchanan, P. R., 31 July.

1st Sgt. Will Gibson, Co. E, 8th Inf., retired, Ft. Benning, Ga., 31 July.

Tech. Sgt. Andrew E. Myers, hq. Battery, 11th CA, retired, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y., 31 July.

1st Sgt. Macario Garingan, Co. G, 45th Inf. (PS), retired, Ft. Wm. McKinley, P. I., 31 July.

Sgt. Juan Gonzalez, Co. L, 65th Inf., retired, Ft. Buchanan, P. R., 31 July, placed on active duty, 1 Aug., to fill own vacancy.

M. Sgt. Earl Robinson, OD, retired, U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., 31 July.

Tech. Sgt. Oliver C. Miller, CWS, retired, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 31 July, rank of 2nd Lt.

1st Sgt. Jacob S. Bryant, Battery B, 56th Bn., 12th FA Train, Reg., retired, Camp Roberts, Cal., 31 July, rank of 2nd Lt.

Sgt. Louis G. Jones, QM Sec., Hq. Co., CACS Unit 1909, retired, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 31 July, active duty, 1 Aug., to fill own vacancy.

Pfc. Angel Negron, QMC, retired, Losey Fld., Ponce, Puerto Rico, 31 July, rank of Sgt.

ORDERS TO RESERVES

(Orders to active duty for one year unless otherwise stated.)

Extended Active Duty Generals
 Brig. Gen. Albert L. Cox, 28 July, to CO, Provisional Brigade, Wash., D. C.

Extended Active Duty, JAG
 Maj. Abe Goff, 15 Aug., to off. of JAG, Wash., D. C.

Extended Active Duty, AGD
 2nd Lt. Leo E. A. Roesser, 7 Aug., to Army Postal Ser., Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

Capt. Aloysius J. Comerford, 29 July, to Army War College, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Benjamin F. Hartl, 5 Aug., to Camp McCoy, Wis.

1st Lt. Roy J. Brown, 11 Aug., to postal off., II Army Corps, Wilmington, Del.

1st Lt. John A. Guest, 1 Sept., to postal sec., hq., Third Army, San Antonio, Tex.

Extended Active Duty, QMC
 1st Lt. David H. Friedman, Jr., 7 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 4, Atlanta, Ga.

1st Lt. Karl P. Woolsey, 8 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Ogden, Utah.

1st Lt. Ernest W. Raabe, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Col. Georges F. Doriot, 26 July, to QMG, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Julian I. Harmon, 9 Aug., to SC Train, Film Pro. Lab., Wright Fld., Ohio.

2nd Lt. Charles F. Kraft, 9 Aug., to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Earl B. Rowley, prior orders revoked.

Extended Active Duty, MC
 Capt. Bennet J. McGuire, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Wilfred H. Emery, 7 Aug., to Hoff Gen. Hospital, Santa Barbara, Cal.

1st Lt. John C. Weed, 7 Aug., to William Beaumont Gen. Hosp., El Paso, Tex.

Maj. Charles A. G. Langner, 7 Aug., to Gulf Coast AC Train Cen., Randolph Fld., Tex.

Med. Cen., Wash., D. C.

Capt. Abraham Black, 1 Aug., to Westover Fld., Mass.

Capt. Paul C. Craig, 8 Aug., Army Air Base, New Orleans, La.

1st Lt. Leslie Rielchel, 8 Aug., to Letterman Gen. Hosp., Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.

1st Lt. Garland M. Wright, 8 Aug., to Gen. Disp., USA, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Maurice W. Snyder, 8 Aug., to AC Tech. Sch., Biloxi, Miss.

1st Lt. Albert E. Melsenbach, Jr., 8 Aug., to Sheppard Fld., Wichita Falls, Tex.

1st Lt. Gordon F. Madding, 1 Sept., to Lovell Gen. Hosp., Ft. Devens, Mass.

1st Lt. George O. Wood, 8 Aug., to O'Reilly Gen. Hosp., Springfield, Mo.

Capt. W. McA. Murphee, and 2nd Lt. John Cebel, prior orders amended, to read MAC-Res., instead of MC-Res.

1st Lt. John T. Delehan, 28 July, to Lovell Gen. Hosp., Ft. Devens, Mass.

Capt. Frederick J. Bradshaw, Jr., 15 Aug., to Barnes Gen. Hosp., Vancouver Bks., Wash.

Capt. Samuel G. Balkin, 15 Sept., to Billings Gen. Hosp., Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.

1st Lt. Myles R. Miller, 9 Aug., to AC Tech. Sch., Branch, Biloxi, Miss.

Maj. George D. Williams, 11 Aug., to SG, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Charles L. Blumstein, 11 Aug., William Beaumont Gen. Hosp., El Paso, Tex.

1st Lt. Stanton B. May, 11 Aug., to Letterman Gen. Hosp., San Francisco, Calif.

Maj. Samuel T. Helms, 3 Aug., to Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C., until 30 Aug. 1941.

Capt. Marston T. Woodruff, 2 Sept., to Tilton Gen. Hosp., Ft. Dix, N. J.

1st Lt. Frederick H. Andrus, 31 July, to Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Paul E. Ruuska, 12 Aug., to Barnes Gen. Hosp., Vancouver Bks., Wash.

1st Lt. William H. Mease, 1 Sept., Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Nelson C. Bell, 12 Aug., to Letterman Gen. Hosp., San Francisco, Cal.

Capt. Frank A. Trump, 2 Sept., to O'Reilly Gen. Hosp., Springfield, Mo.

1st Lt. Raymond A. Osborn, 13 Aug., to Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Walter F. Krammer, 20 Aug., to O'Reilly Gen. Hosp., Springfield, Mo.

1st Lt. Norman H. Gross, 13 Aug., to Pine Bluff Sch. of Aviation, Pine Bluff, Ark.

Maj. Victor C. Laughlin, 15 Sept., to O'Reilly Gen. Hosp., Springfield, Mo.

1st Lt. Hiram P. Hampton, 15 Sept., to O'Reilly Gen. Hosp., Springfield, Mo.

Capt. Lewis M. Overton, 1 Sept., to O'Reilly Gen. Hosp., Springfield, Mo.

Extended Active Duty, DC

1st Lt. Oscar C. Tidwell, 30 July, to Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Russell H. Augsburg, 31 July, to Med. Fld. Ser. Sch., Carlisle Bks., Pa.

1st Lt. Robert L. Aubert, Jr., 12 Aug., to Lawson Fld., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Capt. Gail C. Anderson, 11 Aug., to Army Air Base, Everett, Wash.

Extended Active Duty, MAC

Capt. Morse E. Smith, 7 Aug., to Sheppard Fld., Wichita Falls, Tex.

2nd Lt. Lawrence H. Dussault, 7 Aug., to Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Norman A. Leuthausen, 8 Aug., to O'Reilly Gen. Hosp., Springfield, Mo.

2nd Lt. Sidney H. Taylor, 5 Aug., to Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C.

Extended Active Duty, C. of E.

1st Lt. Stanley B. Hunt, 26 July, to U.S. Engr. O., Buffalo, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Warren S. Richards, 7 Aug., to off. of C. of E., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Ingvald E. Madson, 8 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 4, Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. James Boyd, 8 Aug., to off. of Under Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Samuel R. Sayre, 11 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 7, Omaha, Neb.

2nd Lt. Robert S. Nedell, 11 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 7, Omaha, Neb.

Lt. Col. Earl B. Lockridge, 11 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 5, Columbus, O.

Capt. John R. Bedell, 28 July, to off. of C. of E., Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Henry F. Gibbs, 9 Aug., to CSO, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Shafer D. Case, 12 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 7, Omaha, Neb.

Capt. John A. Silsbee, 11 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 8, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

2nd Lt. Verne G. Matthews, 11 Aug., to 5th Bom. Wing, Spokane, Wash.

2nd Lt. Archer S. Thompson, 11 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 6, Chicago, Ill.

2nd Lt. Gardner E. Dike, 11 Aug., to 711th Engr. Bn., Ft. Belvoir, Va.

1st Lt. David D. Godfrey, 12 Aug., to Engr. Reproduction Plant, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. John H. Fellous, 12 Aug., to U. S. Engr. Off., Charleston, S. C.

2nd Lt. Edwin A. Wickman, 1 Aug., to Hawaiian Dept., sail 5 Aug., San Francisco Port of Embarkation.

1st Lt. Thomas S. Johansen, 15 Sept., to Eng. Reproduction Plant, Wash., D. C.

Lt. Col. Earl G. Paules, 13 Aug., to Eng. Replace. Train, Center, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.

(Please turn to Page 1380)

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—Japan's military occupation of Indo-China was made a fait accompli this week, and as a result a new stage has been reached in the tragedy of international relations. More sharply limned than heretofore is the alignment of countries on one side or the other of the war. By her action, Japan has demonstrated her purpose to implement the Triple Alliance, with due regard for the opportunities of further conquest which it offers. In cooperating with her the Vichy Government has shown that it is definitely committed to the execution of Axis policies. Having already benefited from Japanese intervention, and hoping for more territory at the expense of Indo-China, Thailand is expressing satisfaction at the protectorate established over the French possession. To return to Europe, reports from Madrid prove that General Franco, in recently attacking Great Britain and the United States, is more disposed than ever to aid the Axis, and has decided to use what power and influence Spain possesses to embarrass the democracies in Latin-America. Because Turkey has been inclining toward the Axis, the Soviet Union, at the instance of the British Government, gave assurances that it has no designs upon the Dardanelles, but whether this will affect the policy of the Ankara government remains to be seen.

Against these acts of cooperation and tendencies toward Germany and Italy, there have moved along parallel lines, the United States, Great Britain, China and the Dutch East Indies. They have frozen Japanese assets in their respective jurisdictions, which will enable a total economic blockade of trade with Japan, or a continuation of limited trade by the occasional approval of requests for the transfer of funds. The United States has, in addition, placed all its Armed forces in the Philippines under the United States Army. It has made an emphatic protest to Tokyo because of Japanese bombing operations, which threatened the United States Embassy at Chung King and damaged the gunboat Tutulla stationed there for the protection of American interests. A formal apology was made instantly by the Japanese government and accepted by President Roosevelt. Great Britain has suspended her commercial treaties with Japan. The Dutch East Indies has terminated summarily the negotiations for a new commercial treaty with that Government. China requested that her assets in the United States, Great Britain and the Dutch East Indies be frozen, so that they might not be diverted to Japan. In effect, the four governments have moved so as to be ready to apply to the Nipponese nation the system of economic sanctions, which was incorporated in the League of Nations Covenant at the instance of Woodrow Wilson, and which he believed would halt an aggressor in his tracks. Japan has retaliated by freezing the assets of the countries which have moved against her, and is bitterly attacking them for their action. She is insisting she had collected ample supplies in anticipation of such measures. For example, she claims to have more than a year's supply of oil and gasoline on hand. She will be able to get rubber and some necessary materials from Indo-China, but there is no doubt that deprived of trade with the United States, Great Britain and the Dutch East Indies, she will not be able to operate her war industries at the present level for any great length of time. That this lack will cause her to surrender is doubted by those who know the Japanese. In spite of the suffering they have endured, in spite of the lower standard of living which exists, it is said the people are determined to continue their policy of conquest or "bust". It may be, therefore, that the enforcement of the measures directed at Japan will cause her to move more rapidly in attempting to achieve her goal of domination of East Asia. It is obvious that the one country which is depended upon to stop Japan, is the United States. That our intervention in the war is in prospect was indicated by the speech Winston Churchill made in Parliament, intimating that the United States is on the verge of war. Secretary Knox was most emphatic about the Far Eastern situation. He declared this week that we are now confronted in Asia with a whole continent "dominated by an Oriental bloody-minded autocracy."

It is generally realized that the war in Russia will have vital influence upon the policies of those nations still at peace. If the Soviets should be able to stop the German advance, Japan, doubtless, will be less disposed to advance through Thailand against Singapore or Burma, or to embark upon the perilous conquest of the Dutch East Indies. In Europe, too, there will be a change of attitude, particularly on the part of Spain and Turkey. The German propaganda in Central and South America will be less effective. One of the most serious developments in connection with Latin-America arose from a speech made by Senator Clark, of Idaho, who suggested that the United States should take over that continent. This was repudiated immediately by the President and the State Department, but it is apparent this unfortunate address will be used extensively by the Germans and Italians to arouse feeling against American "aggression." Also handicapping the Administration is the delay in Congress in extending the term of service of the National Guard, Reserves and Selectees. This is pointed to as proof that the United States has no intention of affording protection to any Pan-American state that flaunts the Axis Powers.

Far Eastern Command—There is great satisfaction in Army circles at the decision of the President to place the military defense of the Philippine Islands in the hands of General Douglas MacArthur. That this satisfaction extended to the Senate was shown by its immediate confirmation of his nomination to be a Lieutenant General on the Active List. It will be recalled that when he was offered the position of Military Advisor to the Philippine Government with the rank of Field Marshal, the understanding prevailed in Washington that should the United States become involved in war, he would be recalled to active service. There was the expectation, also, that in case of war, the Far Eastern Archipelago necessarily would loom in the eyes of a prospective enemy, particularly Japan, as a possession to be conquered, and this expectation has been emphasized by the policy of the New Order in Asia, proclaimed by successive Japanese Ministries. As a result of his six years of service in the Islands, General MacArthur has thorough knowledge of the strategic problems which their defense entails. To meet them he has trained Filipino youth in the profession of arms, and devoted attention to air, mine and naval defense; and in all his labors he has kept in close contact with the American troops assigned to service in the Islands. It is regarded as fortunate that an officer of such outstanding qualifications and experience, is available for duty in the distant possession, which could be cut off, for example, by the Japanese Navy, until the American Fleet should arrive in Far Eastern waters. It is known the President and Commander-in-Chief is particularly gratified that the plan he had in mind six years ago, can now be executed and that as a result of it the country can feel that the Philippines will be in safe hands.

Navy Reserve and Retired Personnel—Legislation to benefit officers and men of the Naval and Marine Corps Reserve and retired Navy and Marine personnel ordered to active duty but found physically disqualified has been recommended to the Senate by its Naval Affairs Committee. The committee, reporting on S. 1701, stated that where orders have sent a man from his home to a station, ordering him to stop at some intermediate point for physical examination, the man has been unable to collect transportation or other expenses in cases where he was found physically disqualified and accordingly did not report to permanent station.

The bill would give pay and allowances for time spent in going from home to final station (or back home) by way of examination point, and would also provide mileage or actual transportation.

Army Air Forces—The War Department announced this week the selection of Santa Ana, Calif., for the establishment of an Air Corps Cadet Replacement Training Center.



The new center, which is estimated will cost \$3,222,889 when completed, will receive the Air Cadets direct from civilian life and give them basic training prior to their being sent to a primary aviation school for flight training. No flying field will be constructed at this station. The center will accommodate approximately 2,500 cadets, 83 officers and 806 enlisted men.

The first known instance of a P-40 wing assembly being changed in the field, under simulated war conditions occurred during recent maneuvers in Michigan. Under the most adverse conditions, a crew of men from Selfridge Field, made a complete change of the wing assembly, as well as making other major repairs. The plane had ground-looped in landing, and except for a delay caused by the shortage of minor parts, was ready for service within three days.

Army Regulations announcing that the Air Corps Board will be permanently stationed at Eglin Field, Valparaiso, Fla., have been issued by the War Department. The regulation concerning movement of the Board will become effective as soon as necessary facilities are available at Eglin Field. The purpose of the Air Corps Board is to consider such subjects pertaining to the Air Corps as may be referred to the board by the Chief of Air Corps, and to originate and submit to the Chief of Air Corps recommendations looking into the improvement of the Air Corps.

The Headquarters of the Hawaiian Department Air Force has been changed from Ft. Shafter, T. H., to Hickam Field, T. H., it has been learned. The order of the change became effective on 14 July.

The War Department has announced designation of 16 Air Corps flying fields. The fields and their locations follow: Atkin Field, British Guiana; Baer Field, Ft. Wayne, Ind.; Beane Field, Buckley Field, Demol. Bombing Range, auxiliary of Lowry Field, Colo.; Campbell Field, Island of Great Exuma; Cochran Field, Macon, Ga.; Collidge Field, Antigua; Esler Field, Camp Beauregard, La.; Geiger Field, Spokane, Wash.; Harmon Field, St. John, Newfoundland; Kindley Field, Bermuda; Luke Field, Wichita Falls, Tex.; Tyndall Field, Panama City, Fla.; Vernam Field, Jamaica; Waller Field, Trinidad.

Plans for using aircraft warning system, parachute alarm devices, and operations in warding off enemy attacks on air fields under U. S. Army control are explained in a new Army Training Circular released by the War Department. The circular points out that air base defense is part of the larger problem of protection for an entire area. Detailed methods for carrying out the policies outlined in the circular will be presented in another circular to be released shortly.

The present circular deals with the subject of active ground defense against an enemy attacking an air field, weapons and equipment used against such an invading force. Particular attention is paid to measures in defense of sabotage, which might occur on any air field. Bombing and machine gunning of the air base before the attempted landing of parachute troops is foreseen, and provisions are outlined for the destruction of these enemy forces, as well as a detailed description of the use of dummy landing fields and camouflage.

The War Department announced this week the award of two contracts for construction of warehouses and laboratory at Patterson and Wright Fields, Ohio. Patterson Field will, under the new contracts, receive two temporary storage warehouses, while Wright field will receive one temporary equipment warehouse, an aircraft supply warehouse and an armament laboratory.

Keeping pace with the great increase in the delivery of combat airplanes, the Air Corps is training aircraft armorers at its Technical School at Lowry Field, Denver, Colo.

A fifteen week course gives men thorough schooling in the principles, operation, construction, repair, adjustment, inspection, and maintenance of all types of aircraft armament. An intense study is made of metals, their properties, handling, etc.; aircraft machine guns; and training in operation, installation, and maintenance of all types of aircraft armament.

Ordnance Department—With awards every week for construction of ordnance plants and for operation of the completed factories in all parts of the country, the Ordnance Department is forging ahead in its production of munitions for the Army. One contract awarded this week was for construction and operation of the Lone Star Ordnance Plant at Texarkana, Tex. Total estimated cost is \$78,940,000, of which \$33,500,000 will be for construction of the plant and equipping it with machinery, and \$45,440,000 will be paid for one year's operation of the plant and its full capacity output. The plant will load artillery shells, bombs, detonators and artillery primers. Another contract was awarded in the amount of \$8,554,000 for construction of the Maumelle Ordnance Works at Marche, Ark. This plant will manufacture picric acid for use in shells. Contract for operation of the plant, when completed, was awarded 17 July.

Baxter Springs, Kan., has been selected as the site of an ammonium nitrate plant which will cost about \$17,700,000 for necessary land, construction and equipment. When completed the plant will employ about 300 persons on a three-shift basis. Momence, Ill., has been selected for a central ordnance regulating station which will serve for storage of inert components, loaded fuses, boosters and bulk explosives en route to various shell-loading plants. The plant will cost about \$7,000,000.

A group of nine newspapermen, accompanied by Lt. Col. Walter M. Harrison of the War Department's Bureau of Public Relations, left Washington by air on 28 July for a tour of ordnance plants. The party was scheduled to visit Frankford Arsenal, Philadelphia; Springfield Armory, Mass.; Ravenna Shell-Loading Plant, Ohio; Charles

town Smokeless Powder Plant, Ind., and Detroit Tank Arsenal, Mich.

As a result of a recent contest sponsored by Lt. Col. Harry R. Kadlec, constructing quartermaster at the Kankakee Ordnance Works, Joliet, Ill., reproductions of posters emphasizing the importance of the "behind the lines" worker in national defense are being displayed on all construction projects at Kankakee and at the nearby Elwood Ordnance Plant.

Navy Power Plants—Two mobile power-plant units, which would be available to supply additional power where there has been damage or sabotage or break-down of a power plant at a vital naval station, would be organized by the Navy under an appropriation which the House has approved. Each unit would be mounted on three flat railroad cars, with one group on the east coast, the other on the west coast. Total cost would be \$2,500,000.

Navy Personnel—Under the provisions of the supplemental national defense appropriation bill recently passed by the House, enlisted personnel of the Navy would be raised from an already appropriated figure of 258,000 to a new enlisted strength of 369,000, while the Marine Corps would be similarly expanded from 46,080 to 75,000 men.

The actual strength of the Navy on 1 July, 1941 was 244,606, including Reserves as well as the regular enlisted personnel. Of this number, 206,018 were enlisted men. Of the expected 369,000 men in the Navy, 300,000 will be Regulars, 5,000 retired enlisted and 64,000 Reserves. The Marine Corps is to be composed of 60,000 Regular Marines and 15,000 Reserves.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery—Testifying before the House Committee on Appropriations, a Navy Department official explained that the Navy now has two mobile base hospitals in operation, is organizing a third, and has already made plans for a fourth. No. 1 has been transferred from Guantanamo to Bermuda to meet an emergency there. No. 2 will be sent to Pearl Harbor or into the Hawaii area, while present plans call for placing the third unit under Admiral E. J. King, commander in chief of the Atlantic Fleet.

Field Artillery—To meet the need for additional troops to carry on practical instruction at the Field Artillery School, Ft. Sill, Okla., the 70th, 71st, and 83rd Artillery battalions have been attached to the school.

Three horse-drawn battalions and two pack batteries are being organized at the Field Artillery Replacement Training Center, Ft. Sill, Okla. These batteries will furnish all the replacement for horse-drawn and pack units in the Field Artillery.

In order to meet the problem of training gun crews in the technique of firing at moving targets, four sunken track ranges are now under construction at Ft. Bragg, N. C. The new ranges will augment the other ranges at Ft. Bragg, which were opened on 15 April and have been in daily operation since. Capt. Dale E. Means, 79th Field Artillery, gives an excellent description of these ranges in the August issue of the Field Artillery Journal.

Coast Artillery Corps—Maj. Gen. J. A. Green, Chief of Coast Artillery, speaking on the occasion of the opening of the Army's first Barrage Balloon School, at Camp Davis, N. C., on 28 July, declared that "The balloon constitutes the fifth principal weapon to be manned by the Coast Artillery Corps. Heretofore the Coast Artillery has manned four types of weapons: first, the seacoast batteries that defend our harbors, both in the United States and overseas; second, the submarine mines that help to guard the waters of these harbors; third, tractor drawn and railway artillery used to fire against either ships or land targets; and fourth, antiaircraft.

"Today nearly 180,000 Coast Artillerymen are assigned to regiments or battalions that are trained in the use of these different weapons," and he added, "The addition of barrage balloons to this galaxy of weapons adds materially to the Coast Artillery's ability to assist in the defense of this country from attack either from the land, the sea, or the air."

With the conclusion of General Green's address, approximately 160 officers and 750 enlisted men, attending the six and twelve weeks' courses, began studies at the school. In addition to class instruction, actual training will be held at the temporary balloon center. Upon completion of the course of study, this first group of students will be used to train other officers and enlisted men, and assist in the formation of any new units authorized by the War Department.

With the War Department's announcement last week that Paris, Tenn., has been selected as a site for a new Barrage Balloon Training Center, it is expected that upon completion of the Tennessee site, all balloon activities at Camp Davis, with possible exception of the balloon school, will be moved to the new Tennessee site.

Barrage balloons have been tested for a number of years by the Air Corps. Since May, however, the Coast Artillery Corps, already in command of many weapons for ground defense against aircraft, has had the responsibility of developing barrage balloon defenses. The Air Corps, however, retains responsibility for the development and procurement of balloon equipment. An interesting article on the barrage balloon, its history, role, employment, effectiveness, etc., written by Col. Robert Arthur, CAC, appears in the July-August issue of the Coast Artillery Journal.

Infantry—It was learned this week that the Army's first organized force of air-transported troops, to be known as the 550th Air-Borne Infantry Battalion, is in the process of organization in the Panama Canal Zone. This initial unit of special troops, whose mission it is said will be to bolster parachute troops as an aerial vanguard, consists of approximately 550 officers and men. It contains, tentatively, three rifle companies, a heavy weapons company, and a headquarters detachment.

The new unit combines great mobility with exceptional striking power. The battalion is designed to operate in connection with the airplanes of the Caribbean air defense command, and presumably will parachute troops if the German plan of aerial operations is followed. While the Army has experimented with the transport of troops by plane for years, the Panama unit is the first to be created for instant availability.

Light artillery was transported experimentally by air in Panama as long ago as 1933. In recent months preparations have been made to move large numbers of Infantry, anti-tank and other weapons by air. However, no particular units were trained for this purpose, until the present group entered training. At Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, and elsewhere, anti-tank guns and other weapons of the Second Regular Army

Division have been moved by aerial transport, together with their crews.

Lt. Col. Edward H. Connor and Lt. Col. Grant A. Schlieker, of the Office of the Chief of Infantry, left this week for Camp Croft, S. C., and Camp Wheeler, Ga., on matters concerning training and training equipment. The officers will travel together to Camp Croft, thence to Camp Wheeler, where they will separate, Colonel Connor returning to Washington and Colonel Schlieker to Camp Wolters, Tex., Camp Roberts, Calif., and also headquarters of the IV, VIII and IX Corps Areas.

Lt. Col. Joseph B. Sweet reported for duty this week in the Army Equipment and Finance section, of the Office of the Chief of Infantry. He was formerly at headquarters of the VIII Corps Area, San Antonio, Texas.

Lt. Col. Walter G. Layman, of the Army Equipment and Finance section, Office of the Chief of Infantry, this week inspected Camp Croft, S. C., and Camp Wolters, Texas. He is expected to return to Washington this week-end.

Navy Ration—The Navy Department has recommended enactment of S. 1521 and H.R. 4757, stating that substitution where advisable of canned fruit juices, etc., for the fresh fruit ration "will provide for a greater variety in the Navy ration, particularly during long periods at sea, without any resulting increase in the cost of the ration." The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs reported S. 1521 this week.

Finance Department—Maj. Gen. Howard K. Loughry, Chief of Finance, spoke at graduation exercises held this week for 28 officers who have completed the course at the Finance School, Camp Holabird, Md. The graduates, 15 of whom are Reserve Officers and the remaining 13 National Guard Officers, were presented for graduation by Col. A. O. Walsh, commandant of the school. General Loughry said that he hoped a new class might be organized at Holabird shortly after 1 January 1942. The class of 28 was the first combined residence class of Reserve and National Guard Officers to be graduated from the school.

Orders have been issued to 75 enlisted men of the Finance Department transferring them from their present stations to Camp Holabird, Md., on 11 Aug., the date set for the opening of the 36th residence course. Upon completion of the course on 2 December, the men will be reassigned to other stations. In the past it was the usual case to return a man to the station from which he was transferred to the school.

Chemical Warfare Service—The decentralized organization of the Office of the Chief of Chemical Warfare Service was given formal approval on 15 July, it was learned this week. The new branches, designated as the Industrial Service, Field Service and Technical Service, are designed to improve the efficiency in carrying out the greatly expanded activities of the Chemical Warfare Service.

While tentative activities of each of the new branches were mentioned in the 19 July issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, since that time the activities have been definitely assigned. The Chief of the Industrial Service, Col. P. X. English, will have charge of procurement, manufacturing, construction, and planning, together with the Labor Section. The Chief of the Field Service, Col. Edward Montgomery, will have charge of plans and training, supply, Chemical Service with Troops and the Chemical Warfare Board. The Technical Service will be the Technical Division, Technical Committee and Outside Research Organizations. Lt. Col. Maurice E. Baker is Chief of the Technical Service.

Maj. Gen. William N. Porter, Chief of the Chemical Warfare Service, addressed officers of the New York Chemical Warfare Procurement Division Headquarters at a dinner held this week in New York. The occasion was the celebration of the transfer of the division's offices from 45 Broadway to 292 Madison Avenue.

Among officers reporting to the Office of the Chief of Chemical Warfare Service this week for duty were: Maj. Patrick F. Powers, CWS, Capt. Ralph Johnson, Capt. Harrison S. Markham, 2nd Lt. Edward F. Wilson, and Capt. Robert W. Breaks.

Col. Edward C. Wallington, CWS, has been ordered transferred from the Office of the Chief of the Chemical Warfare Service, to Edgewood Arsenal, Md., effective 31 Aug.

The War Department announced this week that the contract for construction of the Chemical Warfare Service Arsenal at Huntsville, Ala., has been awarded to the G. G. Kershaw Construction Company of Birmingham, Ala. The total estimate cost of the new arsenal is about \$29,000,000.

Corps of Engineers—The 87th Engineer Battalion of Ft. Benning, Ga., "pioneer" battalion in the construction of heavy ponton-type bridges capable of supporting huge Army trucks and other motor vehicles, on 21 July celebrated its first anniversary—10 days ahead of schedule. The actual anniversary date is 1 August, but on that date the unit will be engaged in the Louisiana maneuvers. In the comparatively short time since the battalion was activated at Ft. Benning, with only a handful of officers and enlisted men, the outfit has grown to a strength of 451 men, including 16 officers. In addition, the battalion has acquired nearly 120 vehicles of all types.

Maj. Don G. Shingler, battalion commander, pointed out at the celebration that the 87th was the only organized heavy ponton battalion in the Army at the present time, although at least five other similar outfits will be activated soon.

The "Army Quinns"—Represented in the Army by five of its members, the Quinn family has indeed been properly named. Maj. William E. J. Quinn, QMC, is stationed at Aberdeen Proving Grounds, Md., while his brother Lt. Col. Lawrence A. Quinn, Inf., is stationed at Camp Ord, Calif. Two sons and one daughter of Maj. William E. J. Quinn are also in the Army, they being Capt. William W. Quinn, QMC, Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; 1st Lt. James F. Quinn, QMC, Ft. Custer, Mich.; and 2nd Lt. Doris M. Quinn, Army Nurse Corps, Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga.

In 1875, the late Jimmie Quinn enlisted in the 3rd Cavalry and was retired in 1904. Four of his sons saw service with the A. E. F., they being William E. J., Lawrence A., Joe, and Arthur.

Mother and grandmother to this quintet of Army officers, Mrs. Quinn, resides at 1313 North Scott Street, Arlington, Va.

Portée Cavalry—Army officials, testifying before the House Committee on Appropriations for the supplemental national defense appropriation, pointed out that the Army expects to set up two new horse-mechanized regiments in 1942. Each regiment is to be allotted 574 horses under the terms of the bill passed by the House. Whenever possible, the horses are transported by motor units, and are thus rested for duty where use of the motor unit is impossible. There are now two Regular Army and seven National Guard horse-mechanized regiments.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 1377)

2nd Lt. Henry F. Gibbs, 1 Aug., to Chief Sig. Officer, Wash., D. C.
2nd Lt. William S. Kaminski, 13 Aug., to U. S. Eng. Office, Mobile, Ala.
1st Lt. Charles H. Stephens, 1 Sept., to Wright Fld., Ohio.

Extended Active Duty, OD

2nd Lt. Norman A. Birch, prior orders revoked.
2nd Lt. George R. Weinbrenner, 8 Aug., to Ord. Train. Cen., Aberdeen Prov. Ground, Md.

2nd Lt. Edward J. DePorter, 29 July, Ord. Dist., Pittsburgh, Pa.
2nd Lt. John E. Flanagan, 9 Aug., to Ord. Dist., New York, N. Y.

Maj. Leroy E. Briggs, 11 Aug., to Ord. Dist., Boston, Mass.
2nd Lt. John H. Lewis, 11 Aug., Ord. Dist., Detroit, Mich.

Maj. Perry C. Maynard, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. William H. Marsh, 2 Aug., to Ord. Dist., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Capt. Joseph F. Deklotz, 6 Aug., to Ord. Dist., Birmingham, Ala.

2nd Lt. David S. Plewes, 13 Aug., to Ord. Dist., Philadelphia, Pa.

Extended Active Duty, SC

Capt. David F. Silverstein, 7 Aug., to Train. Film Pro. Lab., Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

2nd Lt. George Echelson, 9 Aug., to 1st Aircraft Warning Co., Mitchell Fld., N. Y.

2nd Lt. Louis P. Goetz, 6 Aug., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

2nd Lt. Robert L. Tosch, 12 Aug., to SC Sch., Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

Extended Active Duty, CWS

Capt. Earl G. Loser, 7 Aug., to Port of Embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capt. Edmond S. Graves, 27 July, to CW Procurement Dist., Boston, Mass.

Maj. Landon A. Sarver, 9 Aug., to Edge-wood Arsenal, Md.

Capt. Elbert B. Ferguson, 1 Aug., to off. of Under Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Linton E. Simerl, 11 Aug., to Edge-wood Arsenal, Md.

1st Lt. Royce W. Franks, 12 Aug., to Edge-wood Arsenal, Md.

Extended Active Duty, Ch.

Ch. (Capt.) Frederick MacArthur, prior orders revoked.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Orville K. Bosse, prior orders revoked.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Bartholomew J. Leahy, 7 Aug., to station hosp., Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Guy A. Smith, 11 Aug., to 150th Inf., Camp Blanding, Fla.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Robert B. Mayfield, 11 Aug., to 4th Div., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Roger P. Melton, 11 Aug., to 155th Inf., Camp Blanding, Fla.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Edward C. Hearn, 12 Aug., to Inf. Repl. Train. Cen., Camp Wolters, Tex.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Lon T. Marks, 12 Aug., 164th Inf., Camp Claiborne, La.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Clark O. Hitt, 12 Aug., to Lowry Fld., Col.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Glen H. Dulling, 13 Aug., to 2nd Cav. Div., Ft. Riley, Kan.

Ch. (Capt.) Archie M. Jenkins, 13 Aug., to station hosp., Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

Ch. (1st Lt.) William D. Kirkpatrick, 13 Aug., to CA Repl. Train. Cen., Camp Wallace, Tex.

Extended Active Duty, Cav.

1st Lt. George H. McNay, 8 Aug., to Ft. Lawton, Seattle, Wash.

1st Lt. Harry E. Liljgren, 9 Aug., to Ft. Mason, Cal.

1st Lt. James E. Brewster, III, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Harold M. Younger, 4 Aug., to Maintenance Com., Ogden Air Depot, Utah.

1st Lt. Jean P. Sams, 12 Aug., to San Francisco Port of Embarkation, Ft. Mason, Cal.

Extended Active Duty, FA

Col. James H. Genung, Jr., 7 Aug., AGD, Wash., D. C., until 3 Sept., 1941.

1st Lt. Frank Meyer, II, 12 Aug., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Brooklyn, N. Y.

2nd Lt. James M. Hewes, 7 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Ogden, Utah.

1st Lt. Walter R. Abbott, Jr., 1 Aug., to off. of Under Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. John C. Welst, 2 Aug., to Ord. Dist., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Capt. Claude L. Curtis, 11 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Ogden, Utah.

1st Lt. George E. Cobb, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Kirch J. Cogwell, 31 July, to off. of Adm. of Ex. Con., Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Gilbert F. Campbell, 12 Aug., to off. of QMG, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Edward E. Cobbs, 12 Aug., to off. of C. of S., Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Clive F. Watson, 12 Aug., to O. C. of AC, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. William E. Pierce, 4 Sept., to AC, Wright Fld., Ohio.

Extended Active Duty, CAC

2nd Lt. Frank L. Keller, 8 Aug., to off. of C. of S., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Donald W. McCuskey, 13 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 5, Columbus, Ohio.

Extended Active Duty, Inf.

1st Lt. Walter Goldstein, 11 Aug., to Pana-

ma Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Maj. James F. Kelleher, 2 Aug., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. George W. Shimer, 11 Aug., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. John W. Stock, 12 Aug., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. William F. Faison, 10 Aug., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. William F. Faison, 10 Aug., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. Harry S. Slinger, 12 Aug., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. William T. Joyce, Jr., 12 Aug., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Maj. Guy A. Keister, 7 Aug., to AGD, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Loran S. Moore, 7 Aug., Hq., 4th Interceptor Com., Riverside, Cal.

2nd Lt. Robert L. Gilles, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Victor C. Hobday, 28 July, to off. of CSO, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Robert E. Brown, 1 Aug., Wright Fld., Ohio.

1st Lt. Walter S. Westall, 8 Aug., to Army Trans. Ser., QM Depot, Seattle, Wash.

1st Lt. Harold Dyer, 8 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Ogden, Utah.

2nd Lt. Everett L. Pond, 8 Aug., to Air Depot, Fairfield, O.

Capt. Herbert P. Ulrich, 1 Sept., to AC Panama Canal Dept., sail 4 Sept., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capt. Samuel R. Matthews, 1 Sept., to AC Panama Canal Dept., sail 4 Sept., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capt. Vernon R. Robinson, 1 Sept., to AC Panama Canal Dept., sail 4 Sept., Brooklyn, N. Y.

2nd Lt. William J. Archer, Jr., 15 Aug., to AC Wright Fld., Ohio.

1st Lt. Edward T. Delvin, 30 July, to asst. port QM, Port of Emb., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. Paul W. Klipsch, 11 Aug., to Aberdeen Prov. Ground, Md.

1st Lt. Bruce W. Douglass, 31 July, to C. of E., Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Jack P. MacNeille, 5 Aug., to Port of Embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Ralph McK. Rice, 11 Aug., to hq., 3rd Air Force, Tampa, Fla.

2nd Lt. Rollin D. Richter, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. MacIlwain J. Marshall, 11 Aug., to QM Depot, Seattle, Wash.

Maj. James F. Kelleher, 12 Aug., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 13 Aug., Port of Embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Maj. John A. Greene, 12 Aug., to AC Tact. Sch., Maxwell Fld., Montgomery, Ala.

1st Lt. Archie H. Christian, 1 Aug., to Galveston Eng. Off., Midland, Tex.

2nd Lt. James P. Brown, 1 Aug., to asst. const. QM, Zone 4, Atlanta, Ga.

1st Lt. Martin J. Hildenberger, Jr., prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Edward J. McCormick, Jr., prior orders amended, to Interceptor Command, Ft. Lawton, Wash.

1st Lt. Vinal S. Renton, 13 Aug., to Off. C. of Staff, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Edward W. Coogan, 15 Aug., to Holabird QM Depot, Baltimore, Md.

2nd Lt. John A. Waddell, 2 Aug., to Overseas Discharge and Replace. Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Max Leighty, 13 Aug., to SC Repl. Train. Cen., Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

1st Lt. Henry M. Karlin, 13 Aug., to SC Train. Film Product. Lab., Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

Extended Active Duty—AC

1st Lt. Alva R. DeGarmo, 4 Aug., to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Barksdale Fld., La.

Capt. Robert W. Knight, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. William J. Moser, 9 Aug., to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Kelly Fld., Tex.

1st Lt. Samuel M. Kier, 8 Aug., to AC Ferry Com., Municipal Airport, Omaha, Neb.

2nd Lt. Thomas C. Hollick, 1 Aug., to off. of C. of AC, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. William E. Lamar, 8 Aug., to Wright Fld., Ohio.

2nd Lt. George Eager, 24 Aug., to Central AC Pro. Dist., Detroit, Mich.

Maj. Ledereich S. Vance, 15 Aug., to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Maxwell Fld., Montgomery, Ala.

1st Lt. John W. Shea, prior orders revoked.

Maj. Carlyle L. Nelson, 28 July, to Western Div., AC Ferry Com., Santa Monica, Cal.

Maj. Frank I. Wheeler, Jr., prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. John R. Berry, Jr., 9 Aug., to Wright Fld., Ohio.

1st Lt. Louis C. Bearer, 24 Aug., to Central AC Procurement Dist., Detroit, Mich.

Capt. Curtis A. Keen, 12 Aug., to off. of C. of AC, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Charles R. Melin, 11 Aug., to hq., 4th AF, Riverside, Cal.

1st Lt. Ralph E. Knowles, 11 Aug., to C. of AC, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Samuel F. Straus, 24 Aug., to Central AC Procurement Dist., Detroit, Mich.

2nd Lt. Leon Crane, 11 Aug., to Wright Fld., O.

2nd Lt. Edwin R. Oglesby, 24 Aug., to Cen-

tral AC Procurement Dist., Detroit, Mich.

2nd Lt. Richard S. Wiener, 11 Aug., to Wright Fld., O.

2nd Lt. Lewis D. Fyke, 11 Aug., to Wright Fld., O.

2nd Lt. Charles S. Butt, Jr., 11 Aug., to Wright Fld., O.

2nd Lt. Arthur L. Lowell, 11 Aug., to Wright Fld., O.

2nd Lt. Elmer F. James, 9 Sept., to AC Bas. Fly. Sch., Macon, Ga.

2nd Lt. Rudolf W. Hensel, 11 Aug., to Wright Fld., O.

2nd Lt. John A. Dunn, 1 Sept., to Wright Fld., O.

Capt. Paul I. Doty, 12 Aug., to Wright Fld., Dayton, O.

2nd Lt. James L. Pattillo, 31 July, to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Brooks Fld., Tex.

2nd Lt. Barclay P. Grant, 12 Aug., to Air Depot, Fairfield, O.

Capt. Albert E. Higgins, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Carlos O. Puckett, 1 Sept., to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Dathan, Ala.

2nd Lt. John F. Wear, 13 Aug., to AC Gun. Sch., Las Vegas, Nev.

Capt. William T. Nunn, Jr., 1 Aug., to AC Basic Fly. Sch., Moffett Fld., Calif.

Capt. Samuel J. Cox, 13 Aug., to AC Detachment, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Capt. Frank C. Merrill, 4 Aug., to East. AC Procure. Dist., Glenn L. Martin Co., Baltimore, Md.

Maj. Sidney W. Park, 15 Sept., to hqs. AC Tech. Train. Command, Lowry Fld., Denver, Colo.

Maj. Marion G. Denton, 1 Aug., to AC Adv. Fly. Sch., Montgomery, Ala.

2nd Lt. John C. Siltanen, 20 Aug., to Fairfield Air Depot, Patterson Fld., Ohio.

Extended Active Duty—Spec.

Maj. Paul H. Hazleton, 7 Aug., to Central AC Procurement Dist., Detroit, Mich.

Maj. Roy H. Boberg, 7 Aug., to off. of C. of AC, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Frederick O. Britton, 27 July, to off. of C. of Morale Branch, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Arthur E. Sutherland, Jr., 27 July, to off. of Under Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Frank A. Dixon, 9 Aug., to Central AC Procurement Dist., Detroit, Mich.

Col. Van S. Merle-Smith, 4 Aug., to off. of C. of S., Wash., D. C.

Maj. William B. Carwell, 15 Aug., to Maintenance Command, Maxwell Fld., Ala.

Capt. Marlboro K. Downes, 1 Aug., to AC, Ft. Meyer, Va.

Maj. Corliss H. Griffin, 13 Aug., to Air Depot, Middletown, Pa.

Continued on Active Duty

Col. Joaquin E. Zanetti, CWS.

1st Lt. Maurice A. Broner, SC.

1st Lt. Henry M. Beatty, QMC.

2nd Lt. Charles W. Hurst, MAC.

Following AC off.: Maj. Claude F. Gilchrist, Maj. Paul Heffner, Maj. Donald Hudson, Capt. Frederick P. Dickerson, Maj. Harry W. McGee, Capt. Herbert S. Beeks, 1st Lt. William L. Burns.

1st Lt. Augustus S. Goodyear, AGD.

1st Lt. Col. Cornelius H. Menger, QMC.

1st Lt. Udell M. Gessel, MC.

Capt. Clarence H. Bredlove, CWS.

Capt. William E. Harper, Jr., QMC.

Capt. Glen R. Slonneger, OD.

1st Lt. Robert C. House, SC.

Following AC off.: Maj. Jack R. Adams, Capt. Reginald Bowles, Capt. Churchill LaS. Scott, Jr.

Following OD off.: Maj. John A. Fry, Capt. Robert L. Major, Capt. Frank D. Martin, Capt. James A. Wells, 1st Lt. Jack McMc.

Crews, 1st Lt. Gillard D. Dearlove, 1st Lt. Ulysses D. Deters, 1st Lt. Paul Johner, 1st Lt. John E. Mitchell, Jr., 1st Lt. Francis F. Poppenburg, 2nd Lt. Scott Camp, 2nd Lt. Jack W. Hoover, 2nd Lt. Lloyd S. Nelson, 2nd Lt. Gilbert K. Phares, 2nd Lt. Paul B. Shuppener, 2nd Lt. Labon M. Showalter, 2nd Lt. Allen E. Stalvey.

Following QM off.: Maj. Lynn O'R. Whitaker, Capt. Robert L. Richardson.

Following CE off.: Maj. David I. Doderhoff, Capt. Arthur R. MacLennan.

Following SC off.: 1st Lt. LaForest B. Sherman, 2nd Lt. Jack C. Castle.

Following CE off.: 1st Lt. Walter H. Heldt, 1st Lt. William C. Parrish, 1st Lt. Willard S. Sittler, 1st Lt. William S. Smith, 2nd Lt. Robert J. Jackson, Jr., 2nd Lt. George P. Jones, Jr., 2nd Lt. Francis H. Kohlhoff.

1st Lt. Lambert W. Stammerjohn, CE.

2nd Lt. Harold M. Boslow, MC.

2nd Lt. Daniel F. Fishburne, OD, extension of act. duty revoked.

Maj. Ernest E. Carlson, C. of E., extension of act. duty revoked.

Maj. John van O. Weaver, AC, extension of act. duty revoked.

1st Lt. Thomas S. Gill, Jr., Inf., extension of act. duty revoked.

1st Lt. Frank H. Winter, OD, extension of act. duty revoked.

Following DC off.: Capt. Louis F. Cherovsky, Capt. George W. McDaniel, 1st Lt. Lon W. Lyle.

Following Inf. off. (now with AC): Capt. John Hamilton, Capt. Joseph D. W. Wager-Smith, 1st Lt. Allen P. Andrade, 1st Lt. Daniel A. Gomes, 1st Lt. Forrest E. Kerby.

Following off. (now with AC): Maj. Meredith M. Watson, FA; 1st Lt. William G. For-

syth, CE; 2nd Lt. Edwin B. Bates, Jr., Cav.

Following off.: Col. Harry F. Cunningham, Inf.; 1st Lt. Robert L. Clifford, QMC; 1st Lt. Howard B. Hueftlein, OD; 1st Lt. Frederick M. Jacobs, MC; 2nd Lt. Lawrence D. Lally, QMC; 2nd Lt. Edwards C. Whitmore, QMC.

Capt. Harold M. Spangler, VC, extension of act. duty revoked.

1st Lt. Kenneth E. Fletcher, MC, extension of act. duty revoked.

1st Lt. Henry O. Danrot, CWS.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Bernard Segal, USA.

1st Lt. Adolph J. Kafka, MC.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Karl L. Darkey, USA.

Following Ch's (1st Lt.) USA: Ariel H. Achtermann, Horace N. Cooper.

1st Lt. Charles W. Bates, FA.

1st Lt. Donald Montgomery, Jr., Inf.

1st Lt. Horace D. Neely, Inf.

2nd Lt. Daniel J. Faustman, CE.

Maj. Robert S. Bower, Inf.

1st Lt. Harold E. Allen, Inf.

1st Lt. Vernon W. Brugger, Cav.

2nd Lt. Kenneth I. Bunn, CAC.

2nd Lt. Maynard W. Bell, Inf.

2nd Lt. Eugene B. Herron, Inf.

Following off. now with AC: Capt. Jarvis M. Harper, Inf.; Capt. Charles E. Jung, CE; 1st Lt. Jesse J. Moorhead, Inf.; 1st Lt. Earl J. Nesbitt, Inf.; 1st Lt. John S. Shockey, Inf.; 1st Lt. Richard G. Strickler, Inf.

Following Inf. off.: Capt. Jack W. Kittrell, 1st Lt. Robert F. Luke, 2nd Lt. Richard B. James, 2nd Lt. Oliver W. Miller, 2nd Lt. Richard A. Robinson, 2nd Lt. Carl R. Sedore.

1st Lt. Sherman Masler, MC.

Following off. now on duty with AC: 1st Lt. Ralph W. Hale, Inf.; 1st Lt. Joseph E. LaBuda, FA; 1st Lt. Thomas H. Llewellyn, Inf.; 2nd Lt. John D. Geiser, Inf.; 2nd Lt. Francis M. Waring, Inf.; Capt. Edwin W. Angle, Cav.; Capt. Rutherford A. Burnett, Inf.; Capt. Marshall C. Edenfield, Inf.; Capt. Alfred L. Hut

Second Corps Area

Ft. Dix, N. J.

The first selectee to be commissioned as an officer in the Dental Corps will be Private Milton Philip Paperth, who has been on duty with the Dental Clinic of Station Hospital at Ft. Dix.

Members of the Service Company of the 12th Infantry, known as the "President's Own" before the regiment moved to Ft. Dix from Arlington, Va., held a dinner dance at the new Service Club Saturday evening, 19 July. Col. Carroll A. Bagby, commander of the 12th Infantry, and his staff, were among the guests at the dinner.

Ft. Du Pont, Del.

Boxing and wrestling matches got under way Monday evening, 21 July, with Private Rosari Locasio, Battery C, 21st CA, 130 lbs., defeating Private George T. Saunders, Battery A, 21st CA, 135 lbs. in a three round bout. An exhibition boxing match between Private Dominic C. Gonnello, Battery C, 21st CA, 180 lbs., and Private Albert M. Sellitti, Battery C, 21st CA, 164 lbs., was declared a draw. In wrestling, Private James B. Woody, Battery A, 21st CA, defeated Private William C. McCoy, Battery A, 122nd Sep. Bn., two falls out of three.

Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.

After a stirring commencement program which earned editorials in the Brooklyn publications, the members of the Headquarters and Headquarters Company, N. Y. Port of Embarkation, quartered at Ft. Hamilton, are going about learning the tasks of operating a Port of Embarkation. The recruits were presented with certificates of proficiency at an impressive ceremony, Tuesday 22 July, at the Ft. Hamilton Parade Grounds. Judge Matthew Troy of the Court of Special Sessions, N. Y. City, lauded the graduates on their efforts and commended them for their excellent spirit.

Col. Bernard Lentz, commanding officer of the Overseas Discharge and Replacement Depot presided at the commencement. Colonel Lentz had instructed the graduates. Capt. Charles H. Jones, Company Commander, presented medals to the three most proficient recruits. The affair was attended by some 1,000 friends and relatives of the graduates.

Ft. Hancock, N. J.

The 52nd Coast Artillery (Railway) celebrated, on Tuesday, 22 July, the 24th anniversary of its organization. The celebration consisted of formal ceremonies, a regimental field meet, a turkey dinner, and a dance at the new Service Club. Featured in the exercises were addresses by Brig. Gen. Philip S. Gage, Commanding Officer of the Harbor Defenses of Sandy Hook and by Lt. Col. Joseph C. Haw, Regimental Commander. The 52nd Coast Artillery band played the "Railway Artillery March," the new regimental march composed by Mr. Joseph P. Donnelly, and the regiment sang it to the accompaniment.

Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

The officers and men of the post were honored Thursday, 24 July, by having Governor Herbert H. Lehman visit Ft. Ontario. Governor Lehman was accompanied on his tour by Brig. Gen. Ames T. Brown, Adjutant General of the State of New York. Upon arriving, the Governor was met by Col. Willis Shippam, Post Commander, Col. Chauncey M. Hooper, Commander of the 369th Coast Artillery (AA), and a guard of honor consisting of one full battalion of the regiment. As the Governor entered the post the usual 19 gun salute was fired. After a short tour of the post, the Governor was guest of honor at a luncheon given by Colonel Hooper and members of his staff. At the training area east of the post, the Governor witnessed firing of the 3-inch anti-aircraft guns and target practice with smaller automatic weapons in the afternoon. The visit was climaxed as the full regiment passed in review for the Governor and General Brown.

Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.

The 36th Engineers Regiment (combat) was reviewed by Lt. Col. Marvin R. Baer, Post Commander, Wednesday, 23 July, on the main parade ground at the post. After the review the regiment paraded through the streets of Platts-

burg. This was the first public appearance of the newly activated 36th Engineers Regiment (combat) which arrived at this station on 28 June. Of the 1,030 enlisted men, there are 950 trainees with less than four months service. Included in the parade was the following equipment: troop and cargo trucks; prime movers for heavy equipment; touring trailers, carrying some engineer equipment; air compressors and a field kitchen. Lt. Colonel W. N. Thomas, Jr., regimental commander, and his staff headed the parade and the music was furnished by the 186th Field Artillery Band.

Want Action on Gen. Mitchell

Four Senators this week took the floor during discussion of a bill to give Sgt. Alvin C. York rank of colonel on the retired list, to demand that the record of the late Brig. Gen. William Mitchell be cleared by the War Department.

Senator Clark, of Mo., demanded passage of his bill to clear the record of General Mitchell. "Everything that General Mitchell predicted has been proved true," he said, "and except for the pride of the brass hats in the Army and the Navy the bill to correct General Mitchell's record would have already been enacted into law."

"The Congress," agreed Senator McKellar, "will do itself proud by seeing that his good reputation is restored so far as the Congress can do so."

Senator McCarran, following the first two in a statement of the truth of General Mitchell's prophecies, declared, "His reduction in rank for the prophesy which he made years ago was one of the greatest disgraces ever to come upon this country."

Said Senator Wiley: "What is particularly significant to me is that for years now what Senator Clark calls the 'brass hats' have apparently not been willing to accept the situation with reference to which the President himself has said that Mitchell got 'a rotten deal.' The danger to the country is that when we have a department which will not recognize that it has made a mistake and will not try to rectify it. Right now there may be many other Billy Mitchells with ideas, men who can see ahead of their time, who will be cashiered. . . . If the War Department will not do what we are seeking, or will not recommend it, are we to take orders from the War Department—we, an independent branch of government? Or are we men who, recognizing that a mistake has been made, will attempt to correct it?"

Benefit Disabled Reservists

Enactment of legislation, passed by the House on 7 July, to give retirement pay and hospital benefits to about 50 Reserve officers injured while on active duty, was recommended to the Senate this week by its Military Affairs Committee.

Beneficiaries under the measure, H. R. 3484, would be about 50 Reserve officers of combat arms "called or ordered into the Active military service by the federal government for extended military service in excess of 30 days on or subsequent to 28 Feb. 1925, other than for service with the Civilian Conservation Corps, and who are now disabled from disease or injury contracted or received in line of duty while so employed."

Reserve officers or enlisted men who have been or will be called to duty since 3 April 1939 are similarly protected by an act passed that date.

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J. E. SIRRINE & COMPANY

GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

Engineers

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Taxes and the Services

All personnel of the Armed Forces, as well as civilians in all walks of life will be affected by the proposed new taxes, which in most cases will more than double the amount of present taxes paid.

In addition to the increase in income taxes, obtained by increasing surtax rates, and applying the surtax to the entire surtax net income, a number of other increases in direct and indirect taxes were proposed this week to Congress by its Ways and Means Committee.

On every automobile in the country, for instance, a \$5 annual fee will be charged. The same fee will be charged for private boats and yachts, with larger amounts for vessels over 28 feet in length. Increased taxes will be levied on playing cards, matches, safe deposit boxes, liquors, and many other items of merchandise. The admissions tax will be levied on all tickets over 10 cents, instead of the present 21 cents. However, where reduced prices are put into effect for men in uniform, tax will be on the reduced price instead of on the regular price, as at present. Club dues taxes are substantially increased.

The following table compares individual income tax on specified net incomes (all income earned) under existing law and under the proposed bill:

Net Income	Present	Single		Married No dependents		Married 2 dependents	
		Proposed	Present	Proposed	Present	Proposed	Present
\$900	\$0.44	\$5.94	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,000	4.40	15.40	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,100	8.36	24.86	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,200	12.32	34.32	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,300	16.28	43.78	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,400	20.24	53.24	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,500	24.20	62.70	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,600	28.16	72.16	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,700	32.12	81.62	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,800	36.08	91.08	....	....	....	....	....
\$1,900	40.04	100.54	....	....	....	....	....
\$2,000	44.00	110.00	....	....	....	....	....
\$2,500	63.80	157.30	\$11.00	\$38.50	....	....	....
\$3,000	83.60	211.20	30.80	85.80	....	\$11.00	....
\$4,000	123.20	338.80	70.40	180.40	\$35.20	101.20	....
\$5,000	171.60	473.00	110.00	308.00	74.80	202.40	....
\$6,000	255.20	633.60	149.60	435.60	114.40	330.00	....
\$7,000	343.20	803.00	233.20	596.20	192.80	464.20	....
\$8,000	448.80	1,007.60	316.80	756.80	246.40	624.80	....
\$9,000	558.80	1,221.00	422.40	961.40	334.40	794.20	....
\$10,000	686.40	1,469.00	528.00	1,166.00	440.00	908.80	....

Army Mail Clerks

The House and Senate Military Affairs Committee this week recommended to their chambers passage of H. R. 4769 and the companion measure, S. 1533, authorizing the designation of Army mail clerks and assistant Army mail clerks, stating that the employment of men as mail clerks and assistant clerks at stations where employment of a full-time civilian employee is not justified "will furnish certain small and isolated stations with more continuous and extended postal service."

Such clerks would receive up to \$500 per annum in addition to regular pay, and assistant clerks would receive not more than \$300 in addition to pay.

General Royce Air Attache

The War Department announced this week the appointment of Brig. Gen. Ralph Royce as Military Attache for Air to Great Britain. General Royce has been serving as Assistant Military Attache for Air at London. In his new assignment he succeeds Brig. Gen. Martin F. Scanlon, who was recently assigned to the staff of the commanding general of the Army Air Forces, Washington, D. C.



AerVoID food carriers

EASY PORTABILITY . . . for indoor or outdoor movement of hot foods. Even largest sizes easy to handle.

LOWEST OPERATING COST . . . repairs, maintenance, replacements are reduced to lowest possible minimum in all-metal AerVoIDs.

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FOUR CONVENIENT SIZES . . . with various food pan assemblies provides quick flexibility for every requirement.

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AerVoID all-metal, reinforced, vacuum-insulated food, soup and coffee carriers represent an "engineered" construction especially adapted for long-distance Army and Navy hot food servicing. AerVoIDs keep foods soups and coffee hot and palatable for hours, even when transported in outdoor, cold-weather temperatures with no more effort than putting them in an AerVoID and clamping down the cover. Engineered to withstand rough usage, a shape designed to make handling easy and lighten the lifting load, thermal efficiency to keep foods hot for long outdoor hauls, the most "sanitary" hot food carriers ever built.

AerVoID Convertible Soup and Coffee Carriers

AerVoID Convertible Soup and Liquid Carriers made with a detachable side faucet (with faucet guard, if desired) for servicing hot coffee. Used without the side faucet for servicing hot soups ladled out through the wide neck opening. Six sizes, from 10 gallons capacity down to 2 gallons.

Descriptive literature, prices and specifications sent upon request.

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The Far Eastern Problem

Although Japan's New-Order-in-Asia policy definitely commits her to a continuation of war, a study of the situation in the Far East shows quite clearly that, for the time being, she must adopt an opportunist policy and await developments before determining the direction of her next thrust.

Though one of the most war weary nations in today's tumultuous world, though her conquests in China have brought her no economic benefits and have cost her much blood and treasure, and though her citizenry is laboring under shortages in consumer goods, clothing, and food, Japan's policy of expansion together with the economic chaos that would follow the shutting down of her war industries and the releasing of more than a million soldiers, puts her in the precarious situation of being unable to depart from the path of war.

Extreme Dispersion

Militarily, her present position is one of extreme dispersion. She has, under arms and trained, about 57 divisions some of which are of about 16,000 men, similar to our triangular divisions, while others are of 22,000 men and resemble our square divisional organization. About 37 of these are carrying on the war in China, nine or ten are in Manchukuo, two are in Korea, one in Sakhalin, four or five in Japan proper, and three or four in Formosa or Hainan where they are being held in readiness as an expeditionary force.

Augmenting this existing force, word from Japan indicates that from 250,000 to 500,000 additional men are being called up for service. It is possible that many of these will be used as replacements, but it is also quite likely that additional divisions are to be formed. Ultimately, it is estimated, Japan could put 66 divisions in the field—her limitations being in the field of material rather than manpower.

Her air strength is about 3,600 tactical planes (exclusive of reserves and training planes) divided approximately equally between her army and her navy. These planes are constantly about two years behind in design, for, while Japan builds all of her own aerial equipment they are not of her own design but are constructed on licensing agreements with other nations. Her pilots are experienced and may be expected to give a good account of themselves against any kind of opposition.

As is generally recognized, the Japanese Navy is modern, well trained, and of high morale. It is the only arm of her force which is not now committed and is free to operate in any theater the high command may select.

There are three directions into which Japan can carry her war effort. She can continue her pressure upon China, where in spite of four years of fighting she still holds only a tenuous grip and has been unable to exploit her gains for the benefit of the homeland. The other two outlets are south into Malaysia (Indo-China is a fait accompli) or north into Soviet Russia's Siberia.

Thrust to Malaysia

Her difficulties in a campaign to engulf Malaysia would be principally geographic. She would have to operate long distances and cover an area larger than the present Mediterranean theater of war. Because Malaysia is vital to the British Empire as a cover for Australia,

Japan could expect immediate armed opposition from that source. Flanking her approaches to Malaysia lie both the Philippine Islands and the powerful British base at Singapore. The reduction of either of these obstacles would, in itself be an operation of the first magnitude, which, even if successful, would leave the Japanese in a sorry plight to continue a southward push.

While the Japanese Navy is superior to the British and Dutch forces now there, the presence of submarines and small craft that could operate from hundreds of hidden harbors throughout Malaysia would make a purely Naval expedition far too hazardous. Indo-China affords her many fine bases for aerial operations, but the distances are too great for a successful conquest by air. Therefore, any operation in that direction must be a very balanced one, carefully planned and coordinated.

The picture in the north is quite different. Here the difficulties are not those of geography but those of securing sufficient force to attack a formidable foe. Encompassed in this theater are two red banner armies of the Russians, which, after the recent dispatch of ten divisions to the western front, are estimated to total about 26 Infantry Divisions, ten Cavalry Divisions, and four mechanized divisions. In addition there probably remain about 2,500 Russian airplanes in this area. While the Russians have the problem of preparing to defend themselves against thrusts from one of two directions, north or west from the bulge of Manchukuo, the Japanese have the problem of getting together a force sufficient to carry on such operations. She would need 20 to 23 divisions to begin the attack and it can be seen from the present disposition of her forces that it would be necessary to withdraw some divisions from the China front in order to assemble such an Army. The Japanese have no illusions about the calibre of the Russian Army, particularly since their experience with them in 1939.

Await Developments

It can thus be seen that Japan's most likely course is to hold her present position, get as many troops as she can under arms, and await for distinct signs of weakness on either front.

The picture would be quite different if the Chinese were capable of developing the attack. Unfortunately, they do not seem to have developed an organization capable of effective offensive operations. The Chinese admit the weakness but attributing it to lack of artillery and airplanes. Were they capable of such operations it would be a comparatively simple matter to break off the southern salient now held by Japan, reopen the way to Canton, and put the Japanese in a precarious position.

Let there be wishful thinking as to Japan's lack of oil supply for the operation of her Navy, it should be pointed out that even if her outside sources were cut off today she would still be able to carry on a first class war. Many years ago her far sighted leaders foresaw her dependence upon others for this vital sinew of war and countered it by ordering all oil companies to more than double their tank capacity and to keep it filled at all times as a reserve for the government. What this capacity is can not be stated definitely, but that it is enormous is certain.

Militarily her major weakness comes from the fact that her conflict with China has forced her to think in terms of guerilla warfare instead of modern tactics. Consequently, she has no armored divisions, although some tank brigades, and has had no necessity for developing anti-tank defenses.

Road Bill Clears Congress

The national defense roads bill, S. 1580, cleared Congress this week with approval by the Senate and House of amendments to the bill as passed by the House last week.

Members of the two houses, in conference, agreed that the Senate would accept House amendments. The conferees raised the appropriation for strategic highways from \$100,000,000 to \$125,000,000 and the amount for flight strips from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

The War Situation

As Hitler strives to encircle and destroy the Russian armies his Axis partner, Mussolini, continues to launch blows against British sea power in the Mediterranean. One of the vital pivots of this sea power is the British naval base at Valletta, Malta. This base has been repeatedly bombed by Fascist planes since Italy's entrance into the war. On the night of 25-26 July while planes were bombing the waterfront area, Italian surface raiding vessels were attacking the shipping in the harbor. This force included a number of high speed torpedo boats which, according to reports from Rome, succeeded in penetrating the harbor defenses and inflicting severe damage. However, the British report that this daring and audacious attack ended in disaster and that seventeen of attacking vessels were destroyed by shore batteries and aircraft without having done any damage. Eight of the small craft were supposed to be very high speed torpedo craft, carrying a crew of one or two men, and have been referred to as "suicide boats." The idea is that the crew remain aboard until the vessel, which carries a heavy explosive charge, is hurled against an enemy vessel. The chances that any of the crew escape with their lives after making such an attack is very slight—hence, the name of "suicide boats." As confirmation of their report that these craft were destroyed, the British say that the Italian communiques do not claim that any returned after the raid.

The close proximity of Malta to the Italian bases in the Mediterranean and the usual weather and sea conditions in that area render feasible the use of small craft to which the Italian Navy has devoted considerable attention. The details of the construction of these particular craft are not known. However, in such craft, which have had their advocates for years in all navies, everything is sacrificed for speed. The vessels have a very limited radius of action and sea worthiness in general. The development of the oil motor for use in small craft, of course, gave a great impetus to the furtherance of the idea. One of the Italian types has been referred to as the "sea sled." It is understood that during the present war the "sea sled" has failed to come up to the expectations of its advocates.

Such frail craft can be successful only under special conditions of surprise and utter lack of alertness on the part of the enemy. The only protection that such craft can have are the covering squadrons, their speed, smoke screens and darkness. Apparently, the British defense of Malta depends on the shore batteries and aircraft as British reports make no reference to any sea borne craft participating in the repulse of the raid.

It does not seem possible that "suicide boats," or any such frail craft can have any major effect on warfare at sea, but all navies have found use for high speed motor boats. Such boats may play an important part in the invasion of the British Isles, if and when it is made. It is possible that the recent Italian activities with their small craft may be a test under war conditions of equipment and methods which Hitler plans to use in the North Sea and English Channel when he launches his all-out offensive in the Battle of the Atlantic.

Army Grades and Ratings

President Roosevelt has approved an Executive Order prescribing regulations governing the grades and ratings of enlisted men of the Regular Army for the fiscal year 1942. The order reads as follows:

"By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the act of 20 June 1936, it is hereby ordered that for the fiscal year 1942 the grades and ratings of enlisted men of the Regular Army, including selective service trainees assigned thereto, and the number of men in the several grades and ratings shall be the same as set forth in Executive Order No. 8595 of 18 Nov. 1940, prescribing regulations governing the grades and ratings of enlisted men of the Regular Army for the fiscal year 1941, except that the maximum number of enlisted men of the seventh grade shall be such that when added to the number of enlisted men above grade seven and to the authorized number of flying cadets the total will not exceed the enlisted pay strength of the Army for which appropriation was made in

the 'Military Appropriation Act, 1942,' approved 30 June 1941."

The grades and ratings set forth in Executive Order No. 8595 referred to by the President are as follows:

	Grades	Ratings
1	7,894	7,196
2	20,914	11,146
3	37,768	36,421
4	83,615	66,562
5	95,033	55,556
6	304,397	150,291

Transfer Navy, Marine Reserves

Legislation to authorize voluntary transfer of members of the Naval and Marine Corps Reserves to the Regular Navy and Marine Corps without loss of pay or other privileges was requested this week by the Navy Department.

In a letter to the Congress, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Ralph Bard stated that the authorized strength of the Marine Corps having been obtained prior to 6 Feb. 1941, some 3,800 men were enlisted in the Marine Corps Reserve and ordered to active duty.

"As an inducement to enlistment," he said, "these men were informed that if the Marine Corps should be enlarged, they might be discharged from the Reserve for the purpose of enlisting in the Regular Marine Corps. . . . At present, an enlisted man of the Reserve can join the Regular Navy or Marine Corps only by discharge from the Reserve followed by enlistment in the Regular establishment. This procedure results in loss to the individual adopting it because, under existing law, for the first four months of service as a Regular he must be paid at the rate of only \$21.00 per month regardless of the grade in which he may be serving and regardless of the amount of his prior service as a Reservist."

He continued: "The Navy Department is of the opinion that as a matter of equity in respect to the men enlisted in the Marine Corps Reserve with the foregoing understanding, and as an aid to future recruitment of Reserve enlisted men, authority to transfer enlisted men directly from the Reserves to the Regular establishment, so that they will stand in the same situation as though they had enlisted in the Regulars instead of the Reserves, is highly desirable.

"No exact estimate of cost can be submitted. However, the cost to the Government would be no more than it would have been had the men so transferred been enlisted in the Regular service in the first instance.

"The Navy Department recommends enactment of the proposed legislation.

"The Navy Department has been advised by the Bureau of the Budget that there would be no objection to the submission of this recommendation."

Text of the proposed bill follows:

"Be it enacted, etc., That in time of war or national emergency enlisted men of the Naval Reserve and the Marine Corps Reserve, may, upon their own application while on active duty, other than active training duty, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe, be transferred to the Regular Navy or Regular Marine Corps, respectively, to serve the unexpired term of their enlistment, or period for which they have obligated themselves to serve in the Naval Reserve or Marine Corps Reserve, in such rating or rank as they may be found qualified: **Provided**, That such transfers may not be in excess of the authorized enlisted strength of the Navy or Marine Corps: **Provided further**, That men so transferred shall, while in the Regular Navy or Regular Marine Corps and upon discharge therefrom, be entitled to and receive the same pay, allowances, and other benefits, including travel allowance on discharge, as though the enlistment in the Naval Reserve or Marine Corps Reserve had been an original enlistment in the Regular Navy or Regular Marine Corps, except that for the purpose of longevity no credit shall be allowed for any service performed as a member of the Naval Reserve of Marine Corps Reserve other than service on continuous active duty: **And provided further**, That the foregoing shall apply to men who have enlisted in the Regular Navy or Regular Marine Corps after discharge from a Reserve enlistment entered into since 6 Feb. 1941."

Navy Housing Project

In order to care for increased personnel, both enlisted and civilian, the Navy Department has announced that 4,000 additional low cost houses will be built in the vicinity of various Navy yards. The work will be done with money obtained through the Federal Works Agency, and will be under the supervision of the Bureau of Yards and Docks.

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National Defense Appropriations

Supplemental appropriations totalling \$8,063,238,478 for defense purposes were passed by the House of Representatives on 28 July, after two days of debate, centered for the most part on an item of \$55,000,000 for a new War Department building in Arlington, Va., which will house 40,000 employees. The appropriations included one billion dollars in contractual authority for the U. S. Maritime Commission.

The appropriations, which were detailed at length in the 26 July issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, provide \$4,700,203,813 for the military establishment, principally for ordnance and other critical items of materiel. For the Navy \$1,569,374,665 is provided, \$300,000,000 of which is for public works, \$173,000,000 for personnel expansion, \$88,000,000 for the Marine Corps, \$749,000,000 for materiel, \$160,000,000 for additional ship repair facilities, \$100,000,000 to increase the capital of the naval supply account fund, and \$56,000,000 for collateral public works expenses. The various items making up the total were the budget estimates, cuts totalling \$55,833,003.01 being made in these by the House to reach the total given.

For the Maritime Commission, to build 541 additional merchant ships, 25 tugs and for additional shipbuilding facilities, etc., \$1,698,650,000 was appropriated, including the contract authority. For the House of Representatives \$10,000 was appropriated, and for the new office building, \$35,000,000.

The appropriations are the first supplemental estimates to the 1942 appropriations.

Naval Public Works

Meanwhile, the Senate received from its Naval Affairs Committee, a report on H.R. 5312, which authorizes new public works projects at shore stations, amounting to \$244,929,800 of the \$300,000,000 contained in the supplemental appropriations.

The Senate inserted authority for a railroad from Dahlgren Proving Ground, Va., to Fredericksburg, Va., which had been cut by the House from both H.R. 5312 and H.R. 5412, the supplemental appropriations bill.

The Senate authorized \$1,500,000 for the railroad, a half-million dollar cut from the \$2,000,000 originally asked by the Navy, and \$100,000 under the amount which Navy witnesses told House appropriations subcommittee the railroad was estimated to cost.

The new War Department building will be built by the construction division, Office of the Quartermaster General, and will be three stories in height, of white reinforced concrete construction and will contain four million square feet of usable space. Escalators will be provided in place of elevators. It is believed that it will constitute the largest office building in the world.

New War Dept. Bldg.

The proposed structure will accommodate 30,000 employees of the War Department. The building will be sufficiently spacious to house personnel now scattered in 17 different buildings in the city of Washington, not counting those employed at Fort Myer and Alexandria, Virginia.

The building has been designed by Mr. George Edwin Bergstrom, of Los Angeles, president of the American Institute of Architects, and since last February, chief of the architectural unit, engineering branch, Construction Division, Quartermaster Corps. The design of the building will harmonize with the landscaping of the Memorial Parkway which will run past the front entrance.

The building will be strictly utilitarian in character. Separate offices will be provided only for the executive heads of the various branches, the rest of the space being left open. Ample cafeteria and mess facilities will be provided. The building will be air-cooled.

Plans call for completion twelve months after construction is begun and the providing of not less than 500,000 square feet of space in six months.

Provision will be made for parking automobiles, and the basement of the building will contain a bus station and taxicab stand.

C.C.C. On Military Projects

Eighty companies of the Civilian Conservation Corps formerly engaged in constructing park roads, felling trees, conserving eroded soil, and doing similar work, are today busy on Army reservations, reception centers, recreational camps, and in general hospitals. Soon additional companies are to be assigned to the Navy and Marine Corps.

With the stationing of one C.C.C. company at Eglin Field, Fla., in October, 1940, a series of outstanding construction feats was begun. The company at Eglin Field was presented with the task of clearing seven bombing areas each 3200 acres in size. Later, they cleared the right of way and strung 21 miles of telephone wires over land that once resembled jungle.

Simultaneously with the stationing of the unit at Eglin Field, two C.C.C. companies were sent to Alaska, there to assist Army Engineers in the construction of an airport at Annette Island. Because supplies could not be landed without great difficulty, a dock was built, and equipment was then transported to the airport site over a log road which the C.C.C. companies also built.

James J. McEntee, Director of the C.C.C., points with great pride to the work which the three companies did on these two national defense projects.

The C.C.C. companies stationed at Army reservations are with one exception independent of Army supervision. At Fort Benning, Ga., alone do Army officers issue orders to the C.C.C. enrollees. In all other cases, the officers of the C.C.C. companies, some of whom are former enrollees now commissioned as subalterns, are in charge of all work. Close cooperation is, of course, maintained between the Army and the C.C.C., with the commanding officer of the reservation usually appointing a coordinating officer to work in conjunction with the C.C.C. officers.

Five C.C.C. companies at Fort Benning, Ga., are engaged at present in some 51 different types of work, included among which has been the clearing and grading of a parachute jumping field of 1,000 acres, and the maintaining of more than half the roads on a reservation more than 40 miles square.

At Camp Davis, N. C., a company took over the job of mosquito control, co-operating with the W.P.A. The C.C.C. boys were charged with and successfully completed the job of digging two drain ditches thirty feet wide and 6 feet deep running from 2 to 2½ miles. Into these two main arteries run smaller ditches also dug by the C.C.C. As further insurance against mosquitoes and other harmful insects, the company sprayed approximately 16,000 spray acres at an average cost of 3.5 cents per acre. The job at Camp Davis, which was begun in April, has now been completed, notwithstanding the fact that the work was basically one of hand labor.

So good have been the results of this type of construction that many of the C.C.C. enrollees are being honorably discharged in order that they may accept jobs with private contractors. Although C.C.C. officials are elated over the men's new employment opportunities, they are experiencing some trouble keeping the companies at full strength, especially where units are using heavy machines.

Twenty-one companies have been recently assigned to hospitals and replacement centers for four month periods. The men will be used as cooks, bakers, mess attendants, clerks, supply men, truck drivers, telephone and radio operators, and other occupational specialists. While in service, the C.C.C. companies will instruct Army personnel in the execution of the duties so that at the expiration of the four months period the Army will be able to take over duties now done by the C.C.C.

Both the Navy Department and the Marine Corps have requested that they be allotted companies to do national defense construction and administration work at their stations and bases. Director McEntee has approved these requests and details are being worked out by officials of the C.C.C., the Navy, and Marines, for the stationing of new companies at Navy and Marine bases.

Air Support Commands

The Army Air Forces and ground troops were more closely united into a combat team this week with the creation of five new-type units, to be known as Air Support Commands. These units, created within the framework of the Air Force Combat Command, are designed to enhance the combat efficiency of the whole military establishment by giving the United States four precision armies whose movements in the air, afoot, or motorized, will be co-ordinated to the highest degree obtainable in both the air and on the ground.

The Air Support Commands, to be known as the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th, will include observation aviation, (both lighter and heavier-than-air), light bombers, dive bombers, aerial photograph planes, gliders and air transports for parachute troops and air-borne troops. It comprises a unified grouping of all aviation elements considered to be necessary for a ground force to achieve local air superiority and to insure success of its mission. It may be noted that the new organization follows somewhat that used by the Germans.

Within the Army Air Forces, the first four Air Support Commands are under the control of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Air Forces, respectively. The 5th Air Support Command will be under control of the Air Force Combat Command, and will operate with the Armored Force, while the other four units, the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Air Support Commands, will operate with the First, Second, Third, and Fourth Field Armies, respectively. This grouping gives each of the Army's major strategical and maneuvering units the air support organization that is specifically identified with it. The ground forces and their air support units will co-operate in their training and operations plans, assuring that unity and coordination of action which is essential to success in battle.

Heading each of the Air Support Commands will be:

First—Col. William E. Kepner, now at Mitchel Field, N. Y.

Second—Brig. Gen. John D. Brooks, former commander of the Randolph Field primary flying school, now at Ft. George Wright, Wash.

Third—Col. Asa N. Duncan, now chief of the Air Corps military personnel division, Washington, D. C.

Fourth—Col. Robert C. Candee, now chief of the Air Corps intelligence division, Washington, D. C.

Fifth—Brig. Gen. Julius W. Jones, now commander of the Sixteenth Bombardment Wing, Bowman Field, Ky.

It is stressed that flexibility in the use of aviation will be increased rather than diminished under this new program. The field armies and the Armored Force will not necessarily have to rely only on their particular Air Support Command. If the situation requires, additional aviation will be used.

Nor will this plan for support aviation require any change in the principle that all types of units of the Air Force Combat Command must be trained and used in the support of ground forces. When conditions make it necessary air support aviation may be used for special Air Force Missions, in conjunction with naval forces or with ground forces other than those to which they are specifically identified.

An Air Support Staff, under the jurisdiction of the Air Force Combat Command, is being organized. Initially, it will be located at the Army War College,

Washington, D. C., adjacent to General Headquarters of the Army. This staff will develop doctrines, tactics, and techniques involved in air support operations.

Headquarters of the five Air Support Commands have not yet been selected, but, for the purpose of assuring close liaison, they will be located in proximity to the headquarters of their corresponding ground forces. However, Colonel Duncan, who will command the Third Air Support Command has been ordered to Savannah, Ga., and Colonel Candee, to command the Fourth Air Support Command, has been assigned to Hamilton Field, Cal.

It is contemplated that all observation squadrons will be transferred to Air Support Commands upon recommendation of the Chief of the Army Air Forces. For the time being, however, these squadrons will remain with the ground units to which they are now assigned.

Shipment of Household Effects

Pending the revision of AR 30-900, 24 May 1938, paragraph 12h of those regulations has been added as follows:

"12h. Upon evacuation of dependents of military personnel from overseas stations under instructions from The Adjutant General, authorized baggage within authorized allowance may be shipped, in advance of travel orders, from place of storage to place in the United States to which dependents evacuated from overseas stations are furnished transportation; and subsequently therefrom to duty station of military personnel to which assigned under travel orders."

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THE Secretary of War and Mrs. Henry L. Stimson went to their Long Island estate, Highhold, for the week-end, and with the thermometer hovering around one hundred in Washington, Mrs. Stimson decided to remain for a fortnight.

Mrs. Knox has been away all summer at Manchester in New Hampshire and is often joined by Colonel Knox, Secretary of the Navy.

The Under Secretary of the Navy, Mr. James V. Forrestal is now on an inspection trip in Hawaii, but expects to join Mrs. Forrestal and their children, at "Animal Kingdom," their place on the Hudson in the late summer. Mrs. Forrestal made a flying trip to Washington recently and on her return to the north, stopped at Penlynn, near Germantown, Pa., to be the guest of the former U. S. Ambassador to France, Mr. William C. Bullitt and his debutante daughter, Miss Anne Bullitt.

Mrs. Dwight Davis, wife of the former Secretary of War and Governor General of the Philippines, and the national director of volunteer special services of the American Red Cross, left Thursday for a two weeks' trip to England, where she will inspect the distribution of Red Cross supplies to British War sufferers.

She is accompanied by Mrs. Grace Hendricks Eustis, assistant director.

Brig. Gen. Charles W. Kutz, Engineer Commissioner for the District of Columbia, and Mrs. Kutz entertained at dinner Sunday evening on the roof of the Army and Navy Club in Farragut Square. The party in honor of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Harris of Chicago, who have come to Washington and bought the Fort Evans Farm on the Leesburg Pike, Va., was attended by Col. and Mrs. George Mayo, Col. and Mrs. Waldo Potter, Maj. and Mrs. Beverly Snow, and Lt. Col. and Mrs. Lewis Tenny Ross, the latter the daughter of the hosts.

General and Mrs. Kutz will also entertain at dinner tomorrow evening.

The Marine Barracks in Washington was the mecca for a representative company of guests, the hosts, the Major General Commandant of the Marine Corps, and Mrs. Thomas Holcomb, when on Monday afternoon, the cool and inviting drawing rooms of the old mansion, their quarters, were open and the adjoining garden made a colorful background for one of their delightful parties, which no one ever misses if it is possible to attend. The parade on the vivid green parade ground adjoining, offered an added attraction,

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

as led by the red and white clad Marine Band, dubbed "The President's Own." The men, in blue uniforms with white trousers, went through their maneuvers to the inspiring tunes of "Anchors Aweigh," and the "Halls of Montezuma" and other popular airs, as the thermometer hit around one hundred.

Col. DeWitt Peck, USMC, and Mrs. Peck have recently arrived in Washington from Shanghai, China. Mrs. Peck was the guest of honor at a luncheon given the other day by Mrs. James L. Underhill, wife of Colonel Underhill, USMC.

Some of the guests were Mrs. Thomas Holcomb, Mrs. Louis McC. Little, Mrs. Seth Williams, Mrs. Thomas Rolph, Mrs. Russell Putman, Mrs. Emil P. Moses, Mrs. R. Stover Keyser, Mrs. Samuel Harrington, Mrs. E. Warren Fales, Mrs. Robert Denig, Mrs. Halford Greenlee, Mrs. Charles Sanderson, Mrs. Randall M. Pate and Mrs. Lucian Whittaker and others.

General and Mrs. Holcomb have followed the example of so many folk lately on duty in Washington, and have acquired an old manor house and estate in southern Maryland, down near St. Mary's, a perfect harbor for their little craft, the "Slow Boat," between St. Mary's River and St. Inigoe's Creek. The house is called Rose Croft, and is modern enough to be a comfortable summer retreat.

The Commanding officer at the Marine Barracks, Col. John Potts and Mrs. Potts are house hunting—not for themselves, however, but for Mrs. Potts' daughter, who with her husband, Lieutenant F. Clifton Toal, a Reserve in the Navy who has been called to active duty, will come to Washington the first part of September and be stationed at the Navy Department.

Col. Edward Kimmel, USA-Ref., and Mrs. Kimmel are spending part of the summer at Scarsdale, New York, with their son-in-law and daughter, Dr. and Mrs. Ramsay Spillman. They will return to their home in Seattle in September.

Mrs. W. C. Freudenthal, wife of Capt. W. C. Freudenthal, AC, left Washington Monday, 28 July to spend the Summer and Fall at the home of Capt. and Mrs. Sydney R. Smith, Canaan, N. Y.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Walter B. Woodson have as their guests, Capt. and Mrs. M. B. DeMott, who have come on from the West Coast on their way back from duty in Hawaii. Miss Ruth Woodson is spending her vacation at Messalonskee Lodge in Belle Grove, Maine. Admiral and Mrs. Woodson were the guests in compliment to whom Capt. and Mrs. Thomas L. Gatch entertained at dinner at the Army and Navy Country Club last week.

Comdr. and Mrs. Charles Windsor have returned to Wardman Park, Washington, D. C., from a visit with his family at Iron River, Mich. After a week or so, they plan to go to Villa Nova, Philadelphia, and to Marion on the south coast of Mass.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Julian S. Hatcher, and Maj. and Mrs. Harold J. Conway were in the receiving line at a reception given at the Officers' Club, Aberdeen Proving Ground, recently.

Occasion for the event was the promotion of General Hatcher, in command of the Ordnance Training Center, to the rank of Brigadier General. Major Conway is executive officer of the Training Center.

The "Recipes of a Rolling Stone," written by Katharine del Valle, and now in circulation is, as a cook book decidedly different—being a very attractive collection of her best and most tempting dishes, both American and foreign. But it has the great charm, too, of being most interesting as a book to read and enjoy—throughout, the author has written

(Continued on Next Page)



Service brides and brides-to-be. Left to right, upper: Mrs. Robert Powell Cromwell, who before her recent marriage to Ensign Cromwell, USCG, was Miss Josephine D. Coe, daughter of Comdr. Douglas W. Coe, USN; Mrs. Calvin Byron Banigan, the former Miss Patricia Jean Elizabeth Oppy, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Glenn C. Oppy, who recently was married to Mr. Banigan. Lower: Miss Frances Harriett Lewis, whose parents Col. and Mrs. Henry Baldwin Lewis, have announced her engagement to Lt. Frank Henry Stone, USA; and Miss Frances Mary Gullion, daughter of the late Lt. Col. Walter Gullion and niece of Maj. Gen. Allen W. Gullion, The Judge Advocate General of the Army, whose engagement to Ensign Morrison Ropes Brown has been announced.

Weddings and Engagements

MRS. Walter Gullion was hostess at a tea the other afternoon at her home at 4615 Alton Road, Miami Beach, at which she announced the engagement of her daughter, Frances Mary, to Ensign Morrison Ropes Brown, USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Carroll R. Brown also of Miami Beach. The wedding is planned for September.

Miss Gullion is a daughter of the late Lt. Col. Walter Gullion, USA, and is a niece of Maj. Gen. Allen W. Gullion, Judge Advocate General, Washington.

She spent several years in China and Honolulu when her father was in active service. She was graduated from St. Mary's Hall in San Antonio, and later attended William and Mary College in Williamsburg, Va. She is a Kappa Kappa Gamma.

Ensign Brown, now stationed at Jacksonville with the U. S. Naval Reserve, was graduated from Duke University where he was a member of Sigma Chi; also of Beta Omega Sigma and Sigma Phi Sigma. He recently was graduated from the U. S. Naval reserve midshipman's school, aboard the USS Prairie State, in New York.

On the 5th of July was held the first military wedding at Fort Richardson, Alaska, since the post was established. The participating parties were 1st Lt. Kenneth Marshall and Miss Helen Crider, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Crider of St. Louis, Mo., who with her mother arrived in Alaska on the S.S. McKinley just twenty-four hours before the ceremony. The post chapel was charmingly decorated by Mesdames Peabody, Post and Hill and Chaplain Jennings united the couple in matrimony, before a company of distinguished guests including Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Simon B. Buckner, Jr., and Miss Mary Buckner.

Maj. Tom Crawford escorted the bride to the altar and Mrs. E. D. Post, wife of Major Post of A. D. C., headquarters, acted as matron of honor.

Lt. John Finnigan was best man and the ushers were Captains Walden Coffey, T. S. Hagen, Max Brandt and Lts. Jeff Keating, Hans Rice and Edward Chase, USA.

Crossed sabers gave the traditional touch and a reception followed at the Officers Club with dancing. They will make their home at Anchorage.

The Church of the Sacred Heart, Augusta, had its first military wedding

when Miss Mary Elliott, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Walter A. Elliott became the bride of Lt. Charles B. Thompson, Jr., on the afternoon of 6 July, the Rev. Father Greely officiating.

Given in marriage by her father, the bride was lovely in a beautiful gown of Brussels lace and marquisette made over taffeta, the full skirt formed of many panels of lace and spreading out in to a short train, over which fell her bridal veil of tulle, held to her head by a wreath of orange blossoms. She wore a string of lovely pearls and a bracelet of the same, which have been inherited by the eldest daughter of the family since the seventeenth century. She carried Easter lilies and bouvardia with shower of ribbons and bouvardia.

Before the altar adorned with peach colored gladioli and the chancel rail decorated with valley lilies against a covering of white satin, the bridal party, the bridesmaids, made a charming picture in their frocks of pastel shades of starched marquisette and Valenciennes lace and wearing headresses of gay posies and bands of marquisette, and carrying old-time bouquets of gay flowers.

Miss Pat Elliott was maid of honor for her sister, and Miss Dorothy Thompson, sister of the bride groom was an attendant with the Misses Ruth Lemojne, Mary Hallinan, Margaret Sutherland, Nancy Phillips, and Constance Elliott. Little Miss Allison Verdery was the flower girl.

The best man was Lt. Felton Moore, and the ushers were Lts. John McShane, Charles Graham, Omar R. Bates, Oscar Joyner, J. J. Carswell, James Lake and John Arthur, USA. All wore the white summer Service uniforms and formed the traditional arch of sabers for the bridal party to pass under on leaving the church.

A reception followed at the home of the bride on Kings Way, guests being limited to the wedding party and close friends.

The bride's table was adorned with a centre piece of crystal coral and jade, representing "The Tree of Life," with the bride's three-tiered wedding cake at one end and a punch bowl at the other.

The bride received her higher education at schools in Manila and the University of Georgia. She belongs to the sorority of Alpha Delta Gamma.

Lieut. Thompson is a graduate of Presbyterian College and is now stationed at Fort Benning, Ga., with the Eighth Infantry. Col. Elliott is also there for a refresher course.

(Please turn to Page 1385)

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Posts and Stations

WEST POINT, N. Y.

3 August 1941

Guests of Col. and Mrs. Freeman W. Bowley are Maj. Gen. Frederick W. Coleman, Governor of the United States Soldier's Home in Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Coleman.

Miss Mary Louise Ruchet of Washington, D. C., was the house guest for the weekend of her uncle, Maj. Herbert M. Jones, USA, and Mrs. Jones.

Miss Helen Russell of New York City is the guest for several weeks of Mrs. Frederick C. Mayer. Miss Irene Dudley of Tampa, Fla., was Mrs. Mayer's guest over the weekend.

Miss Katherine Welch of Columbus, Ga., is visiting Miss Ann Betts, daughter of Col. and Mrs. E. C. Betts.

Maj. and Mrs. L. A. Skinner of Washington, D. C., visited Maj. and Mrs. J. R. Anderson this weekend.

Misses Jill and Bobby Peck of Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., are house guests for the weekend of Lt. and Mrs. G. G. Epley.

Maj. and Mrs. W. L. McPherson and Major McPherson's mother, Mrs. W. A. McPherson, left the post on Friday to visit Mrs. McPherson's parents, Gen. and Mrs. Forest E. Willford at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y. They will return to West Point on Monday.

Miss Miriam Wilson of Pittsburgh, Pa., is visiting her brother and sister-in-law, Capt. J. V. G. Wilson and Mrs. Wilson for several weeks.

2nd Lt. and Mrs. David G. Gauvreau, son-in-law and daughter of Col. and Mrs. J. C. Riddell, left the post on Wednesday for their station at Ft. Monroe, Va.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

29 July 1941

Mrs. Smith, wife of Rear Adm. Arthur St. Clair Smith, USN-Ret., has succeeded Mrs. W. Taylor Smith, wife of Capt. Smith, USN, as head of the local chapter of Bundles for Britain. Mrs. Smith has taken over a room at the Hammond Harwood House and, with her committee will carry on the work in Annapolis.

Mrs. Hurt, wife of Comdr. David Hurt, gave a luncheon last Sunday at her home on College Ave.

Mrs. Donald Krick, wife of Lt. Krick, USN, has returned from Honolulu and is visiting her mother, Mrs. John Norman at her home on King George St.

Miss Frances Sorrell Wainwright, daughter of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Richard Wainwright of Wardour, who left for Honolulu several weeks ago, is attending the University of Hawaii's summer session.

Miss Alice Bailey, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Carlos A. Bailey of Long Beach, Calif., and Mrs. Frederic Amory Hooper, USN, were married at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon in St. Andrews Chapel, Naval Academy. Chaplain Wm. N. Thomas performed the ceremony.

Miss Polly Weddeburn of Washington, D. C., was maid of honor and Ens. H. A. I. Sugg was best man. Ensign Sugg and his sister, Miss Margaret Sugg, gave a small reception at their home following the ceremony.

Lt. John T. Bowers, Jr., left last night after spending the weekend with his parents, Comdr. and Mrs. John T. Bowers at their home on Charles St.

Mrs. Clarke, wife of Ens. Garnett Clarke is staying with her parents, Judge and Mrs. Ridgely P. Melvin at their home, Aberdeen, on South River.

Comdr. and Mrs. Mark St. Clair Ellis of Wardour have gone to Hot Springs National Park, Ark.

NORFOLK, VA.

31 July 1941

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Manley H. Simons were hosts Wednesday afternoon at the first in a series of At Homes to be given at the Commandant's house in the Naval Base. The guests at this initial party included the officers of the District Staff and Public Works Department of the Fifth Naval District, and their wives. Hours for calling were from five to six thirty.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles Alan Pownall entertained Saturday night at a dinner given in their quarters at the Naval Air Station in honor of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Manley H. Simons. The other guests were: Rear Adm. and Mrs. Trevor W. Leutze, Capt. and Mrs. William A. Angwin, Capt. and Mrs. Adrian McClure, Capt. and Mrs. Samuel S. Payne, Capt. and Mrs. George C. Rhoades and their house guests, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen S. Mann of Baltimore and Mrs. Herbert E. Kays, Comdr. and Mrs. James R. Tague and Capt. Malcolm G. Starrow.

Capt. and Mrs. William Wonston Lapsley entertained Friday night at a dinner party given at their home on Boissereau Avenue in honor of Maj. and Mrs. Robert R. Neyland who have recently arrived from Knoxville, Tenn. Invited guests included Mr. and Mrs. Richard M. Marshall, Lt. and Mrs. Robert P. Fulton and Mr. and Mrs. Dunwoody Atkinson.

Capt. Kirkman Van Leer was entertained Wednesday afternoon by the officers of his new command, in the Officers' Mess at the Naval Base. Hours for calling were from five

to seven o'clock and the guests numbered about seventy-five.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Eric B. Hoag were hosts Thursday afternoon at a small cocktail party given in the Officers' Club, Naval Base, in honor of Lt. and Mrs. Philip J. McNamara who left the next day for Annapolis where Lieutenant McNamara is on duty at the Naval Hospital.

FT. SAM HOUSTON, TEX.

28 July 1941

Lt. Gen. and Mrs. Kreuger are entertaining their son, Capt. Walter Kreuger, Jr., CE, and Mrs. Kreuger, who have just arrived here after two years at Schofield Barracks, Hawaii. They will leave very soon for Washington, D. C., where Captain Kreuger will be in the office of the chief of staff.

The officers and ladies of the field artillery brigade, honored Brig. Gen. and Mrs. John P. Lucas with a very delightful cocktail party, just prior to their departure from this post to Ft. Lewis, Wash.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Richard Donovan (corps area commander) have announced the engagement of their daughter, Mary Lee, to Lt. Thomas John Sharpe, USA. The date for the wedding has not been announced.

Col. and Mrs. H. C. Gilchrist have been entertaining guests in their home for the past ten days, among them Capt. and Mrs. T. R. Stoughton, who will be stationed at West Point, as an instructor in Spanish and who has just completed a language detail in Mexico City.

Brig. Gen. Joseph A. Atkins, chief of staff of the Third Army, will retire 31 Oct. after forty-one years of service. Their host of friends are happy over the news that they will make San Antonio their home.

The executive officer of the Gulf Coast Air Corps Training Center, Lt. Col. Harlan W. Holden has received his promotion to colonel.

Col. and Mrs. D. G. Stitt of Kelly Field have announced the engagement of their daughter, Ruth Elaine, to Lt. William Webb Cox of Daniel Field, Ga.; the marriage will take place 21 Aug. in the post chapel.

Lt. Col. Royden Williamson, public relations officer, Eighth Corps Area, has left by plane on a tour of the Corps Area on a drive for aviation cadets.

Mrs. John M. Greely entertained very charmingly at luncheon on Wednesday in the Anacacho Room of the St. Anthony Hotel, complimenting Mrs. George V. Strong, wife of Maj. Gen. Strong, commanding the Eighth Corps, stationed in Brownwood, Tex. Mrs. Strong is living in quarters at Ft. Sam Houston.

Col. and Mrs. J. G. Booton entertained a group of young friends of their daughter, Mary, on Wednesday evening in celebration of her birthday. The guests gathered at the Bootons quarters at the Arsenal for cocktails, then later going to the Officers' Club at Ft. Sam Houston for dinner and dancing.

Col. Howard L. Landers, Ret., was the principal speaker at the Rotary Luncheon this week. His topic was "How War News Is Gathered and Analyzed."

Three Randolph Field instructors, 2nd Lts. Lee A. Chenoweth, Walter S. Power and Edward H. Gravenhorst, have been ordered to Elmira, N. Y., for training in glider flying.

NEW LONDON, CONN.

1 August 1941

Comdr. and Mrs. B. Saunders Bullard celebrated their thirtieth wedding anniversary on Tuesday, 29 July with a cocktail party given in the garden of their home at 50 Hillside Road.

Lt. (jg) and Mrs. David H. Byerly were hosts Sunday, 27 July at a cocktail party given at their home on Long Cove Road, Galley Ferry. Mrs. Gustav A. Schwenk of Baltimore, Md., is visiting the Byerlys.

Ens. and Mrs. Robert L. Mastin of 17 Greenway Road entertained the officers of the USS Semmes and their guests on Saturday, 26 July at a cocktail party at their home. Ensign Mastin's brothers, Maj. Francis W. Mastin and David Mastin are visiting from Madison, N. J.

Mrs. Betty Rockwell Wood, and Miss Kappy Rockwell, of Newport, R. I. and Miss Cynthia Morgan were guests of Capt. and Mrs. Elwin F. Cutts at Commanding Officers' quarters for the week-end.

Mrs. Oliver G. Kirk of Mago Point, Waterford returned last week from a visit in Sharon, Conn. with Lieutenant Kirk's mother Mrs. Edwin L. Kirk, who accompanied her home.

Mrs. Alice Knight Pryor of Washington, D. C. arrived Saturday, 26 July to pass several weeks with her son, Lt. Comdr. William L. Pryor, jr. and Mrs. Pryor in Great Neck Road, Waterford.

Mrs. Everett A. Land of Norfolk, Va., arrived Thursday, 24 July to visit her daughter Mrs. Frederick H. Wahlig and Lieutenant Wahlig in Pequot Avenue. Her son Everett A. Land, jr., stopped in New York City for a few days and motored up Saturday, 26 July accompanied by Miss Katherine Northern, who is also from Norfolk. Miss Northern an old friend of Mrs. Wahlig's has been attending Columbia summer school.

Lt. and Mrs. John R. Moore have left the Mohican hotel and have an apartment at 187

Willets Avenue. Their young daughter Laura Ann is spending the summer at Camp Songadeewin on Willowby Lake, Borden, Vt. Mrs. Moore's mother, Mrs. Francis A. Guggert of Chapel Hill, North Carolina, left the first part of last week for Detroit, Mich.

Society News

(Continued from Preceding Page)

delightfully, very amusing and colorful chapters about cooks she has had from various parts of the world.

Mrs. del Valle, who is the wife of Col. Pedro del Valle, USMC, is occupying the home of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles S. Walsh, near Annapolis, for the summer.

Mrs. Young, wife of Lt. Col. Ellsworth Young, CAC, of Ft. Monroe, Va., was guest this week in Newport, R. I., of Captain and Mrs. Henry S. Wheeler.

Lt. and Mrs. Matthew Whalen are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son on 26 July, at Carthage, N. Y. Lt. Whalen was graduated from West Point in 1939, and is at present stationed with the Armored Regiment at Pine Camp, N. Y.

Mrs. Whalen is the former Miss Edith Davies, daughter of the late Maj. Ward J. Davies, AC, USA, and Mrs. Davies of Green Meadows, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. Damon H. Wilman announce the birth of a daughter, Joyce Lucile Wilman, 24 July 1941 at Worcester, Mass., granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. Harvey H. Fletcher, Inf., USA.

Mrs. Seth W. Cook, wife of the late Col. Seth W. Cook, AC, USA, and her daughter, Miss Marie Cook, left Washington this week for a two months' visit to New England.

A recent visitor at Mrs. Cook's Twentieth-Street home was her son, 1st Lt. Bailey C. Cook, AC, USA, who is stationed with the 27th Reconnaissance Squadron in Puerto Rico.

The Commandant of the Twelfth Naval District and Mrs. Greenslade were at home in their quarters on Yerba Buena Island to the officers of the San Francisco area and their wives and civilian friends on 22 July.

In the receiving line with Admiral and Mrs. Greenslade were the Chief of Staff, Captain Kilpatrick and Mrs. Kilpatrick and Lt. Marshall Smith, Aide to the Commandant. Mrs. Greenslade was assisted during the afternoon by a number of the wives of the officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps.

The spacious house and terraced garden were thrown open for the occasion. About four or five hundred guests called between the hours four-thirty and seven o'clock.

Admiral Greenslade was recently transferred from duty on the General Board, Washington, D. C., to San Francisco as Commandant of the Twelfth Naval District.

Army and Navy officers and their families who stopped over at Hotel Piccadilly, New York City, this past week included: Capt. J. Spurr, Boston, Mass.; Lt. M. S. Stevens, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.; Mrs. W. Wood and son, wife and son of Capt. W. Wood, Ft. Clayton, C. Z.; Lt. C. M. Busbee, Ft. Sill, Okla.; Lt. David Cooper, Ft. Monroe, Va.; Lt. P. H. Tansey, Ft. Benning, Ga.; Col. A. T. Willis and family, Ft. Jackson, S. C.; Lt. H. W. Frawley, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.; Lt. E. C. Boggs, Ft. Benning, Ga.; Capt. William Miles and family, Ft. Hayes, Columbus, Ohio; Capt. and Mrs. A. W. Miller, Ft. George G. Meade, Md.; Capt. and Mrs. L. Weaver, New York City; Ens. D. H. Hall, USS Beaver, New London, Conn.; Lt. D. Clarke and party, Edgewood Arsenal, Md.; Comdr. J. T. Bottom, USN, Newport, R. I.; Ens. B. Berner, USS Tuscaloosa, N. Y. C.; Lt. J. M. McKee, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.; Lt. P. H. McCormick, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.; Lt. J. S. Tucker, Ft. McKinley, Maine; Lt. H. T. Marsh, Jr., Wilmington, Del.; Capt. A. L. Mente, Camp Polk, La.; Ens. and Mrs. Caldwell, Norfolk, Va.; Lt. and Mrs. Simpson, Wynnwood, Va.; Ens. R. H. O'Neill, USS Camden, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Lt. Thomas Buines, Ft. Story, Va.; Lt. N. B. Chenault and family, Raritan Arsenal, Metuchen, N. J.; Lt. J. W. White, Ft. Bragg, N. C., and Lt. Charles L. Mullins, West Point, N. Y.

Recent guests at the Hotel Martinique,

Washington, D. C., included:

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. J. F. Terrell, Newport, R. I.; Col. R. E. O'Neill, Chanute Field, Ill.; Lt. Col. J. W. Faulconer, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Maj. Williams, Columbia, S. C.; Maj. and Mrs. John Wesley Coulter, Honolulu; Capt. and Mrs. Walter E. Bare, jr., Ft. Benning, Ga.; Capt. C. L. Wood, Rantoul, Ill.; Capt. S. Smith, Rantoul, Ill.; Capt. James H. Hughes, Ft. Knox, Ky.; Capt. James H. Brewster, jr., Rantoul, Ill.; Lt. George F. Fisher, jr., Ft. Knox, Ky.; Lt. C. F. Edwinson, Selma, Ala.; Lt. W. F. Thyson, jr., Quantico, Va.; Lt. L. R. Hughes, jr., Moffett Field, Calif.; Col. Ira A. Rader, Tampa, Fla.; Lt. Col. Clifford C. Nutt, Dayton, Ohio; Capt. J. D. Hillyer, Ravenna, Ohio; Lt. Col. Raphael Baez, jr., Ft. Sill, Okla.; Maj. J. L. Jackson, Dayton, Ohio; Lt. Col. and Mrs. Max F. Schneider; Lt. Col. Elliott R. Thorpe, Ft. Benning, Ga.; Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Dirk M. te Groen, Norfolk, Va.; Col. and Mrs. Felix Emmanuel, Morrisville, Pa.; Maj. C. W. Holcomb, Ft. Monroe, Va.; Mrs. Peoples, wife of Maj. Ulysses J. L. Peoples, jr., Philadelphia, Pa.; Capt. B. P. Davis; Capt. J. H. Wright, Blacksburg, Va.; Lt. and Mrs. Peck Hardee, jr., Ft. Monroe, Va.; Lt. Charles A. Lewis, Ft. Monroe, Va., and Lt. N. Leslie Kelley, Ft. Monroe, Va.

Army arrivals at Hotel Barclay, New York City, recently included:

Lt. B. Edgerton, Balboa Hts., C. Z.; Mrs. James McKinley and son, Ft. Devens, Mass.; Lt. James F. McKinley, Ft. Devens, Mass.; Cadet Francis Voegell, Cadet Mark H. Terrell, Cadet Thos. H. Laurer, Cadet Richard M. Horridge, Cadet Robert G. Brugh, Cadet P. H. Riedel, West Point, N. Y.; Lt. E. S. Lott, 7th Regiment; Lt. J. O. Green, Germantown, Pa.; Mrs. F. C. Cobb, Short Hills, N. J.; Cadet F. D. Waddell, West Point, N. Y.; Cadet Carl Helmsletter, West Point, N. Y.; Cadet Ernest J. White, West Point, N. Y.; Ens. P. Malloy, USN; E. J. White, West Point; Carl Helmsletter, West Point; Lt. R. M. Wilcox, Porto Rico; Lt. and Mrs. Linton, Ft. Belvoir, Va., and Cadet C. P. Cawthorne, West Point.

The Hotel Bellevue, San Francisco, recently had the following as guests:

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. E. L. Butts, San Francisco, Calif.; Mrs. C. F. Thompson, wife of Maj. Gen. Thompson, Ft. Lewis, Wash.; Mrs. F. B. Carter, sister of Mrs. C. F. Thompson, Pasadena, Calif.; Col. and Mrs. Fred V. Berger, Port Townsend, Wash.; Col. and Mrs. R. E. Thomas and Miss Thomas, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Col. and Mrs. W. D. Vall and son, O'Reilly Gen. Hosp., Springfield, Mo.; Col. and Mrs. S. W. Anding, Santa Fe, New Mexico; Col. Walter Bender, Spokane, Wash.; Col. and Mrs. Paul Carter, Camp Roberts, Calif.; Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. F. Sherburn, Sacramento, Calif.; Lt. Col. O. P. Winningstad, Presidio of Monterey, Calif.; Lt. Col. W. S. Woolford, Spokane, Wash.; Lt. Col. D. L. Knoll, Spokane, Wash.; Lt. Col. R. I. Lovell and family, Presidio of Monterey, Calif.; Lt. Col. H. J. Guernsey, McChord Field, Wash.; Lt. Col. and Mrs. H. C. Barnes, jr., Presidio of Monterey, Calif.; Lt. Col. and Mrs. A. S. Champany and family, Oxford, Kans.; Lt. Col. and Mrs. B. Erdman and family, Honolulu, T. H.; Lt. Col. E. E. Gesler, Washington, D. C.; Lt. Col. and Mrs. E. F. Ely, Ft. Mason, Calif.; Lt. Col. H. C. Sanborn, Presidio of San Francisco; Lt. Col. S. W. Bogan, Coronado, Calif.; Lt. Col. Dennis W. Sullivan, San Francisco; Mrs. Paul Sheppard, wife of Col. Sheppard, Monterey, Calif.; Mrs. Allison J. Barnett, wife of Col. Barnett, Camp Croft, S. C.; Maj. Gustaf Ericson, San Francisco, Calif.; Maj. P. F. Powers, Ft. Lewis, Wash.; Mrs. A. E. McConnell, wife of Maj. McConnell, Indianapolis, Ind.; Maj. J. H. Wyman, Spokane, Wash.; Maj. T. C. Gentry, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Maj. R. B. Skinner, Ft. Ord, Calif.; Maj. and Mrs. G. A. Whitley, McClellan Field, Calif.; Maj. F. L. Bendle, Spokane, Wash.; Maj. M. Knox, Spokane, Wash.; Maj. and Mrs. L. T. Phillips, Hamilton Field, Calif.; Maj. L. A. Robinson, Medford, Ore.; Maj. C. Well, McChord Field, Wash.; Maj. J. P. Smith, McChord Field, Wash.; Capt. Lloyd B. Knutsen, Ft. Des Moines, Ia.; Capt. and Mrs. E. P. Danforth, Ft. Bliss, Tex.; Capt. W. T. Mahoney, Ft. Ord, Calif.; Capt. H. Hickman, Zone Construction QM, San Francisco; Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Stillman, Cavite, P. I.; Capt. A. C. Hauman, Ft. Geo. Wright, Wash.; Capt. F. Shapiro, Ft. McArthur, Calif.; Capt. A. B. Rebbin, Fresno, Calif.; Capt. and Mrs. N. R. Duell and family, Long Island, N. Y.; Lt. and Mrs. E. S. Chapman, Ft. Ord, Calif.; Lt. W. F. O'Connor, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.; Lt. Ernest L. Kerr and mother, Mrs. Ethel Kerr, Mather Field, Calif.; Lt. C. D. Beck, Ft. McKinley, P. I.; Lt. B. H. Hunsont, Camp Roberts, Calif.; Lt. and Mrs. Fetherree, Mare Island, Calif.; Lt. S. F. Olsen, Camp Roberts, Calif.; Lt. and Mrs. S. G. Ware, Ft. Lewis, Wash.; Lt. D. W. Eddy, Ft. Ord, Calif.; Lt. and Mrs. Brown, King City, Calif.; Mrs. David Perry, mother of Lt. Perry, Seattle, Wash.; Lt. J. P. Kelleher, Mitchell Field, N. Y.; Lt. Arthur A. Farrell, Ft. Riley, Tex.; Lt. and Mrs. C. B. Cox, Boston, Mass.; Lt. C. S. Lurie, Ft. George Wright, Wash.; Lt.

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Society News

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and Mrs. L. G. Forbes, Penryn, Calif.; Lt. and Mrs. E. L. Krummel, Camp Roberts, Calif.; Lt. Leonard Robbins, Camp Roberts, Calif.; Lt. P. S. Dull, Seattle, Wash.; Lt. and Mrs. F. C. Fitzpatrick, Ft. Riley, Kans.; Lt. and Mrs. W. H. Gray, Jr., San Jose, Calif.; Lt. Martha A. Smith, ANC, Denver, Colo.; Lt. Helen Locke, ANC, Ft. Lewis, Wash.; Lt. and Mrs. E. J. Reed, Jr., Eureka, Calif.; Mrs. M. R. Finley, Vallejo, Calif., wife of Lt. Comdr. Finley; Mrs. L. L. Culter, USA; Mrs. D. W. Kirkman and daughter, family of Capt. Kirkman, USN; Mrs. J. W. Willingham and son, family of Lt. Comdr. Willingham; Mrs. F. C. Baker, widow of Col. Baker, Monterey, Calif.; Miss Frances Baker, daughter of Col. Baker; Mrs. H. S. Mallin, USA; Mrs. G. H. Williams and daughter, family of Lt. Comdr. Williams, USN, and Mr. Frederick Bockoven, son of Col. Bockoven, Belvoir, Va.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 1384)

Miss Patricia Jean Elizabeth Oppy, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Glenn C. Oppy of Chevy Chase, D. C., was married Sunday, 29 June, to Mr. Calvin Byron Banigan, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Banigan of Reno, Nevada.

The ceremony took place at the Wesley Methodist Church, the Rev. J. Luther Neff, officiating, before an altar adorned with white gladioli, larkspur, ferns and palms, and lighted by tall candles.

The bride wore a charming frock of white eyelet-embroidered organdy, with sweetheart neck, long sleeves and the long princess lines extending into a train. Her finger-tip veil was held in place with a cluster of orange blossoms and she carried a bouquet of white gladioli.

Her sister, Virginia Oppy, was maid of honor. Other attendants were Miss Lucille Meahl, and Messrs. Charles McTinnis, and Walter States, as ushers, while Mr. Nicholas Bosta was best man.

A reception followed at the home of the bride.

After a wedding trip they will be at home at 1330 16th Street, Washington, D. C.

The bride attended George Washington University and is a Kappa Gamma, and the bridegroom is now at George Washington.

Col. Selywn D. Smith, Cav.-USA, and Mrs. Smith announce the engagement of their daughter, Virginia Neville, to Lt. John Spoor Samuel, AC, USA, son of Mrs. Ben-Allen Samuel of Hinsdale, Ill.

Miss Smith attended Michigan State College, where she was a member of Chi Omega Sorority. She completed her studies at Arlington Hall, Virginia, graduating with the class of 1939.

She is the sister of Capt. Richard H. Smith, AC, USA, and of Capt. Selwyn D. Smith, II, FA, USA, and of Mrs. James D. Hittle, wife of Lt. J. D. Hittle, USMC.

She has spent the last few months as the guest of her brother and sister, Capt. and Mrs. Richard H. Smith at San Angelo, Texas.

Lieutenant Samuel attended Beloit College, Wisc., where he was a member of Beta Theta Pi Fraternity. He was graduated from the U. S. Military Academy with the class of '39 and is at present on duty at Randolph Field, Texas.

The wedding will take place at Randolph Field in September.

Colonel Smith is stationed at Camp Stewart, Ga.

Mrs. James Bishop Spratt of Jacksonville, Fla., announces the engagement of her daughter, Gwendolyn, to Lt. (jg) John M. De Vane, Jr., USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. John M. De Vane of Fayetteville, N. C.

Miss Spratt is a graduate of Georgetown Visitation Junior College, Washington, D. C., and Rosemont College, Philadelphia, Pa. She was also a member of the 1939-40 Debutante Club of Jacksonville.

Lieutenant De Vane was graduated from the United States Naval Academy in 1937. The wedding will be an event of early Fall in Norfolk.

Col. and Mrs. Henry Baldwin Lewis of the Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., an-

nounce the engagement of their daughter, Frances Harriet, to Lt. Frank Henry Stone, USA.

Miss Lewis is the granddaughter of the late Capt. and Mrs. Robert H. Anderson and of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Edward M. Lewis of Berkeley, Calif. She is the niece of Maj. Thomas E. Lewis of the Army War College—Of Mrs. D. E. Murphy of Washington, D. C., and of Mrs. Clements McMullen of Duncan Field, Tex.

Lieutenant Stone is the son of Mr. Ellery Stone and the late Mrs. Ellery Stone of Fond du Lac, Wisc.

The wedding will take place at the Presidio of San Francisco in the late autumn.

Capt. and Mrs. Robert E. Lassiter, AC, USA, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Evelyn Louise, to Lt. George H. Mueller, Inf., USA, Ft. Lewis, Wash.

The bride-to-be attended Washington State College at Pullman, Wash., and Lt. Mueller, son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul G. Mueller of Burley, Idaho, was graduated from the United States Military Academy with the class of 1940.

The wedding is set for 20 Sept. in the Post Chapel at Fort Lewis, Wash.

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Harris Valden, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Pollard Valden and Capt. Edward Louis Reilmann, QMC, USA, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Edward Joseph Reilmann of Ft. George G. Meade, Md., took place on 19 July at the home of the bride, in Newport News, Virginia.

A reception was given at the James River Country Club, after which the bride and groom left on a trip to Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia.

They will live at Point Pleasant, West Virginia.

Among recent interesting Service weddings was that of last week which united in marriage Miss Mary Lou Schick, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Lawrence E. Schick of Ft. Knox, and Lt. Paul C. Roat, Jr., of Cleveland, Ohio.

It was solemnized in the Post Chapel amidst a beautiful setting of palms, lilies, and white tapers. While guests arrived for the ceremony there was a prelude of organ music by Mr. Wm. Floyd, and just preceding the service, Mr. Walter McAllister sang "Oh Promise Me" and "At Dawning."

The Episcopal Service was read by Chaplain Page of Dayton, Ohio.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Dorothy Andrews, Ruth Devine, Betty Heard, and Vesta Stovall of Ft. Knox. The maid of honor was Miss Betty Kendall of Ft. Benning.

The bride, given in marriage by her father was lovely in an exquisite gown of white silk net over taffeta, with the skirt and spreading train composed almost entirely of closely spaced net ruffles. She carried an arm bouquet of white lilies, gardenias and baby's breath. Her only ornament was a string of pearls, the gift of the bridegroom.

Mr. Paul R. Roat of Boston acted as best man for his son and the ushers were class mates and graduates of this year's class at the U. S. Military Academy, Lts. M. McD. Jones, Charles Shilling, with Lts. Edwin Powell and Wm. Bateman of Fort Knox. They wore white uniforms and with their swords formed the traditional arch for the bride and bridegroom to pass under at the conclusion of the Service.

A reception followed, the guests being received on the new terrace at the Officers' Club. Dancing was enjoyed to the strains of an orchestra and the wedding cake was cut by the bride with her father's saber.

The Smoky mountains lured the young couple for their wedding trip, after which they will go to Columbus, Ohio, Lieutenant Roat to attend the Infantry School.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Marion Brayton Freeman, daughter of Mrs. Philip Ray Freeman of Pittsfield, Mass., and Broad-

acres, Eastover, S. C., and the late Mr. Freeman, to Capt. Benjamin Wilson Porter, USA, of Camp Shelby, Miss., son of Mrs. John Alexander Porter of Black Mountain, N. C., and the late Mr. Porter.

Miss Freeman attended Miss Hall's School and was graduated from Miss Madeira's School, Washington, and from Radcliffe College. She is a member of the Junior League of Pittsfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert O. Beardsley announced the engagement of their daughter Anndel Narin to Lt. Lauren D. Dreisbach at a party given 25 June at their home, 27 North Country Club, Phoenix, Arizona.

The marriage will take place in mid-August in a garden ceremony to be performed at the home of the bride-elect's grandfather, Max Wiczorek, in Long Beach, Calif.

Miss Narin, daughter of the late Thomas G. Narin, was educated in private schools, graduating from Westlake School for Girls in Beverly, Calif. She is a member of the Junior League of Phoenix.

Lieutenant Dreisbach, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Dreisbach of Columbus, S. C., is with the Air Corps Training Detachment, at Thunderbird Airport near Glendale, Arizona.

Among guests attending the party were: Col. and Mrs. Ennis Whitehead, Maj. and Mrs. Bloyce H. Britton, Capt. and Mrs. L. O. Brown, Lt. and Mrs. Eldon W. Brummett, Lt. and Mrs. Robert H. DeBusk, Lt. and Mrs. G. S. Ortman, Lt. and Mrs. Lynne R. Mapes, Lt. and Mrs. Halte, Lt. Robert Fate, Lt. Martin Mulligan, Lt. George Day, Lieutenant Nestleroad, Lieutenant Carley, Lt. Fred Elliott, Dr. and Mrs. S. I. Bloomhardt, Judge and Mrs. Peter D. Overfield, and others.

One of many weddings in Army society during this month was that of Miss Mary Suzanne Pinkham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Pinkham of Ft. Lewis, and Lt. Marley Calraith Perry of the 3rd Quartermaster Battalion, which occurred the night of 22 July in the Post Chapel, at Ft. Lewis, Wash.

An aunt of the bride, Mrs. Don White, Glendale, Calif., was matron of honor and Lt. Wendell Coates, the best man. Mr. Pinkham gave his daughter away and the Episcopal marriage service was read by Chaplain J. S. Edwards.

Mrs. Perry attended Whitman College, the University of Washington and the College of Puget Sound. She is a member of Delta Gamma sorority. Lieutenant Perry was graduated from the United States Military Academy at West Point in 1940.

Another ceremony at Ft. Lewis, held 12 July, united Miss Jeanne Durham of Seattle, and Capt. Paul H. Berkowitz, commanding officer of the 69th Engineer Battalion. The couple was attended by Lt. Alfred M. Eschbach and Miss Frances P. Grandy. Chaplain T. S. Cordill of McChord Field read the Episcopal service.

A McChord Field marriage of much interest was that of Lt. Wesley E. Carter of McChord Field and Miss Bula B. Ballard of Long Beach, Calif., on 14 July in the Chapel at Ft. Lewis.

The couple were attended by Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Petersen.

In keeping with the spirit of an Air Corps wedding, Mrs. Carter flew from Long Beach for the ceremony.

Chaplain Cordill presided.

A wedding following Army customs was held in the Chapel at Ft. Lewis on 15 July, uniting Lt. Walter H. Wood, Jr. of Chicago, Ill., and Miss Virginia Raiser of Oale Park, Ill.

Lt. and Mrs. Oscar F. Gilbertson attended the couple. Chaplain Cordill officiated.

Following the ceremony, fellow officers from the Signal Corps escorted the couple on a parade about the Post in a reconnaissance car.

Lt. Ralph R. Hornbuckle, 3rd Quartermaster Regiment, and Miss Marjorie

Allan of Chicago, were also married in the Ft. Lewis Chapel on 12 July in a quiet Episcopal service.

Attendants at the wedding were Lt. Robert L. Ingeman and Miss Charlotte Field. Chaplain Edwards officiated.

The bride wore a tailored suit decorated with a corsage of gardenias.

Mrs. Hornbuckle flew from Chicago for the ceremony on the day of her wedding.

Two arms of the United States Army were joined 16 July, when Master Sergeant James Richard Stack, of the 3rd Division, and Miss Elsa Oliva Koski of the Army Nurse Corps at Ft. Lewis were married at Browns Point.

The candle-light ceremony was held at 7:30 p.m. at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Wolf. The best man was Capt. Frank Shaprow of Ft. McArthur, Calif., and the maid of honor was Miss Gudrun Hanson. Mr. Ray Koski, brother of the bride, gave her away.

Chaplain John T. Kendall of Ft. Lewis officiated.

Mrs. Stack is the head of the western division of the Washington State Nurse Anesthetists.

Miss Janet Berris Dunsmore, popular Tacoma sub-deb, was married to Lt. Orville E. Robinson of McChord Field in another gracious ceremony held in the Chapel at Ft. Lewis, 16 July, at 3 p.m.

The matron of honor was Mrs. Sidney F. Richards, and the best man was Lt. Elmer L. Tarbox. Mrs. Robinson had been a bridesmaid for Mrs. Richards in May, and Lieutenant Tarbox had been best man.

Chaplain Cordill officiated.

The wedding of Miss Bobby Jewell, daughter of Mrs. Frank C. Jewell of Chevy Chase, Md. and the late Col. Jewell, USA, to Lt. Floyd Bertram Thomas Myhre, USN, took place at noon on Saturday, 19 July, in St. Andrews Chapel, Naval Academy. Chaplain William N. Thomas performed the ceremony. As the groom is a member of the class of 1931, Naval Academy, which presented the Chimes, "The Navy Blue and Gold" and "Anchors Aweigh" were played on them following the ceremony. A wedding breakfast followed at the farm of Comdr. and Mrs. Cleveland McCanley near Annapolis.

Married at Arlington, Va., 25 June 1941, were Miss Nancy Lee Hall, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Card Hall of Claremore, Oklahoma, and 1st Lt. Richard C. Welty, AC, son of Col. and Mrs. Maurice D. Welty, Inf., USA.

Lt. and Mrs. Richard C. Welty are now stationed at Savannah, Ga., his assignment being with the 13th Bombardment Squadron, (L) ACCC.

Announcement was made in El Paso, Texas last week by Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Wallace Still of the engagement of Mrs. Still's daughter, Miss Marale Clemons, to Lieut. Eben Richards Wyles, USA, stationed at Cavalry Replacement Center, Ft. Riley, Kansas. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Tom R. Wyles of Highland Park, Illinois. The wedding will take place in the early fall.

Finance Graduates

Graduation services for the first combined residence class of Reserve and National Guard Officers to graduate from the Finance School, Holabird, Md., were held this week. Maj. Gen. Howard K. Loughry, Chief of Finance, was the principal speaker.

Names of the 28 officers completing the course follow:

Lt. Col. W. T. Dell-	1st Lt. D. L. Cham-
berlin	
Lt. Col. O. B. Linstad	1st Lt. R. E. Ewing
Lt. Col. C. M. Read-	1st Lt. R. C. Ewbank
ing	1st Lt. A. J. Hoffman
Lt. Col. E. A. Strom	1st Lt. L. B. Howson
Capt. J. L. Crane	1st Lt. L. F. Lucas
Capt. B. D. Greer	1st Lt. G. D. Morisset
Maj. R. J. Irish	2nd Lt. G. H. Flowers
Capt. E. A. Murphy	Jr.
Maj. W. F. Condray	2nd Lt. N. B. Hill
1st Lt. W. B. Alexan-	2nd Lt. L. T. King
der	1st Lt. M. E. Newsum
1st Lt. S. W. Beda	Jr.
1st Lt. E. E. Brown	2nd Lt. E. A. Nyquist
1st Lt. V. O. Brown	2nd Lt. M. G. Valen-
1st Lt. J. F. Camp, Jr.	tine
	2nd Lt. J. B. York

OBITUARIES

Funeral services for Lt. Comdr. George W. Grove, USN, who was killed in an airplane crash at Iraq, were held at Basrah, Iraq, on 4 July. Commander Grove was reported missing on 13 June while on a flight with the Royal Air Force at Iraq. He had been assigned as a naval observer to Iraq.

Lt. Comdr. Grove was born in Philadelphia, 6 Sept. 1894 and was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1911. After graduation in 1915, he was assigned to the USS Connecticut and served with a landing force at Cap Haitien, Haiti in 1915. In 1917 he was ordered to Queenstown, Ireland, where he was assigned to the USS Ericsson, employed in escort and patrol duty. He returned to the United States in August, 1918 and, after assisting in fitting out the USS Upshur, served as her executive officer and navigator. She was employed as an aerological ship during the trans-Atlantic flight of the NC-seaplanes in the spring of 1919. Lieutenant Grove was on duty with the Destroyer Force based at San Diego, California, and, after assisting in fitting out the USS Barker and serving as her executive officer, he was ordered to the USS Harding. He resigned from the United States Navy 16 Nov. 1920.

He was commissioned Lieutenant, U. S. Naval Reserve in 1933, and had training duty in the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations in June, 1939, and on the USS Lang in September, 1939. He was promoted to the grade of Lieutenant Commander, U. S. Naval Reserve, 1 Jan. 1940, and was ordered to active duty on 1 Sept. 1940.

Lt. Comdr. Grove's wife, Mrs. Katharine A. Grove, is residing at Cornwall, Conn.

The Navy Department has been informed that Lt. Comdr. George W. Grove, USN, who has been missing since 13 June 1941, died as the result of an airplane crash.

Lt. Comdr. Grove was reported missing during a flight with the Royal Air Force in Iraq, where he had been assigned as naval observer. According to a State Department dispatch from the American Minister Resident at Baghdad, the body of Lt. Comdr. Grove was found in a wrecked plane on the desert. All of the occupants of the plane had apparently been killed instantly when it crashed.

The State Department dispatch said that funeral services for Lt. Comdr. Grove were held at Basrah, Iraq, on 4 July, 1941. In attendance were two Americans (Messrs. Van Nuys and Gosse-link), who deposited a wreath in his memory.

Lt. Comdr. Grove is survived by his widow, Mrs. Katharine Grove, Cornwall, Conn.

Joint funeral services for Lt. (jg) Philip Dalton, USNR, and Harry Lee Rogers, Seaman 2nd Class, USNR, were held 28 July in Fort Myer Chapel. Lt. Comdr. William H. Rafferty, (ChC), USN, officiated.

Honorary pallbearers for Lieutenant (jg) Dalton were: Lt. John J. Clark, USNR, Lt. Gilbert J. Frauenheim, USNR, Lt. Henry M. Wilson, USNR, Lt. Chester C. Ward, USNR, Lt. Clark Bucknam, USNR, Capt. Roswell B. Burchard, Jr., USMCR, and Ens. Curtis J. Lee, USNR.

Lieutenant (jg) Dalton's remains were sent to his home in Schenectady, N. Y., where interment will take place.

Honorary pallbearers for Seaman Rogers were: Student Naval Aviation Pilot John H. Blumenstein, Student Naval Aviation Pilot Joseph W. Redding, Student Naval Aviation Pilot Joseph M. Reigher, Student Naval Aviation Pilot David J. Spiegel, Student Naval Aviation Pilot Marcel H. P. Van Hemert, and Student Naval Aviation Pilot Thomas R. Young, Jr. The ushers were Student Naval Aviation Pilot Richard F. Kenney and Student Naval Aviation Pilot James M. White.

Seaman Rogers' remains were interred in Arlington National Cemetery following chapel services.

QM Sgt. Benjamin J. Lafferty died at Hines Hospital, Hines, Ill., 17 July, 1941. Sergeant Lafferty enlisted in the 9th U. S. Cavalry, 24 Nov. 1891, and served in the various grades of non-commissioned (Continued on Next Page)

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

Born

BAKER—Born at Oklahoma Baptist Hospital, Muskogee, Okla., 4 July 1941, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. George Towne Baker, USN, a son, George Towne Baker, III.

BETHEA—Born at Richardson House, Boston, Mass., 22 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. James Stephen Bethea, USN, a second son, Thomas Dudley, grandson of the Rev. and Mrs. L. B. Thomas, of Cambridge, Mass., and of Mrs. J. S. Bethea, of Prescott, Ariz.

BROWN—Born at Lawrence Memorial Hospital, New London, Conn., 25 July 1941, to Ens. and Mrs. Charles D. Brown, a son, Donald Edward.

COOK—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., 24 July 1941, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Robert W. Cook, 17th Ord. Bn., a daughter.

COX—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 23 June 1941, to Ens. and Mrs. Robert D. Cox, Jr., a son, Robert Cox, 3d.

COX—Born at Norfolk General Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 25 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. William A. Cox, Jr., a son.

DONNOVIN—Born at Columbia, S. C., 16 July 1941, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. P. Donnovin, FA, a son, Joseph Philip Donnovin, Jr.

EDWARDS—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., 24 July 1941, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Lester R. Edwards, 22nd Inf., a daughter.

GAZLAY—Born at Spohn Hospital, Corpus Christi, Tex., 21 July 1941, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. R. C. Gazlay, USN, a son, Steven Baker.

HANSEN—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 16 July 1941, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. W. C. Hansen, USN, a daughter, Margaret Nelson, granddaughter of the late Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Walter Guerry.

HEIMERDINGER—Born at Gorgas Hospital, Panama Canal Zone, 26 June 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. Earl H. Heimerdinger, (Inf.), QMC, USA, a daughter, Marie Theresa.

HICKS—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., 23 July 1941, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Mayoda Hicks, Co. B, 751st Tank Bn., a daughter.

HUGHES—Born on 16 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. George E. Hughes, USN, of Coronado, Calif., a daughter, Judith Cody.

KOSCO—Born at Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, Va., 19 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. George F. Kosco, a daughter.

PATTON—Born at Colon Hospital, Canal Zone, 15 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. Thomas E. Patton, MC, USA, a daughter.

RUSSELL—Born at Seattle, Wash., 21 July 1941, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Benjamin Van Meter Russell, USN, a son, Robert Huse.

SCHMIDT—Born at Lawrence and Memorial Hospital, New London, Conn., 22 July 1941, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Victor G. Schmidt, CAC, a daughter, Stephanie Janina.

SKELTON—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., 25 July 1941, to Maj. and Mrs. Winfred G. Skelton, Inf., USA, twin daughters.

STANLEY—Born at Norfolk General Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 25 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. Emory D. Stanley, Jr., USN, a daughter.

THOMAS—Born at Calvin-Ritch Sanatorium, Jessup, Ga., 22 July 1941, to Maj. and Mrs. A. R. Thomas, a son, David Charles.

THOMAS—Born at St. Francis Hospital, Miami Beach, Fla., 23 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. William B. Thomas, a daughter, Lynn Ellen.

ULMER—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 25 July 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. John R. Ulmer, Inf., a daughter, Johanna.

VAN VOORHIS—Born at Washington, D. C., 7 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. Bruce A. Van Voorhis, USN, a son, John Avery Van Voorhis.

VOGLER—Born at Lawrence Memorial Hospital, New London, Conn., 25 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. William E. Vogler, a son, David.

WHALEN—Born at Carthage, N. Y., 26 July 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. Matthew Whalen, a son, grandson of the late Maj. Ward J. Davies, AC, USA, and Mrs. Davies of Green Meadows, Md.

WILMAN—Born at Worcester, Mass., 24 July 1941, to Mr. and Mrs. Damon H. Wilman, a daughter, Joyce Lucile, granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. Harvey H. Fletcher, Inf., USA.

Married

BARTON-KNAUFF—Married at Episcopal Church of St. John the Evangelist, Boston, Mass., recently, Miss Elizabeth Knauff, to Lt. Harry H. Barton, USN.

BLAKELY-STUART—Married at Ft. Ben-

ning Chapel, Ft. Benning, Ga., 12 July 1941, Miss Nell B. Stuart, Army Nurse Corps, to Maj. William R. Blakely, Inf., USA.

CARTER-BALLARD—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 14 July 1941, Miss Bula B. Ballard, to Lt. Wesley E. Carter, McChord Fld.

DOUGLAS-BISSET—Married at Portsmouth, N. H., 22 July 1941, Miss Sarah M. Bisset, daughter of Comdr. Andrew G. Bisset, USN, to Ens. James Douglas, USN.

GABER-ELLIS—Married at Navy Yard Chapel, Norfolk, Va., Miss Gertrude Ellis, to Lt. George Freeman Gaber, USMC.

GILLIS-CASSIDY—Married on 31 July 1941, Miss Patty McLane Cassidy, Darien, Conn., to Lt. Jackson Clark Gillis, Inf., USA, San Luis Obispo, Cal.

HERRICK-ALEXANDRE—Married at St. Panchin's Church, Cedarhurst, L. I., N. Y., 18 July 1941, Miss Joan Alexandre, to Ens. Walter Russell Herrick, Jr., USNR.

HOOPER-BAILEY—Married at St. Andrews Chapel, Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., 26 July 1941, Miss Alice Bailey, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Carlos A. Bailey, of Long Beach, Calif., to Ens. Frederic Amory Hooper, USN.

HORNBuckle-ALLAN—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 12 July 1941, Miss Marjorie Allan, to Lt. Ralph R. Hornbuckle, 3rd QM Reg.

HUGHES-STEWART—Married at Newport, R. I., 16 July 1941, Miss Betty June Stewart, to Ens. Joseph Woodrow Hughes, USN.

LINTON-SLOAN—Married at Elberon, N. J., 22 July 1941, Miss Renee R. Sloan, to 2nd Lt. William Miles Linton, USA.

MARSHALL-CRIDER—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Richardson, Alaska, 5 July 1941, Miss Helen Crider, to 1st Lt. Kenneth Marshall, DC.

MYHRE-JEWELL—Married at Academy Chapel, Annapolis, Md., 19 July 1941, Miss Bobby Jewell, daughter of Mrs. Frank C. Jewell, and the late Lt. Col. Jewell, to Lt. Floyd B. T. Myhre, USN.

OLECOTT-MACKLIN—Married at the Church of the Crossroads, Honolulu, T. H., 14 July 1941, Miss Doris Macklin, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Walter F. Macklin, Ret., to Ens. Edward Oleott, USN.

PERRY-PINKHAM—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 22 July 1941, Miss Mary Suzanne Pinkham, to Lt. Marley Calraith Perry, 3rd Qm. Bn.

PHALEN-HICKMAN—Married at Norfolk, Va., 23 July 1941, Miss Cecelia Callista Hickman, to Ens. Leslie Robertson Phalen, USNR.

REHMANN-VAIDEN—Married at Newport News, Va., 19 July 1941, Miss Elizabeth Harris Vaiden, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Pollard Vaiden, to Capt. Edward Louis Rehmman, QMC, USA, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Edward Joseph Rehmman, of Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

ROBERTSON-TRUNSTUN—Married at St. John's Church, Hampton, Va., 26 July 1941, Miss Constance Bainbridge Trunston, to Lt. Lyman Hall Robertson, USA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

ROBINSON-DUNSMORE—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 16 July 1941, Miss Janet Berris Dunsmore, to Lt. Orville E. Robinson, McChord Fld.

ROOT-SCHICK—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Knox, Ky., Miss Mary Lou Schick, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Laurence E. Schick of Ft. Knox, to Lt. Paul C. Root, Jr., of Cleveland, O.

SIEBERT-WALKER—Married at Mission Hills Congregational Church, San Diego, Calif., 12 July 1941, Miss Fleeta Marie Walker, to Lt. Luther Rollin Siebert, USMC.

STACK-KOSKI—Married at Browns Point, Wash., 16 July 1941, Miss Elsa Oliva Koski, Army Nurse Corps, to M. Sgt. James Richard Stack, 3rd Div.

STRICKLIN-DAUGHERTY—Married at Quarry Heights, C. Z., 9 July 1941, Miss Mary Jane Daugherty, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Richard D. Daugherty, FD, USA, to Lt. William Joseph Stricklin, Jr., USN.

WELTY-HALL—Married at Arlington, Va., 25 July 1941, Miss Nancy Lee Hall, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Card Hall, Claremore, Okla., to 1st Lt. Richard C. Welty, AC, son of Col. and Mrs. Maurice D. Welty, Inf., USA.

WOOD-RAISER—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 15 July 1941, Miss Virginia Raiser, to Lt. Walter H. Wood, Jr., SC.

Died

BLASS—Killed in airplane crash, west of Jacksonville, Fla., 28 July 1941, Aviation Cadet

George Kahler Blass, USNR, survived by his mother, Mrs. George Blass, 110 Newbold Place, Kew Gardens, Queens, N. Y.

CRAPSTER—Died at Norfolk, Va., 25 July 1941, Capt. Thaddeus Graves Crapster, survived by his widow, Mrs. Louis P. Crapster, his son, Thaddeus Graves Crapster, and two sisters, Mrs. Alice C. Cox, D. C., and Mrs. George M. Wright, Philadelphia, Pa.

DALTON—Died in airplane crash near Alexandria, Va., 24 July 1941, Lt. (jg) Philip Dalton, USNR.

DUNLAP—Died at Naval Hospital, Bremerton, Wash., 13 July 1941, Chief Pay Clerk Carl Walton Dunlap, USN-Ret., survived by his wife Ellen Belle Dunlap, care of Miss Ada Wood, Oregon.

FOSTER—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 26 July 1941, Col. Charles L. Foster, USA-Ret., survived by his daughter, Mrs. E. A. Sirmeyer, Jr., c/o Dr. A. C. Foster, 6102 Oak Ridge Ave., Chevy Chase, Md.

GROVE—Died in airplane crash in Iraq, after 13 June 1941, Lt. Comdr. George W. Grove, USN, survived by his widow, Mrs. Katharine Grove, Cornwall, Conn.

HARGAN—Died in airplane wreck, near Seale, Ala., 19 July 1941, Capt. William S. Hargan, survived by his wife, Bessie S. Irwin Hargan.

HATTON—Died at Columbus, Ohio, 19 July 1941, Mr. Charles F. Hatton, father of Mrs. Edwin C. Kelton, wife of Col. Edwin C. Kelton, CE, USA.

KLUEPPELBERG—Killed in plane crash at Vero Beach, Fla., 29 July 1941, Ens. Howell Nelson Klueppelberg, Jr., USNR, survived by his mother, Mrs. Kathleen Harris Klueppelberg, 606 South 11th Street, Ft. Pierce, Fla.

LAFFERTY—Died at Hines Hospital, Hines, Ill., 17 July 1941, M. Sgt. Benjamin J. Lafferty, survived by his wife, Mrs. Mabel Lafferty, two daughters Mrs. Frances McKisack and Miss Beatrice Lafferty, one grandson, Audrey McKisack.

MCCAIN—Died at Washington, D. C., 25 July 1941, Maj. Gen. Henry P. McCain, USA-Ret.

MCLEAN—Died at Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C., 26 July 1941, Capt. Norman Thomas McLean, (MC), USN-Ret., survived by his wife, Mrs. Bertha McLean, Pearson, Md.

MACKIE—Died at Newark, N. J., 22 July 1941, Mr. Robb Mackie, 2d, son of Lt. Col. Robb S. Mackie, USA, Schofield Barracks, T. H., and the late Jean Perry Mackie.

O'KEEFE—Died at Marshall, Mich., 26 June 1941, Arthur L. O'Keefe, brother of Lt. Comdr. George F. O'Keefe, USN, and of the late Lt. Richard P. O'Keefe, AC, USA.

POTEET—Died at Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Calif., 28 July 1941, Capt. Fred Halstead Poteet, USN-Ret., survived by his widow, Mrs. Laura M. Poteet, San Anselmo, Calif.

SPILMAN—Died from injuries received from fall on board USS Mt. Vernon, 27 July 1941, Lt. (jg) Harry Jackson Spilman, USNR, survived by his widow, Mrs. Mary E. Spilman, 1650 Sacramento Street, Berkeley, Calif.

STERLING—Died at Jackson Heights, N. Y., 24 July 1941, Mrs. Ethel Ames Sterling, widow of Edward MacNaughton Sterling, mother of Maj. John M. Sterling, AC, USA, of Selfridge Field, Mich.

STOCKS—Died in airplane crash, near Seale, Ala., 19 July 1941, Maj. Fred Steward Stocks, AC, USA, survived by his wife, one son, Derle, and two daughters, Dorothy Ann, and Mary Caroline.

TODD—Died at St. Luke's Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., 25 July 1941, Mrs. Mabel Whitley Todd, wife of Capt. David Wooster Todd, USN-Ret., and mother of Lt. David Wooster Todd, Jr., USN, Lt. Donald Whitley Todd, USN, and Ens. Douglas Grainger Todd, USNR.

TOMPKINS—Died at San Diego, Calif., 23 July 1941, Comdr. Charles Levi Tompkins, (DC), USN.

WILLIAMS—Died at Lee Fld., Fla., 30 July 1941, Aviation Cadet Herbert Daniel Williams, Jr., USNR, survived by his mother, Mrs. Matti Lou Williams, State School, Warwick, N. Y.

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Obituaries

(Continued from Preceding Page)

officer to that of squadron sergeant major 9th Cavalry. He was appointed quartermaster sergeant, Quartermaster Corps, 8 Nov. 1908. He was retired from the service on 5 July, 1916.

He was appointed clerk, Quartermaster Corps, 6th Corps Area, in Dec., 1917. He was appointed civilian assistant property auditor in the Finance Dept. of the U. S. Army, with station in Chicago, later. He was retired from this position on 31 July, 1940, by reason of age limitation, thereby acquiring the distinction of being retired from two branches of the U. S. Government. He leaves Mrs. Mabel Lafferty, widow, Mrs. Frances McKissack and Miss Beatrice Lafferty, daughters, and Antrey McKissack, grandson.

Funeral services for Maj. Gen. Henry P. McCain, USA-Ret., who died in Washington, D. C., on 25 July, were held 28 July, in the Fort Myer Chapel. Chaplain John B. Duncan officiated at the services. Interment was with full military honors in Section 9 of Arlington National Cemetery.

General McCain was born in Carroll County, Miss., on 23 Jan. 1861. He was appointed to the Military Academy from his native state on 1 July 1881, and upon graduation on 14 June 1885, was commissioned a second lieutenant of Infantry.

General McCain had a varied career serving with the Infantry at Ft. Shaw, Mont., to Ft. Snelling, Minn., Vancouver Barracks, Wash., and later at Alaska, where he served as Adjutant and Acting Assistant Adjutant General. Upon his return to the United States he served as Aide to General Thomas H. Anderson and as Acting Assistant Ad-

jutant General, 1st Brigade, and later accompanied that organization to the Philippine Islands. Shortly after his return to the United States, on 22 Oct. 1898, he was assigned to duty at Vancouver Barracks, Wash., serving in various capacities until 21 Nov. 1900, when he was appointed Adjutant General.

Later he was Assistant Adjutant General, in the Office of the Military Secretary (The Adjutant General), Washington, at various times serving as Acting The Adjutant General.

In July, 1914, he was appointed The Adjutant General, U. S. Army, and served in that capacity until 19 Aug. 1918. He commanded the 12th Division, Camp Devens, Mass., to 1 July 1920; was Department Adjutant, Headquarters Central Department, Chicago, to 13 Oct. 1920; and Adjutant General, Sixth Corps Area, at Ft. Sheridan, to 21 April 1921. He retired from active duty, after more than 40 years' service, on 22 July 1921.

On 21 Feb. 1927 General McCain was appointed Governor of the United States Soldiers Home, Washington, and served in that capacity until 30 April 1936.

General McCain was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal and also the British Order of St. Michael and St. George.

Funeral services with simple honors for Capt. Norman Thomas McLean, (MC), USN-Ret., were held in Arlington National Cemetery, Tuesday, 29 July, 1941. Capt. Robert D. Workman, (ChC), USN, officiated.

Captain McLean died at the Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C., on 26 July, 1941. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Bertha Cheney McLean of Pearson, Md.

Captain McLean was born on 6 Nov. 1875, at Sarnia, Ontario, Canada. He was graduated from Tufts Medical College, class of 1900. He was appointed Lieutenant (junior grade) in the Medical Corps of the Navy, on 28 June 1904; promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, Medical Corps, 28 June 1907; promoted to the rank of Lieutenant Commander, Medical Corps, 20 Sept. 1916; promoted to the rank of Commander, Medical Corps, 5 Oct. 1919, and to the rank of Captain, Medical Corps, 4 Oct. 1925.

In September 1917, the National Public Health Service of Haiti was organized and Captain McLean was the first Chief of the newly organized service, with the title of Director of Public Health. As such he was responsible for the establishment of the Sanitary Code of the Republic and the beginning of measures for the control of important endemic diseases in Haiti which were later carried out to an extensive degree by his successors in that office.

Capt. Fred Halstead Poteet, USN-Ret., died on 28 July in the Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Calif. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Laura M. Poteet, San Anselmo, Calif.

Captain Poteet was born in Mattoon, Ill., 2 Aug. 1879 and was appointed to the Naval Academy from Missouri in 1898. During his senior year at the Academy he had his name inscribed on the Thompson Trophy Cup as midshipman who had done the most for athletics during that year.

In 1900, while serving on the USS Connecticut he was appointed aide to Gross Admiral von Koester during the Hudson-Fulton celebration in New York. Captain Poteet was then assigned as aide to Adm. W. W. Kimball during the first Nicaraguan campaign, serving in the following vessels: Prairie, Dixie, Buffalo and Albany. At the conclusion of the campaign he was assigned to duty as discipline officer and aide to the commandant of midshipmen at the Naval Academy. In 1913 he was assigned to the USS Mayflower as executive officer during the Wilson administration.

It was while serving on the USS Washington (renamed Seattle) as navigator that Captain Poteet commanded the seaman regiment on shore in Port au Prince, Haiti. On 6 March 1916, Captain Poteet was appointed to the command of the USS Wainwright, which was one of the first U. S. ships to arrive at Queenstown, Ireland, after this country entered the war. On 27 Sept. 1917 he was ordered back to the United States to take over the command of the new destroyer Dyer. The Dyer set sail immediately with Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt. Captain Poteet landed the assistant secretary at Southampton and proceeded with the Dyer to Gibraltar where he took over the command of all U. S. destroyers at Gibraltar.

During the war period Captain Poteet was awarded the Navy Cross for distinguished service in command of the USS Wainwright and the USS Dyer. Following his detachment from the Dyer in June 1919, he was assigned as recruiting officer at New York City, which appointment he held until 1921 when he was ordered to command the Rathbone, proceeding with six destroyers to Manila, returning later with destroyers to the United States. After service on the Sirius and as Chief of Staff of the First Naval District, Bos-

ton, Mass., he was ordered as executive officer of the Idaho. During that year, 1925, he made the trip to Australia with the battle fleet.

On 17 Feb. 1927, Captain Poteet was ordered to duty in the Recruiting Division, Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., in command of recruiting throughout the United States. In June 1929 he was ordered to duty as director of enlisted personnel, Bureau of Navigation, Washington, D. C. After service on the USS Texas as assistant chief of staff to the commander in chief of the U. S. Fleet, he was ordered to command the USS Cincinnati. In December 1932 he was appointed commanding officer, receiving ship, San Francisco. In 1935 Captain Poteet was ordered to command of the destroyer squadron, second battle fleet. In the latter part of 1936 and the beginning of 1937 he served on the USS Detroit and USS Memphis until 30 June 1937, when he reported as director of the Branch Hydrographic Office, San Francisco. On 30 June 1939 he was transferred to the Retired List of the Navy.

Funeral services for Col. Charles L. Foster, USA-Ret., who died on 26 July, at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., were held 30 July, with honors assembling at the Ft. Myer Gate of Arlington National Cemetery. Interment was with full military honors in the Eastern Section of the cemetery with Chaplain John B. Duncan officiating.

The following served as honorary pallbearers: Brig. Gen. A. G. Love, Col. G. F. Lull, Col. C. C. Hillman, Col. G. I. Jones, Col. J. F. Siler, and Col. J. C. Kimbrough.

Colonel Foster is survived by a daughter, Mrs. E. A. Sirmeyer, jr., c/o Dr. A. C. Foster, 6402 Oak Ridge Ave., Chevy Chase, Md.

Colonel Foster was born 15 June 1871, at Starkville, Miss. He received his degree in medicine from Columbia University in 1902 and was graduated from the Army Medical School in 1904. He accepted a commission as an army surgeon in July, 1903, and attained the rank of captain in the Medical Corps of the U. S. Army in April, 1908. He was promoted to colonel in July, 1929, and retired on 30 Sept. 1933.

Upon completion of courses at Harvard University and Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1921, Colonel Foster was awarded a Certificate in Public Health.

During the World War, Colonel Foster served in the Medical Corps of the National Army for which services he received the Distinguished Service Medal.

New Radiomen Regulations

A new Bureau of Navigation circular dealing with the selection of radiomen in the Navy and Naval Reserve has been issued by the Navy Department. The circular points out that the widening field and increasingly technical nature of naval radio materiel requires that the resources of the radio materiel school be used to the greatest advantage to increase the quality and the number of radiomen trained in radio materiel work.

It prescribes that men should be sent to school at an early age and should be more critically selected with regard to their potential qualifications for radio materiel work, but adds that it is desirable but not practicable that all radiomen be specially qualified in radio materiel and therefore non-graduation from the school should not be a ban to advancement to chief radiomen in the cases of radiomen with long years of experience as operators and communication supervisors whose duties do not demand specialized materiel training.

Other orders prescribed by the new circular deal with training and advancement of radiomen, school matters and the like.

Navy Adopts Macon Recruit Plan

Because the recruiting station at Macon, Ga., has been so outstanding in its recruiting activities, the Navy Department announced this week that the plan used by that station is being circularized to all stations throughout the United States.

During the past eight weeks, the Macon Recruiting Office, commanded by Lt. Stanley A. Jones, USN-Ret., obtained 965 enlistments. During the month of June, 619 men enlisted at the Macon office.

Navy Mutual Aid Association

A total of 132 officers were elected to membership during the month of July.

Navy Has No Silk Shortage

Recent activities of the Japanese in the Orient and possibility of the cutting off of foreign silk supply will not create a problem of difficulty in the production of parachutes, the Navy Department announced this week. The Navy Department announcement said that enough silk is already on hand to meet current needs. If this supply were to be exhausted and no silk imported, the Navy would then use a synthetic material which has proved successful in past experiments. Enough of this synthetic material has been recently purchased to make 200 parachutes.

Between 750,000 and 800,000 yards of silk for parachutes is required annually by the Navy. An airplane pilot's chute requires 70 yards of silk, and a parachute trooper's 150 yards.

New Tags Approved

The War Department has announced that each member of the Army will be issued two identification tags of monel metal, these to be worn when in the field, when travelling on transports, and when the field kit is worn in garrison. One tag is to be suspended from the neck underneath clothing by a cord or tape 40 inches long, passed through a small hole in the tag, the second to be suspended about 2½ inches above the first one on the same cord or tape.

Each tag has a capacity of five lines of type, 18 spaces to the line, and will be embossed by a special machine. New information, heretofore not included on identification tags, is the blood type of the wearer and record of tetanus immunization.

Chaplain Broadcasts from Chapel

Probably the only regularly-scheduled broadcast from an Army chapel originates from Bowman Field, Ky., according to press releases from that Kentucky post.

When Chaplain Paul W. Schroepe conducts services in the Army chapel at Bowman Field, his voice is carried to thousands of listeners over the extensive facilities of WHAS, Louisville.

Chaplain Schroepe, originator of this unique broadcast, speaks each Sunday morning from the Army chapel to both his congregation of soldiers and his unseen audience.

Westerns Popular in Navy

Miss Isabel DuBois, Director of Libraries in the Navy's Bureau of Navigation, reports that fifty percent of the demands for books by enlisted personnel is for western stories. Officers and men of the Navy are reading approximately two million books per year, with reading tastes ranging from international law to westerns and detectives.

"Sea stories are not among the most popular among Navy men, for after one voyage the men come back knowing more than the man who wrote the book," one librarian notes. New shipments of books go out to ships' libraries quarterly.

Navy Recruits Selectees

The Navy Department this week announced that completion of an agreement between the Recruiting Service and National Headquarters of the Selective Service System will result in information concerning the advantages of enlistment in the Navy being brought before Selective Service registrants.

Local boards will be contacted by the Recruiting service only after State Directors have granted permission. Recruiting pamphlets and similar literature will be sent to boards with the hope of attracting additional selectees to the Navy.

Sponsors Designated

Mrs. William R. Sleight, Eastport, Me., has been designated by Secretary of the Navy Knox as sponsor for the USS Cony, destroyer, named in honor of the late Joseph S. Cony, acting master, USN.

The Secretary of the Navy also designated Mrs. Charles Sumner Moore, Atlantic City, N. J., as sponsor for the destroyer USS Tillman named in honor of her father, the late Senator Benjamin R. Tillman.

For the Attention of Purchasing Officers of the Services and the C. C. C.

The Firms listed below, and carefully selected, have high standing in their respective lines, and deserve consideration. All purchasing officers are respectfully urged to take advantage of the opportunity business with them would offer for the Government.

ARMY QUARTERMASTER SUPPLIES

Planters "Cocktail" Virginia Salted Peanuts; 1 lb. and ½ lb. Vacuum Tins Packed 12's; 5c Bags Va. Salted Peanuts, packed 24's; 5c Jumbo Peanut Candy Bars, packed 24's.

PLANTERS NUT & CHOCOLATE CO.
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

ARMY AND NAVY AIRCRAFT SUPPLIES

LITTELFUSES for Aircraft: Glass, Bakelite enclosed, Low Voltage Heavy Duty A.C. up to 300 Amp. Also High Voltage Fuse Extractor Posts, Mountings, Beryllium Copper Fuse Clips, Radio and Instrument Fuses. Ask for catalog.

LITTELFUSE, INC.
4775 Ravenswood Avenue
Chicago, Illinois

Cold Headers; Bolt Head Trimmers; Screw Thread Rollers; Screw Slotters; Cold Nut Blankers

THE E. J. MANVILLE MACHINE COMPANY
574 East Main Street
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MISC. SUPPLIES FOR NAVY YARDS & STATIONS

Cold Headers; Bolt Head Trimmers; Screw Thread Rollers; Screw Slotters; Cold Nut Blankers

THE E. J. MANVILLE MACHINE COMPANY
574 East Main Street
Waterbury, Connecticut

Navy Junior Officers' Changes

Changes in junior officers of the Navy as of 1 August:

Line—Comdr. John E. Reznor, Lt. Comdr. James W. Blanchard, Lt. Howard B. Beckwith, Lt. (jg) William J. Schlacks, Jr.

Medical Corps—Lt. Joseph M. Hanner, Lt. (jg) Harold A. Streitt.

Dental Corps—Lt. Kenneth L. Urban.

Supply Corps—Lt. (jg) Harold V. Hutchings.

Chaplain Corps—Lt. Frederick Volbedn, Lt. (jg) Irving W. Stultz.

Civil Engineer Corps—Comdr. Frederick R. Hewes.

Advisors to Sec. of War

Two former National Guard general officers and one former brigadier general of the Organized Reserves, all of whom saw World War Service, have been appointed to advise the Secretary of War on such Reserve and National Guard matters as he shall request information and recommendation.

The three officers are: Maj. Gen. John F. O'Ryan, former commanding general of a National Guard Division; and of the New York National Guard; Brig. Gen. Leith R. Gignilliat, former Reserve officer, now president of Culver Military Academy; and Maj. Gen. David Prescott Barrows, former president of the University of California at Berkeley.

The officers will constitute an advisory office to the Secretary of War. It was indicated in testimony before a Congressional Committee recently that one of their functions will be to make recommendations to the Secretary on the removal, under provisions of the National Defense Act, of National Guard and Reserve officers who are considered unsatisfactory.

Maj. Gen. Wilson to Retire

Maj. Gen. William H. Wilson, commanding the anti-aircraft center at Camp Stewart, Ga., will be relieved 14 August to go on leave pending his retirement for age. General Wilson will be 64 in December. He will be succeeded by Maj. Gen. Sanford Jarman, now commanding the Coast and Anti-Aircraft defenses of the Panama Canal Department.

Navy Line, Medical Changes

The following changes of station of line and medical officers of the Navy were announced this week by the Navy Department:

Capt. Oscar Davis, MC, from Norfolk Naval Hospital, Va., to Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., where he will be in charge of eye, ear, nose and throat work.

Capt. Clarence J. Brown, MC, from Annapolis, to senior Medical Officer at the Naval Station, at Guantanamo, Cuba.

Capt. James F. Hooker, MC, from Guantanamo, Cuba, to Norfolk Naval Hospital, Va., where he will be in charge of eye, ear, nose and throat work.

Lt. Roland H. Dale, to command the Naval Air Station, at Johnston Island, which will be commissioned 15 August.

Lt. David James Welsh, to command the Naval Air Station at Palmyra Island, which also will be commissioned 15 August.

AEDO Officers

The Acting Secretary of the Navy has approved selection by a special board of the following Navy officers for assignment to Engineering Duty Only (Aeronautical). The officers were designated as of 1 August.

Lt. (jg) C. Antoniak Lt. J. E. Dodson
Lt. (jg) J. Antonides Lt. E. H. Guilbert
Lt. A. I. Baird Lt. Comdr. J. A. Haley, Jr.
Lt. G. F. Beardsley Lt. Roy Jackson
Lt. J. O. Biglow Lt. W. E. Kenna
Lt. S. W. Brown Lt. (jg) E. D. Killian
Lt. C. D. Case Lt. J. H. Morse, Jr.
Lt. (jg) J. Christian Lt. F. D. Pfotenbauer
Lt. Comdr. M. M. Cloukey Lt. Harry Sosnoski
Lt. L. G. Coates, Jr. Lt. (jg) C. Stirling
Lt. Comdr. E. M. Condra, Jr. Lt. J. J. Tomamichel
Lt. B. J. H. Conn Lt. T. D. Tyra

Forrestal to Hawaii

The Navy Department announced that James V. Forrestal, Under Secretary of the Navy, left San Francisco on 26 July

by Navy plane for Honolulu to make what it called a routine inspection of the Pearl Harbor base.

Selectees with National Guard

Final tabulation of National Guard combat strength reveals that the percentage of Selective Service men in Guard Divisions is as high as 57 per cent in some units and is nowhere lower than 33 per cent, the War Department announced this week.

There are 269,671 soldiers in eighteen National Guard Divisions. Of this number, 116,350—or about 43 per cent of the total strength—are Selective Service men.

Included in the National Guard enlisted totals are a large number of men who enlisted shortly before induction dates. National Guardsmen who had dependents, those needed in individual businesses, those engaged in defense industries, and those entitled to discharge because of minority, were permitted to apply for discharges, even though they had not completed their tour of service. These men were replaced by enlistments between July, 1940, and the dates of induction.

Although figures for the individual divisions have not been separately tabulated, these losses and replacements amounted to more than one-quarter of the total National Guard strength.

The released figures do not represent

the entire strength of the National Guard now in Federal Service. There are many non-divisional units of Coast Artillery, Field Artillery, Medical Corps, Cavalry, and other special units that are designated as Army Corps or Army Troops and not assigned to divisions. Figures for these are not available, but such tabulations would not differ materially from those calculated for divisions.

Officer strength in these divisions is almost exclusively National Guard in origin.

Two divisions have not yet received complete Selective Service increments. The 28th and 43d Divisions each is listed

as having one Trainee. Almost all of the Trainees joined National Guard Regiments directly from reception centers and did not have the thirteen weeks of basic training now being given in Replacement Training Centers before assignment to combat troops.

This interrupted the unit training of National Guard units until Selective Service men received sufficient training to permit more advanced training for troops as fighting units.

Composition of National Guard Divisions and the percentage of Selective Service increments assigned them are as follows:

Enlisted Composition of National Guard Divisions, June 30, 1941

Induction Date	Division	National Guard	Selective Service and Date Joined	Pct. SS
Jan.	26th	7,727	10,018 (March)	56%
Oct.	27th	10,389	6,927 (Feb.)	40%
Feb.	28th	9,653	1	
Feb.	29th	7,672	9,601 (May)	56%
Sept.	30th	11,352	5,734 (March)	33%
Nov.	31st	10,390	7,028 (March)	46%
Oct.	32nd	9,346	7,803 (April)	46%
March	33rd	9,840	4,963 (April)	34%
Feb.	34th	10,781	7,087 (May)	30%
Dec.	35th	10,169	6,660 (Feb.)	39%
Nov.	36th	10,428	6,713 (Feb.)	39%
Oct.	37th	7,142	9,857 (Feb.)	58%
Jan.	38th	7,632	9,905 (April)	57%
March	40th	9,370	5,447 (June)	37%
Sept.	41st	10,056	6,121 (April)	38%
Feb.	43rd	10,491	1	
		(May 31)		
Sept.	44th	10,719	5,924 (Feb.)	36%
Sept.	45th	11,002	6,400 (Feb.)	37%

SCHOOL and CAMP DIRECTORY

The Schools listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational and recreational needs of the children of members of the services and this Directory is recognized as an authentic and reliable aid to service parents in solving the problem of child education. For details as to the Schools listed in this Directory address them directly, or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal Department of Education.

CALIFORNIA

ST. CATHERINE'S MILITARY SCHOOL

Anaheim, California
30 miles from Los Angeles
Boarding School for Boys 5-15
50th year
Rates to the Services

DREW SCHOOL

ANNAPOLIS, WEST POINT, COAST GUARD, FLYING FIELD.
Brilliant success in exams. 31 yrs. U. S. ARMY GENERAL: "I chose your school for my son since at both Annapolis and West Point your boys stood best."

Make up shortages, including new required lab. materials, while tutoring for exams.
2901 CALIFORNIA STREET San Francisco

CONNECTICUT

INDIAN MOUNTAIN SCHOOL

Lekeville, Connecticut

A boarding school in the Berkshires for boys from eight to fourteen. Thorough preparation. Simple country life. Ample sports facilities.

We are pleased to announce a new sliding scale tuition plan for 1941-42.

WM. M. DOOLITTLE, Headmaster

GEORGIA

G. M. C.

ACCREDITED military school in Georgia's most historic location. Best advantages. Moderate cost. Junior college, high school, junior school. Aeronautics. Vocational training. Sports. 63rd yr. Catalog. Opens Sept. 10. Commandant, Box J, Milledgeville, Georgia.

MARYLAND

WYNDHAM CAMP FOR BOYS

Nearby Maryland on South River. Full Aquatic and Athletic Program. Rates by Month or Season.

ROBERT L. PAUL
121 12th St., S. E., Suite 11
Wash., D. C. Phone Fr. 5595

MARYLAND

COCHRAN-BRYAN

PREPARATORY SCHOOL

Annapolis, Md.

Specializing in preparation of candidates for ANNAPOLIS, WEST POINT, COAST GUARD, MARITIME, FLYING CADETTS. Unlimited individual instruction. Dormitory facilities. Enroll now for fall competitive course. Special rates to the Services. Catalog, Box 6941.
S. Cochran, Lt. Comdr. USN (Ret.) U.S.N.A. '08
A. W. Bryan, Lt. (jg) USN (Ret.) U.S.N.A. '22

ST. MARY'S FEMALE SEMINARY

Accredited 4-year Junior College

H. S. 3 & 4 College 1 & 2
Transfer and terminal courses. Small group, home type school, in country on water, 70 miles from Washington. Experienced staff. Expert guidance. Individual attention. Wide variety of activities—recreational and social. Nondenominational. Very reasonable charge. Miss M. Adele France, M.A., President, St. Mary's City, Md.

NEW JERSEY

Admiral Farragut Junior School

Separate school for boys 10-15. Thorough grammar school instruction. Boating, swimming, tennis. Fully accredited upper school prepares for college, service academies. Moderate rate, no extras. Catalog. Hear Admiral R. R. Robinson, U. S. N. (Ret.), Supt., Box 102, Toms River, N. J.

NEW YORK

Preparing Exclusively for
WEST POINT AND ANNAPOLIS

Stanton Preparatory Academy

CORNWALL, N. Y.

5 miles from West Point—New fireproof Dormitory
H. G. STANTON
Graduate West Point, 1911; Instructor Dept. of Math.
West Point, 1914-17. Asst. Prof., West Point, 1921-25

★ MANLIUS ★

Accredited college preparatory with military training. Graduates now doing successful work in 43 colleges and universities. Reserve Officers Training Corps. Aviation ground course. All sports. Famous for skiing, platoon drill on skis. Swimming. Golf. 125-acre campus. Special rates to sons of Army and Navy officers. Catalog. Brigadier-General A. L. Singleton, U.S.A. (ret.) Supt., Box N, Manlius, N. Y.

NEW YORK

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL

Military Training

Preparation for college supplemented by military program in development of mind, body and character. Separate Junior school. Small classes, supervised study. Gym. Pool. All sports for all. Nondenominational. 45 minutes from N.Y.C. Moderate rate. 99th year. Write for catalogue.
Wm. A. Hanney, Ossining-on-Hudson, N.Y.



WASHINGTON, D. C.

SULLIVAN SCHOOL

WEST POINT — ANNAPOLIS PREP.

Lieutenant G. J. Sullivan, Retired, Box J,
2128 Wyoming Ave., Washington, D. C.

COLUMBIAN PREPARATORY SCHOOL

PUHL'S ANNAPOLIS & WEST POINT

Over 30 years' experience in preparing successful candidates for West Point and Annapolis. High record in preparing Presidential, Naval Reserve and Congressional Competitive Candidates. Send for catalogue and Presidential record.
Air-Conditioned Class Room, Study Hall & Dining Room.
1443 Rhode Island Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C.

The American University

Spend your college years in Washington—the center of American life.

Graduate and undergraduate courses. Students from every state. Accredited A.B., B.S., M.A. and Ph.D. Training for public service and the professions. Dormitories. Co-educational. Low rates. Catalog.
Paul F. Douglass, Ph.D., President, 905 F St., N.W., Washington, D. C.

Randles School

1921-23 N. St., N. W. Washington, D. C.

FINANCE

Financial Digest

Declaring that we face inflation unless there should be decisive and immediate action, the President, in a message to Congress this week, recommended the enactment of legislation granting authority for the establishment of ceilings for prices and rents, for the purchase of materials and commodities when necessary to assure price stability, and for dealing more extensively in the field of installment credit. In support of his recommendation, the President referred to the fact that the Bureau of Labor Statistics Index of twenty-eight basic commodities had advanced 50 per cent beyond the level of August, 1939, and that in the last sixty days wholesale prices have risen more than five times as fast as during any preceding period since the outbreak of the war. The cost-of-living index, he added, had risen five and one-half per cent since August 1939, of which three and one-half per cent has occurred since the beginning of this year. His warnings of the consequences of price inflation included hesitation of producers to enter into defense contracts and make future commitments because of price uncertainty; in anticipation of price advances, the withholding by speculators of commodities from essential military production; increase in government costs and the public debt; increases in the cost of living and excessive manufacturers' profits, leading to spiraling demand for higher wages, and friction between employer and employee, and great profits reaped by some, and drastic reduction in the standard of living of others.

Economists noted the President's statement that labor has far more to gain from price stability than from abnormal wage increases, although he agreed that wage adjustments must be made from time to time to rectify inequitable situations. This concession to labor has tended to minimize its opposition to the proposed legislation, although it is insisted there shall be no ceiling placed upon wage schedules. The powerful Farm bloc is comforted by the absence of any mention of restraint on farm prices, although it realizes that foods were a major factor in the startling increase of costs the President reported. It is argued by economists that as foods fall within interstate commerce, the Federal government has the unquestioned power under appropriate legislation to curb them. In the matter of rents, they have always been subject to local control. However, Federal authority can be exercised over them in times of National Emergency.

It is impossible to predict at this writing the character the legislation finally will take, but it is apparent there will be a battle by Labor, the Farmers and State and Municipal authorities to prevent their special interests being affected. Economists say frankly that unless the impending law control them, inflation will come. It is hoped that with the debate which will occur in Congress, labor will understand the importance of stability in wages and accept regulation. The Farm bloc already is stating that when parity between agricultural and industrial prices shall be achieved, it will be willing to accept ceilings. Provided local taxes be not affected, and control be exercised through them, State and Municipal officials doubtless will agree to obey Federal orders.

The economic sanctions applied to Japan have had an immediate effect on American industry. One Philadelphia silk factory has been forced to close because of lack of raw material. Our normal silk production is 5,000 bales a week, with 88,000 bales on hand. War and Navy officials say that stocks appear ample, since military uses, including parachutes and powder bags, account for only 5 or 6 per cent of consumption, and substitutes, including rayon can be adapted. There are about 175,000 employees in the silk industry. Conferences are being held to provide government contracts for the mills so that employment may continue.

The new tax bill, after running the gauntlet of debate in the House, will be

the subject of numerous changes in the Senate. Its final passage probably will occur the last of the month.

Sec. Knox's Testimony

(Continued from Page 1370)

prepare operating plans in advance so that the Navy can be effective under all eventualities. We are not at war, and the nature of these plans is a military secret which I cannot disclose. I may add that this procedure goes on year in and year out in the Navy Department, even when times are most peaceful, and even then such matters are inherently of the greatest secrecy.

Question. Does collaboration with any other country envisage shooting by American ships on the ships of other nations?

Secretary Knox. That falls in the same category.

Senator Johnson. What do you mean by that, by "falls in the same category"? As what?

Secretary Knox. The word is "collaboration." That necessarily would mean plans, I take it, and whatever plans we may have for a future war in collaboration with some other nation.

Senator Johnson. I think it is in the present, whether the collaboration exists now, in writing or otherwise, with any other country regarding the ships of any other nation.

Secretary Knox. Again I repeat, Senator, that is secret information.

Question. All information regarding the cooperation the United States Navy has extended to the British Navy?

Secretary Knox. Collaboration with the British along the lines of the Lend-Lease Act. That is the only collaboration to date.

Question. Information concerning the additional steps that are contemplated to increase the aid that is now being given to the British Navy?

Secretary Knox. I have nothing on that subject, except under the terms of the Lend-Lease Act.

Question. Can you give the committee any information regarding the number of officers and men of the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard on British vessels with British aircraft units or on British soil, and the kind of duty they perform?

Secretary Knox. I do not have the numbers with me but may answer this question in general that we are taking every advantage of placing observers in positions where information obtained will be useful to the United States.

Senator Bone. Admiral, they are only placed there as observers, of course?

Admiral Stark. That is all.

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Merchant Marine

Special representatives of the Maritime Commission are now at work in various world ports, working under direction of the commission's division of emergency shipping to expedite movements of vessels carrying strategic cargoes, it was revealed this week.

Seven shipping experts are stationed at Durban, Calcutta, Singapore, Manila, Honolulu and in the Red Sea Area. They cooperate with local authorities to see that port facilities are immediately available to American ships. They make contracts with suppliers of strategic materials and seek to eliminate delays in their transit to loading ports. They divert ships from time to time to other than scheduled ports to prevent congestion or to send them to ports where cargo is waiting.

One of the chief problems confronting the two men assigned to the Red Sea area is arranging for speedy unloading of vessels so that they will be available as soon as possible to pick up strategic materials at other places on their return voyages.

The representative at Durban covers the territory stretching between Cape town and Belra. From this section of South and East Africa comes chrome ore, manganese, copper and asbestos. India, Ceylon and Burma is the territory assigned to the Calcutta representative. Manganese, mica, shellac and burlap are India's chief contributions to America's defense needs. Rangoon in Burma is the terminus of the famous Burma Road over which comes valuable tungsten ore, teakwood and China wood oils.

Singapore is the headquarters for the "trouble shooter" in the Malay and Dutch East Indies sector. But like the others, he may have to jump from port to port as the occasion arises to make certain that rubber, tin, tanning materials and crude drugs, such as quinine, arrive at ports in substantial amounts and that they are promptly loaded on ships.

At Manila the chief defense items are chrome ore, Manila fiber, coconut oil and copra. The commission's representative at Honolulu assists in the movement of ships arriving with defense materials for the Hawaiian Islands, and assists in coordinating activities of the Merchant Marine with those of the Army and the Navy.

Ship Operation Policy
Adoption of a policy to unify operation of the American merchant marine and to protect established ship line operators in their prescribed routes, was announced this week by the United States Maritime Commission.

This policy, it was stated, provides that in the case of transfer of ships from one American flag service to another, the operators on the routes to which the ships are transferred shall act as agents on a consignment basis for the vessels placed in their trades. It is felt by the Commission that this plan will reduce to a minimum hardships worked on operators and shipowners under the national defense emergency.

Ship Construction
Maritime Commission officials appearing before the House Committee on appropriations considering the supplemental national defense appropriation stated that by the end of 1943 there will be 1,246 ships ready for service.

At the present time, America's ship-

building industry is turning out two ships a week. It is expected that by December, the shipyards will be turning out one ship a day, with the further expectation that this number will be raised to two a day in January or February.

On 30 July the 100th ship in the government's 500-ship long-range construction program was delivered to her operator. She was the Stella Lykes, C-1 cargo ship, built at Staten Island. On that date, 30 July, 393 of the 500 ships had been ordered, keels of 156 had been laid and 123 launched. Of the 312 emergency ships ordered, 27 had been laid down on 30 July.

All bids opened by the Maritime Commission 15 July for construction of nine single-crew cargo "coasters" and for a number of harbor tugs have been rejected by the commission, which in rejecting bids on the coasters, said, "The price offered is excessive and unreasonable."

Although the 2,800-ton coasters were designed to be brought from the Great Lakes to salt water, only one of the ten bids was made by a Lakes shipyard.

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (cumulative) since 24 July 1941

Last promotion to the grade of Colonel—Joseph D. Brown, CAC, No. 13. Vacancies—None.

Last promotion to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel—Paul T. Hogge, Inf., No. 36.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Charles S. Stodter, S. C., No. 36.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Oral G. Willis, Inf., No. 263.

Last promotion to the grade of First Lieutenant—Milton I. Wallace, CE, No. 356.

Non-Promotion List

No Change.

Warrant Officers

258 on the eligible list to be Warrant Officers. Appointments have been made through Leslie K. Kingsley.

8 on the eligible list to be Band Leaders (White). Appointments have been made through Everett D. Rupert.

0 on the eligible list to be Band Leaders (Colored). Appointments have been made through Jesse J. Stanbrough.

2 Warrant Officers have been discharged for the purpose of accepting active duty as Reserve Corps Officers.

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SPECIALTY MADE OF POOLING OBLIGATIONS

Reasonable Rates

Easy Monthly Payments

Write or Wire Today

"Air Mail Service—Loan proceeds telegraphed if desired."

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IMMEDIATE LOANS TO COMMISSIONED OFFICERS (Regular)

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300-A Citizens Bank Bldg.

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Medical Dept. Non-Coms

As a result of a competitive examination held 15 to 20 March, 1941, the following named Staff Sergeants were found qualified for promotion. All appointments were made as of 10 June, 1941, with the exception of those who were on active duty as Reserve Officers on that date:

Technical Sergeant

Hospitalization and Administration	Technical Sergeant
1. Abrams, F. A.	98. Doty, Donald J.
2. Addington, E. R.	99. Doyle, J. F.
3. Adams, J. J.	100. Dreisbach, R. F.
4. Addis, R. E.	101. Dulin, J. W.
5. Allen, E. E.	102. Dussault, L. H.
6. Allen, T. F.	103. Edwards, W. J.
7. Allison, S. C.	104. Ellenburg, R. E.
8. Anderson, F. E.	105. Englehart, J. E.
9. Anderson, J. C.	106. Eppley, E. F.
10. Anderson, L. T.	107. Estes, L. H.
11. Anderson, W. F.	108. Evans, E. E.
12. Archer, H. E.	109. Fady, K. L.
13. Arndt, E. R.	110. Fahy, C. M.
14. Arvin, A. D.	111. Fegert, C. R.
15. Atwood, J. C.	112. Ferguson, C. E.
16. Auger, C. A.	113. Ferrel, W. L.
17. Bade, A. F.	114. Feterolf, H. E.
18. Bailey, A. F.	115. Feyer, G. R.
19. Baily, R. C.	116. Fitzgerald, P. J.
20. Baker, E. H.	117. Fleetwood, P. G.
21. Barker, C. E.	118. Flemming, J.
22. Barnard, M. W.	119. Ford, W. E.
23. Barnhart, C. L.	120. Fortner, C.
24. Barr, J. B.	121. Foster, H. M.
25. Bartholomew, E. A.	122. Franklin, R. A.
26. Bass, J.	123. Frazier, R. A.
27. Belanger, R. G.	124. Frost, H. C.
28. Belcher, T. H.	125. Fuller, H. C.
29. Bell, H. L.	126. Fulton, T. R.
30. Bender, R. M.	127. Funda, F. E.
31. Bennett, R.	128. Gackowski, V. A.
32. Binley, H. W.	129. Gallagher, H. L.
33. Bjork, R. O.	130. Garrity, E. H.
34. Blackwell, J. M.	131. Glascock, F. R.
35. Blake, A. J.	132. Gordon, C.
36. Bobbitt, T. H.	133. Gordon, T. A.
37. Bochat, M. W.	134. Grabill, J. A.
38. Boe, C. L.	135. Gray, T. D.
39. Boese, H. A.	136. Gruenwald, E. W.
40. Bollweg, G.	137. Hammond, E. R.
41. Boyer, H. L.	138. Hardesty, J. R.
42. Brackney, H. F.	139. Hardesty, L. B.
43. Brenner, H. F.	140. Hardin, J. E.
44. Bridges, I. B.	141. Harmon, P. D.
45. Britten, C. H.	142. Harman, H. A.
46. Brown, C. N.	143. Harris, C. H.
47. Brown, G.	144. Harris, E. E.
48. Bruggeman, E. H.	145. Hathaway, W. E.
49. Brunner, F. E.	146. Hawkins, G. E.
50. Bryan, R. A.	147. Hawkins, W. P.
51. Bryant, W. A.	148. Hazlewood, I. D.
52. Buck, C. R.	149. Hean, E. H.
53. Burkett, J. H.	150. Hebert, R. P.
54. Burnham, C. L.	151. Henderson, M.
55. Callahan, C. M.	152. Herrington, T. S.
56. Campbell, G. D.	153. Hickman, W. R.
57. Cargin, R.	154. Hill, G. H.
58. Carlin, R. O.	155. Holcomb, F. P.
59. Carlton, A.	156. Holliday, F. A.
60. Carter, J. H.	157. Horger, E.
61. Caruso, F. A.	158. Horstmann, H.
62. Caviness, J. R.	159. Hough, C. H.
63. Chadman, S. G.	160. Hunter, V. H.
64. Chapman, H. L.	161. Hurley, E. J.
65. Chisholm, W. Q.	162. Hyatt, C. H.
66. Christ, S. T.	163. Hingsworth, R. E.
67. Chumley, C. M.	164. Jarboe, J. J.
68. Clark, W. V.	165. Johnson, E. A.
69. Clary, J. J.	166. Judah, G. S.
70. Clouser, H. H.	167. Kass, D. R.
71. Coffey, E. W.	168. Keach, W. P.
72. Coffey, P. J.	169. Keatts, H. A.
73. Coman, K. H.	170. Kelley, J. J.
74. Compton, L. M.	171. Kersnowski, F. L.
75. Conner, O. R., Jr.	172. Kessler, A. E.
76. Cook, P. F.	173. King, N. J.
77. Cooke, J. C.	174. Kinney, J. R.
78. Cooley, E. G.	175. Kirby, R. S.
79. Cox, L. G.	176. Klotzman, R. H.
80. Craig, A. L.	177. Koerner, C.
81. Crawley, H. C.	178. Kunz, F.
82. Cross, R. E.	179. Lander, J. F.
83. Crow, A. R.	180. Lane, S. G.
84. Crowell, G. W.	181. Large, W. F.
85. Cullifer, W. C.	182. Larivee, R. S.
86. Cummings, H. L.	183. Larson, K. E.
87. Cunningham, J. W.	184. Lawrence, W. F.
88. Curtiss, P. M.	185. LeMire, J. F.
89. Czapl, E. H.	186. Lendres, T. J.
90. Davis, E. M.	187. Lengel, J. W.
91. Day, J. C.	188. Lenna, G.
92. Day, R. C.	189. Lewis, C. F.
93. Deem, C. F.	190. Leyshon, W. H.
94. DeMey, F. A.	191. Liebrum, A. W.
95. Dick, W. A., Jr.	192. Lindquist, M. C.
96. Dickey, I. N.	193. Lindsey, I. B.
97. Dillman, J. T.	194. Linek, V.
	195. Lonerio, C. L.
	196. Longley, O. L.

197. Lund, A. R.	282. Schurdevin, L. E. J.
198. McClain, P. D.	283. Schwalbach, P. J.
199. McDougal, W. J.	284. Sears, W. R.
200. McGill, D. P., Jr.	285. Seely, K. R.
201. McKee, T. J.	286. Seidel, B. D.
202. McMahon, P.	287. Shaw, F. E.
203. MacDonald, J. W.	288. Sherman, B. G.
204. Mack, F. A.	289. Shircliff, E. H.
205. Mack, T. F.	290. Sigmon, E. E.
206. Macklin, W.	291. Simmons, E. N.
207. Mallory, G. W.	292. Sitter, L. A.
208. Mann, P. W.	293. Smith, A. G.
209. Marrero, J.	294. Smith, E. W.
210. Martin, D. D.	295. Smith, R. C.
211. Maynard, J. E.	296. Smith, R. M.
212. Mead, W. P.	297. Sparks, E.
213. Melton, T. L.	298. Speelhoeffer, J.
214. Mendler, C. A.	299. Spicer, J. H.
215. Merriken, J. E.	300. Steacy, H. M.
216. Miles, H. W.	301. Steinhour, R. R.
217. Miles, J. C.	302. Stern, S.
218. Miller, L. T.	303. Stephens, C.
219. Mitchell, J. S.	304. Stephens, J. D.
220. Molett, P. C.	305. Stockman, O. E.
221. Moore, A. J.	306. Strande, O. E.
222. Mullaney, T. J.	307. Street, J. E.
223. Murphy, T. J.	308. Streidl, E. G.
224. Nalon, P. F.	309. Sullivan, A. J.
225. Nations, O. T.	310. Summers, R. L.
226. Nelson, Irving E.	311. Tackett, C. L.
227. Nelson, W. A.	312. Talley, C. P.
228. Nelson, S. S.	313. Tatch, D.
229. Newman, J.	314. Taylor, J. F.
230. Nichols, W. L.	315. Taylor, J. L.
231. Nied, F. J.	316. Taylor, S. H.
232. Niewodowski, C. S.	317. Thompson, A. W.
233. Nolan, E. D.	318. Thurman, R. S.
234. Oakley, R. L.	319. Tolbert, R. F.
235. O'Neill, J. A.	320. Tower, J. E.
236. Orto, L. E.	321. Trank, D.
237. Osborn, F. G.	322. Tutthill, E. G.
238. Palush, J. R.	323. Unger, S.
239. Pappas, A.	324. Vaughn, C. H.
240. Parker, T. L.	325. Vecchak, F.
241. Partlow, F. A.	326. Voss, W. E.
242. Patterson, G. G.	327. Vetterling, H. M.
243. Petro, J. K.	328. Walters, J. R.
244. Phillips, G. B.	329. Ward, T. C.
245. Piggott, K. S.	330. Wardrip, S.
246. Plakett, H.	331. Warren, J. R.
247. Pittman, B. W.	332. Watkins, M. H.
248. Porter, J. F.	333. Watson, D. J.
249. Porter, M. R.	334. Watt, H. C.
250. Pracht, R. C.	335. Watterson, R. P.
251. Prendergast, T. F.	336. Weber, E. J.
252. Price, J. H.	337. Weber, J. B.
253. Pugh, W. J.	338. Weedon, J. G.
254. Quirk, H. B.	339. Weir, T. O.
255. Quinn, G.	340. Welch, C.
256. Raifsynder, H. L.	341. Wells, F. J.
257. Ranson, K. E.	342. Wescott, R. L.
258. Reeve, E. B.	343. Wetherford, L. B.
259. Register, H. F., Jr.	344. Wheatley, J.
260. Reichenbach, B. A.	345. White, J. F.
261. Reiser, S.	346. White, A. M.
262. Rexford, G. L.	347. White, R. G.
263. Reynolds, R. I.	348. Whitlock, J. R.
264. Riley, J. P., Jr.	349. Whitmore, E. B.
265. Ristano, M. E.	350. Wiesenthal, S.
266. Roberts, G. E.	351. Wilkins, J. P.
267. Robertson, M. E.	352. Williams, C. E.
268. Rohde, M. H.	353. Williams, R. R.
269. Rose, L. T.	354. Williams, T. O.
270. Rose, W.	355. Willis, A. P.
271. Rowe, L. C.	356. Wilson, A. L.
272. Rusek, S. C.	357. Wingo, R. H.
273. Saiman, H. A.	358. Wise, R. K.
274. Sampson, B. T.	359. Woods, F. D.
275. Sanchez, D. E.	360. Woods, D. S.
276. Saunders, C.	361. Wright, H. L.
277. Savina, G. F.	362. Yanz, H. H.
278. Scarborough, R. F.	363. Yates, W. G.
279. Schmelling, A.	364. Zapotocky, F. E.
280. Schubert, P. G.	365. Zubko, J. H.
281. Schuck, G. E.	366. Zymboly, J.

Technical Sergeant

Tactical Group	Technical Sergeant
1. Agne, H. A.	32. Mihalich, J. J.
2. Aronson, C. L.	33. Miles, L. A.
3. Baldrige, A.	34. Mitchell, S. G.
4. Banks, J.	35. Motch, M.
5. Bartges, G. E.	36. Mullarkey, J. T.
6. Bell, R. O.	37. Murray, W.
7. Blackwell, L. L.	38. Nagel, H. C.
8. Blazette, J. P.	39. Narkin, A. P.
9. Bohn, G. A.	40. Norrick, G. D.
10. Brannon, W. H.	41. Nowe, G. B.
11. Brennan, A.	42. Parr, J. C., Jr.
12. Brown, L. E.	43. Pendylshok, C. A.
13. Bullis, S. W.	44. Phillips, W. G.
14. Byrne, W. F.	45. Reed, H. B.
15. Carter, E. T.	46. Robinson, J. P.
16. Coats, J. G.	47. Rogers, S. A.
17. Darr, W. H.	48. Smith, C. A.
18. Decker, H. A.	49. Smith, T. N.
19. DeVore, H. A.	50. Spangler, G. B.
20. Dively, J. M.	51. Spangler, J. C.
21. Foster, E. A.	52. Spencer, H. S.
22. Goerger, J. N.	53. Stine, L. B.
23. Grimes, H. J.	54. Sullivan, F. D.
24. Haas, C. W.	55. Tarasow, D.
25. Harper, J. F.	56. Tergerson, A.
26. Hartman, E. D.	57. Valdic, C. H.
27. Hesford, H. A.	58. Vaughn, F. M.
28. Holtz, W. H.	59. Winn, A. S.
29. Hummel, M. L.	60. Wood, W. R.
30. Kopec, J. J.	61. Wynn, L. H.
31. McGowan, J. J.	62. Ziel, E. J.

As a result of a competitive examination held 15 to 20 March, 1941, the following named Sergeants were found qualified for promotion. All appointments

were made as of 20 June, 1941, with the exception of those who were on active duty as Reserve Officers on that date:

Staff Sergeant

Hospitalization and Administration	Staff Sergeant
1. Ahearn, H. T.	116. Earnest, J. W.
2. Akin, Roy	117. Egnew, S. H.
3. Allen, J. E.	118. Ellison, M. G.
4. Allen, R. P.	119. Eslich, O. J.
5. Amaro, Giacomo	120. Ewing, W. A.
6. Anderson, H. N.	121. Fabbriatore, A.
7. Andis, S. F.	122. Falstich, M. L.
8. Andrus, P. E.	123. Farber, J. P.
9. Applin, S. W.	124. Farrell, T. A.
10. Arnold, V. W.	125. Faulkner, H. A.
11. Arnold, W. E.	126. Fayne, W. C.
12. Bagby, L. E.	127. Fayssoux, G. H.
13. Baker, R. A.	128. Fesse, Arthur
14. Barber, L. H.	129. Fenstermaker, J.
15. Barnes, D. G., Jr.	130. Ferguson, H. A.
16. Barrett, R. M.	131. Ferguson, H. C.
17. Barry, D. T.	132. Filion, George
18. Bates, K. E.	133. Finley, W. R.
19. Bauer, M. E.	134. Flannigan, R. E.
20. Beam, G. M.	135. Fiescher, F. A.
21. Bearden, J. B.	136. Foreman, G. A.
22. Beck, N. J.	137. Fosford, C. A.
23. Beckman, Jack	138. Fox, H. E.
24. Beckham, M. E.	139. Frazier, G. E.
25. Bennett, Roy	140. Frasier, T. A.
26. Bentivoglio, I.	141. Fredrickson, C. W. H.
27. Berger, A. B.	142. Fry, C. M.
28. Berry, A. J.	143. Fuller, J. M.
29. Bevan, L. A.	144. Funkhouser, J. S.
30. Bieber, J. B.	145. Furstonau, T. C.
31. Blades, H. F.	146. Gage, William, Jr.
32. Blazin, Carl	147. Gaucher, F. H.
33. Blessing, R. C.	148. Gess, P. M.
34. Blue, A. C., Jr.	149. Gibson, W. L.
35. Boeckman, F. P.	150. Givan, G. P.
36. Bohnert, R. B.	151. Goheen, D. W.
37. Bolger, Joseph	152. Gonzalez, Juan
38. Brannon, W. L.	153. Goodman, Fred
39. Bravenec, W. R.	154. Goodman, G. R.
40. Brennan, Henry	155. Goodrich, G. M.
41. Brennan, W.	156. Gorrell, C. J.
42. Brewer, A. C.	157. Gosnell, J. R.
43. Brim, E. V.	158. Green, D. G.
44. Brittain, L. W.	159. Green, L. D.
45. Brown, C. M.	160. Green, W. C., Jr.
46. Brown, O. R.	161. Gregory, L. E.
47. Brown, W. E.	162. Griffin, H. S.
48. Bruckner, A. L.	163. Griffith, O. J.
49. Bruno, A. J.	164. Griffiths, F. H.
50. Bullard, P. C.	165. Gronau, E. C.
51. Bunge, H. L.	166. Grubbs, A. T.
52. Burke, Carl	167. Grubbs, D. T.
53. Burke, G. C.	168. Grunwald, C. W.
54. Burkhardt, T. F.	169. Guarino, R. J.
55. Byassee, M. C.	170. Guenther, A. J. D.
56. Cardin, G. L.	171. Gullfoyle, Lucien
57. Casper, C. R.	172. Hadley, C. C.
58. Catron, L. H.	173. Haines, C. C.
59. Caudle, W. H.	174. Hamilton, R. L.
60. Chapelle, F. O.	175. Hamilton, W. H.
61. Chapman, Luther	176. Hansen, R. H.
62. Chesley, R. F.	177. Harmon, J. E.
63. Chesshire, D.	178. Harper, C. V.
64. Chiam, Willard	179. Harper, J. F.
65. Choate, J. W.	180. Hatcher, J. W., Jr.
66. Cipriano, M. E.	181. Hayden, C. W.
67. Clark, T. P.	182. Heath, F. G.
68. Clonts, J. E.	183. Heath, G. L.
69. Coan, H. S.	184. Hebrew, U. C.
70. Cobb, Harold	185. Henderson, A. O.
71. Coble, R. R.	186. Hendrix, C. W.
72. Cohen, B. E.	187. Henninger, H. B.
73. Coleman, E. C.	188. Herman, W. H.
74. Coleman, F. N.	189. Herring, K. T.
75. Coleman, L. F.	190. Heister, J. E.
76. Collins, H. C.	191. Hicks, M. I.
77. Collins, J. M.	192. Hiebert, L. P.
78. Combs, C. I.	193. Hill, G. S.
79. Combs, L. C.	194. Hillard, Olen
80. Conner, J. A.	195. Hilton, J. J.
81. Contant, E. A.	196. Hollis, S. E.
82. Cooley, P. A.	197. Holm, E. D.
83. Cooper, Odie	198. Holmes, E. H.
84. Courtenay, C. H. E.	199. Holman, W. H.
85. Cowman, W. P.	200. Honnold, D. C.
86. Cox, F. R.	201. Hood, Patrick
87. Cross, Victor	202. Hood, R. P.
88. Cummings, G. D.	203. Hooper, P. R.
89. Danenza, V. A.	204. Hoover, C. D.
90. Darche, L. J.	205. Horton, B. J.
91. Darling, M. Y.	206. Horton, J. J.
92. Darragh, J. C.	207. Horton, L. L.
93. Davidson, R. S.	208. House, C. O.
94. Davis, Damon	209. Howard, O. P.
95. Davis, George	210. Howard, S. P.
96. Davis, J. H.	211. Ivy, W. J.
97. Davis, L. E.	212. Jacobs, G. C.
98. Davis, Robert	213. Jameson, T. N., Jr.
99. Davis, R. B.	214. Jamieson, J. E.
100. Davis, S. H.	215. Jarboe, W. E.
101. Dawson, M. F.	216. Jenkins, Luther
102. Dean, T. W.	217. Jennings, H. C.
103. Dempewolf, E. H.	218. Johnson, D. M.
104. Dent, C. E.	219. Johnson, J. W.
105. Dewang, L. A.	220. Johnson, Melvin
106. Di Giacomo, J.	221. Johnson, Willie
107. Dobbs, T. F.	222. Jones, Joseph
108. Dombek, W. J.	223. Joyce, H. A.
109. Dorff, R. W.	224. Kapp, S. N.
110. Dowd, J. J.	225. Kardos, Albert
111. Du Charme, B. J.	226. Kasper, C. J.
112. Dudowicz, Frank	227. Keith, M. W.
113. Dunham, W. A.	228. Kelly, G. W.
114. Earle, W. W.	229. Kennedy, W. B.

230. Kiegler, D. F.	256. Lutcavage, Z. C.
231. Kilby, F. C.	257. Lutton, W. H.
232. King, M. J.	258. Lyons, J. H.
233. Kita, F. S.	259. Lyons, R. J.
234. Kilmeek, S. J.	260. McClain, L. F.
235. Kilne, R. T.	261. McKelvey, K. M.
236. Koproski, J. L.	262. McKelvey, H. E.
237. Krakauer, M. F.	263. McMillan, W. L.
238. Krofchik, Mike	264. McQuillen, A. K.
239. Krzyzosiak, S. J.	265. McVay, P. H.
240. Kuhn, Vincent	266. Mace, H. F.
241. Kuntz, Henry	267. Mackey, B. E.

Medical Dept. Non-Coms

(Continued from Preceding Page)

282. Mikos, J. W.	359. Shepler, L. B.
283. Miller, A. L.	360. Shirley, Cyrus
284. Miller, B. A.	361. Short, H. M.
285. Miller, Frederic	362. Sidebottom, L. L.
286. Miller, L. L.	363. Sigrist, H. E.
287. Miller, R. H.	364. Sinclair, Johnston
288. Minix, W. G.	365. Smalley, H. N.
289. Mitchell, Fred	366. Smith, C. L.
290. Mobley, C. V.	367. Smith, H. T.
291. Moore, J. F.	368. Smith, J. M.
292. Moore, Wesley	369. Smith, W. R.
293. Moose, H. E., jr.	370. Snyder, J. L.
294. Morris, J. D.	371. Souviney, G. H.
295. Morse, L. W.	372. Spearman, G. A.
296. Morton, F. E.	373. Spencer, V. H.
297. Mosley, Gaines	374. Spies, R. F.
298. Muhic, W. C.	375. Spitzer, N. W.
299. Munn, F. L. G.	376. Stallang, A. E.
300. Murphy, W. I.	377. Stafford, J. W.
301. Murray, J. I.	378. Staples, H. J.
302. Murray, R. T.	379. Steinnes, Lars
303. Mutter, Spencer	380. Strength, W. L.
304. Navarre, George	381. Sumner, E. F.
305. Nelson, W. A., jr.	382. Sumner, R. W.
306. Nicholson, F. L.	383. Swartz, D. F.
307. Nitz, W. C.	384. Synowski, A. W.
308. Noel, N. H.	385. Taylor, J. W.
309. Novakovic, A. L.	386. Teague, Lorenza
310. Nunn, R. C.	387. Terkowski, S. A.
311. O'Loane, W. J. K.	388. Thompson, H.
312. O'Neill, E. C.	389. Thompson, J. W.
313. Orr, A. M.	390. Thompson, R. E.
314. Paczka, F. J.	391. Thomas, Ike
315. Pannell, N. A.	392. Thomas, W. J.
316. Paperno, Samuel	393. Tinsley, J. W.
317. Pardue, W. C.	394. Toczydowski, J.
318. Parker, E. G.	395. Todd, S. W.
319. Paskler, Junius	396. Tofft, L. E.
320. Pearson, R. S.	397. Toma, R. W. C.
321. Peavy, M. H.	398. Trenholm, J. H.
322. Peterson, C. A.	399. Van Blaricon, H.
323. Phillips, C. D.	400. Van Marter, J. E.
324. Phillips, W. A.	401. Vassar, Charles
325. Pimentel, W. G.	402. Vincent, D. N.
326. Poe, J. E.	403. Vincent, V. V.
327. Poe, T. H.	404. Vines, T. D.
328. Polcanni, G. V.	405. Walker, H. A.
329. Preisig, H. A.	406. Wallace, J. A.
330. Price, E. C.	407. Walsh, E. J.
331. Pross, D. E.	408. Walsh, W. B.
332. Radde, F. T. K.	409. Waltermire, C. L.
333. Rasmussen, E. S. C.	410. Ward, Wilbur
334. Raszkowski, R. J.	411. Washington, S. G.
335. Reed, C. O.	412. Wans, J. R.
336. Reese, T. J.	413. Wexler, David
337. Reinhardt, C. W.	414. Whalen, E. E.
338. Resel, F. L.	415. Whitman, C. R.
339. Rhoades, D. H.	416. Wilhoit, Edward
340. Rich, A. G.	417. Wilkins, W. W.
341. Richton, R. H.	418. Williams, C. D.
342. Ritchie, W. M.	419. Willis, F. W.
343. Rivenbark, G. M.	420. Wills, G. F.
344. Roadarmel, H. D.	421. Wilson, S. C.
345. Robbins, E. B.	422. Winans, C. W.
346. Roberts, W. A.	423. Winn, R. J.
347. Robins, S. K.	424. Winslow, D. T.
348. Rogers, O. B.	425. Wisner, C. W.
349. Rosenberg, H.	426. Wisneski, M.
350. Sadler, H. W.	427. Wood, J. M.
351. Sansom, H. C.	428. Woodham, J. L.
352. Sarasin, Lionel	429. Yeckel, R. J.
353. Schmierer, T.	430. Yedlnak, G. D.
354. Scott, Gus C.	431. Yetter, O. L.
355. Scott, J. H.	432. Young, P. R.
356. Sell, W. H. N.	433. Zerkel, R. I.
357. Serpico, M. E.	434. Zeroll, W. D.
358. Sharpe, L. E., jr.	435. Zielazinski, H.
	436. Zukowski, Joseph

Staff Sergeant Tactical Group

1. Abrams, J. T.	40. Jackson, J. T.
2. Baird, B. D.	41. Johns, W. T.
3. Barnes, J. E.	42. Jones, E. A.
4. Bricken, W. M.	43. Kaplan, Clarence
5. Brockovich, M. C.	44. Kelly, E. F.
6. Brown, J. A.	45. Knorring, R. B.
7. Cadenhead, J. A.	46. Kohl, H. J.
8. Campbell, M. L.	47. Lapp, Ralph
9. Carlson, W. B.	48. Laughlin, P. F.
10. Chambers, T. F.	49. Lawton, M. L.
11. Chandler, C. B.	50. Lewis, J. T.
12. Colebank, W. F.	51. Lindley, R. M.
13. Cook, Frank	52. Lisoaki, E. J.
14. Cook, P. M.	53. Lombardo, J. E.
15. Cooper, C. C.	54. McCall, W. W.
16. Cuffney, W. P.	55. Markum, E. L.
17. Demsky, T. C.	56. Mauk, D. A.
18. Dotson, C. J.	57. Miller, C. H.
19. Elder, R. W.	58. Montgomery, R.
20. Erickson, H. V.	59. Overfield, E. H.
21. Evans, L. M.	60. Pack, M. O.
22. Evaneck, E. P.	61. Paine, E. V.
23. Finiff, J. W.	62. Parker, F. B.
24. Foster, H. A.	63. Pfeiffer, J. L.
25. Francisco, J. C.	64. Rizzo, A. A.
26. Freeman, E. C.	65. Robbins, Edward
27. Freudenorfer, Carl	66. Sale, J. L.
28. Garcia, E. L.	67. Schumacher, T.
29. Gonzales, Albert	68. Schwartz, R. H.
30. Green, P. P.	69. Shoenberger, F.
31. Hamilton, R. H.	70. Slay, Quinton
32. Haug, August	71. Snyder, D. E.
33. Hill, D. M.	72. Snyder, L. S.
34. Hill, L. E.	73. Steinhart, I.
35. Hill, R. E.	74. Stewart, C. J.
36. Hill, S. F.	75. Stewart, P. C.
37. Hoffer, W. L.	76. Sullivan, J. H.
38. Hoffman, C. R.	77. Taylor, V. B.
39. Houston, N. E.	78. Tessler, A. E.

79. Thomas, W. J.	83. Williams, C. A.
80. Walker, Grady	84. Wolfersberger, J.
81. Weston, W. H.	85. Zaby, Louis
82. Wier, R. W.	86. Zanis, P. P.

Extend Army Service

With the original legislation submitted to Congress now shoved aside, the Senate Military Affairs Committee on 28 July reported a measure, S. J. Res. 95, designed to

(1) Declare the national interest "impaired," but not to declare an emergency;

(2) Extend periods of service of selectees, members and units of Reserve components of Army of United States, including National Guard, retired personnel of Regular Army, enlisted men of the Army, unless Congress terminates this power by joint resolution;

(3) Release selectees 28 years of age or older, and any person who in the opinion of the Secretary of War "would suffer undue hardship" if retained on active duty;

(4) Permit retired personnel to be ordered to active duty and used as the President sees fit;

(5) Extend reemployment benefits of Selective Training and Service Act to cover all persons retained in service more than one year;

(6) Abolish limitation on number of selectees, now fixed at 900,000, but stating that Congress should be informed monthly of the number in training;

(7) Permit enlistments in Army of U. S. without regard to component;

(8) Amend the draft act as follows: "Section 16(h) on the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 is hereby amended by inserting after '15 May 1945,' the following: 'or six months after the termination of the authority conferred by Section 2 of the Service Extension Act of 1941, whichever is the later.'"

(9) Designate the legislation as the "Service Extension Act of 1941."

At the same time, the House Military Affairs Committee voted 15 to 7 to report a resolution identical with that reported by the Senate committee, except for an addition which would permit the President to order National guardsmen and Reservists to serve more than one 12-month period.

This addition will be sought for the Senate bill. It was proposed by Senator Thomas, of Utah, on the floor of the Senate when discussion on S. J. Res. 95 began on 30 July. Senator Thomas offered the amendment as a new Section 9, renumbering Section 9 as Section 10.

Most of that day was devoted by Senator Thomas to an explanation of the measure and to answering of questions propounded by other senators. Senator Thomas, ranking Democrat on the Military Affairs Committee, is managing the debate, in place of Chairman Reynolds, of N. C.

A bitter fight centered about Section 8, which was quoted verbatim above. Attacks were leveled against the resolution itself because it failed to indicate any limit on the length of time selectees would be retained. Senator Thomas pointed out that General Marshall had stated that it would be War Department policy to release selectees as soon as possible after completion of a year's service, without unduly disrupting training and administration, and pointed also to the fact that the Selective Service act expires 15 May 1945.

Other Senators charged, however, that section 8 of the new resolution has the effect of extending the draft act beyond 1945.

To be discussed in connection with the resolution is an amendment by Senator Downey, of Calif., providing a bonus for personnel retained over 12 months, and amendments by Senator Taft, of Ohio, limiting some provisions of the resolution.

Changes in Bur. Nav. Manual

The Navy Department has issued a Bureau of Navigation manual circular, No. 2-41, listing several changes in part H, Bureau of Navigation Manual. The most important changes noted in the manual follow:

Medical Specialists Units shall be composed of Naval Reserve medical officers, qualified as specialists, who, in time of war or national emergency, may be assigned to hospital ships, station ships, base and naval hospitals, as staff thereof, or to augment the

regular Navy Medical Corps staff.

Each Medical Specialists Unit shall be composed of eight (8) medical officers and one (1) dental officer of the Volunteer Reserve (Special Service). Units assigned neuro-surgical duties shall include two (2) or three (3) additional medical officers, qualified in this specialty. In addition, when these units are called into active service, six (6) nurses of the Naval Reserve Nurse Corps shall be assigned to each unit when their services are required. Two (2) additional nurses shall be assigned if the unit is assigned neuro-surgical duties. Officers for these units shall be appointed as provided in Section 3, Chapter 2 hereof and nurses in accordance with the provisions of Section 4, Chapter 11 hereof.

Medical Specialists Units shall be composed of one (1) each of the following specialists, one of whom will be assigned as "Organizer": Surgeon, ophthalmologist, otolaryngologist, urologist, psychiatrist, internist, roentgenologist, clinical pathologist, orthopedist, dentist.

The establishment and disbandment of units shall be governed by the provisions of Article H-1407(2).

The officer personnel of Medical Specialists Units will be assigned by the district commandant or by the Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, from Naval Reserve officers within the mobilization and procurement quotas allocated by the Bureau of Navigation. After due allowance is made for the complete formation of Medical Specialists Units assigned to each district, "Alternates" for the various specialists in each unit may be assigned, but will be made a charge against the quota of the district in which the unit is located, and not to the activity controlling the mobilization assignment of the unit, provided the district quota of these officers is not exceeded.

U. S. Forces in the Far East

The President on 28 July sent to the Senate the nomination of General Douglas MacArthur as Lieutenant General of the United States Army. The Senate immediately confirmed it.

General MacArthur previously had been designated as head of the Far East Command, with headquarters at Manila, Philippine Islands.

General MacArthur is a former Chief of Staff of the United States Army and has been serving as Military Adviser to the President of the Philippine Commonwealth since 1935. He retired from active duty in the American Army in 1937 but continued as Military Adviser to President Quezon.

In creating the new command President Roosevelt designated it as the "United States Army Forces in the Far East." He ordered the military forces of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, some 75,000 men, into the services of the United States.

The new command includes the Philippine Department, the forces of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, and other forces which may be assigned to it. Headquarters will be established in Manila.

The President's military order follows:

"Under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the United States, by section 2 (a) (12) of the Philippine Independence Act of 24 March 1934, and by the corresponding provision of the Ordinance appended to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, and as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, I hereby call and order into the service of the armed forces of the United States for the period of the existing emergency, and place under the command of a General Officer, United States Officer, to be designated by the Secretary of War from time to time, all of the organized military forces of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines: Provided, that all naval components thereof shall be placed under the command of the Commandant of the Sixteenth Naval District, United States Navy.

"This order shall take effect with relation to all units and personnel of the organized military forces of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, from and after the dates and hours, respectively, indicated in orders to be issued from time to time by the General Officer, United States Army, designated by the Secretary of War."

General MacArthur, who is the son of the late Lieutenant General Arthur MacArthur, was born in Little Rock, Arkansas, and was graduated from the United States Military Academy at the head of his class in 1903. During his early service he served in the Philippines and in Japan. Later he was on duty in Washington and accompanied the American Expedition to Vera Cruz, Mexico.

During the World War General MacArthur served as Chief of Staff of the Rainbow Division in France, later becoming brigade and division commander. He

participated in the St. Mihiel, the Meuse-Argonne and the Sedan offensives, later serving with the Army of Occupation in Germany. For extraordinary heroism in action on several different occasions, during which he was wounded, he was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross with Oak Leaf Cluster, the Silver Star with six Oak Leaf Clusters, the Purple Heart with Oak Leaf Cluster, the Grand Cross of the French Legion of Honor, the French Croix de Guerre with Palm and Gilt Star, the Belgian Order of the Crown, the Italian Croce di Guerra, the Italian Order of the Crown, the Mexican Order of Military Merit, the Yugoslavian Grand Cordon of the White Eagle, the Polish Grand Cordon of Polonia Restituta, the Czechoslovakian Grand Cordon of the White Eagle and the Grand Cross, and numerous other foreign decorations. He was also awarded the Distinguished Service Medal for his service as Chief of Staff of the 42nd Division, to which was added subsequently an Oak Leaf Cluster for his service as Chief of Staff of the United States Army.

Subsequent to the World War General MacArthur served as Superintendent of the United States Military Academy, and as Commanding General of the Philippine Department, the Third Corps Area, the Fourth Corps Area, and the Ninth Corps Area. From 1930 to 1935 he was Chief of Staff of the United States Army. He retired at his own request on 31 Dec. 1937, while serving as Military Adviser to the President of the Philippine Commonwealth.

Coast Artillery School

The following enlisted men were graduated from the Coast Artillery School, Ft. Monroe, Va., 30 July 1941. At exercises held in the Post theatre, certificates of graduation were presented by Brig. Gen. Frank S. Clark, USA.

Each of the men whose name heads the various groups is the ranking student in his particular group.

Fire Control—National Guard

Palmer, H. C.	Lord, D. B.
Selke, M. W.	Janda, J. W.
Nielsen, C. L.	Hooker, T. F.
Prest, G. G.	Elledge, J. A.
Garvin, D. F.	Blancani, W. H.

Harbor Defense—Regular Army

Rauch, F. L.	Yencho, J. K.
Davenport, J. E.	DeCarlo, S. W.
Lytle, R. R.	Ratner, Louis

Harbor Defense—National Guard

Williams, G. E.	McBournie, H. T., jr.
Gill, Leslie S.	Glennon, T. F.

Searchlight—Regular Army

Newsom, F. F.	Spinney, D. H.
Fried, G. M.	Galluppi, A. V.

Searchlight—National Guard

Hay, M. G.	Santeramo, Michael
Fisher, F. G.	Darling, J. E.
Burnham, J. W.	Anderson, H. R.
Zellers, T. G.	Odum, W. C.
Acres, Bud	Nuhol, J. H.
Drew, D. B.	Armstrong, R. S.

Master Gunner—Regular Army

Collings, J. S.	Reilly, F. W.
Conley, E. C.	Ford, W. W.
Klaffke, W. L.	Verga, S. J.
Bryan, W. W.	Piccirilli, A. A.
Hall, A. W.	Ralston, C. D.

Truckmasters and Mechanics—National Guard

Gloia, Serafino	Ralsack, Anthony
Roshetloff, Igor	Bishop, Zeno
Woody, G. A., jr.	Byrnes, J. J.

Truckmasters and Mechanics—Regular Army

Austin, F. R.	Hershberger, P. G.
Maddox, P. T.	Bulluck, J. W.
Snuggs, W. E.	Greer, T. W.
DeDitch, Peter	Benjamin, J. M.
Hill, R. B.	Viars, R. H.
Brokenbark, J. R.	Divers, J. W.
Hibbs, D. G.	

9th Division One Year Old

The Ninth Division, of Ft. Bragg, N. C., celebrated its first anniversary yesterday 1 August, and at the same time bade farewell to its former commanding officer, Maj. Gen. Jacob L. Devers, who has been assigned to command the Armored Force.

The occasion, which included a full day of celebration, was attended by the governor of North Carolina and other celebrities. Highlights of the celebration were a division review and General Devers' farewell address.